

HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO PLUS Radios

HTP-900RE HTP-900SEO HTP-900RE-SR004 HTP-900SEO-SR004 Covering Software v3.13

User Manual and Reference Guide



Part Number: LUM0045AA Revision: Dec-2016

Safety Information

The products described in this manual can fail in a variety of modes due to misuse, age, or malfunction. Systems with these products must be designed to prevent personal injury and property damage during product operation and in the event of product failure.



Warning! Do not remove or insert the Ethernet or diagnostics cable while circuit is live unless the area is known to be free of ignition concentrations of flammable gasses or vapors.

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FreeWave Technologies, Inc. warrants the FreeWave® PLUS Radio (Product) against defects in materials and manufacturing for a period of two years from the date of shipment, depending on model number. In the event of a Product failure due to materials or workmanship, FreeWave will, at its discretion, repair or replace the Product. For evaluation of Warranty coverage, return the Product to FreeWave upon receiving a Return Material Authorization (RMA).

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- 2. If the Product is used outside of FreeWave specifications as stated in the Product's data sheet.
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FCC Notifications

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: 1) This device may not cause harmful interference and 2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

The content of this guide covers FreeWave Technologies, Inc. models sold under FCC ID: KNY-820181531119.

All models sold under the FCC ID(s) listed above must be installed professionally and are only approved for use when installed in devices produced by FreeWave Technologies or third party OEMs with the express written approval of FreeWave Technologies, Inc. Changes or modifications should not be made to the device.

FCC NEMA Installation and Label

Where applicable, the models described in this guide must be installed in a NEMA enclosure. When any FreeWave Technologies, Inc. module is placed inside an enclosure, a label must be placed on the outside of the enclosure. The label must include the text "Contains Transmitter Module with FCC ID: KNY-820181531119."

FCC Notification of Power Warning

The HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO covered in this document have a maximum transmitted output power of 850mW.

The antennas used MUST have a separation distance of at least 23 cm from all persons and MUST NOT be colocated or operate in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

IC Notifications

This device complies with Industry Canada license-exempt RSS standard(s). Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

Ce dispositif est conforme aux normes permis-exemptes du Canada RSS d'industrie. L'opération est sujette aux deux conditions suivantes : (1) ce dispositif peut ne pas causer l'interférence, et (2) ce dispositif doit accepter n'importe quelle interférence, y compris l'interférence qui peut causer le fonctionnement peu désiré du dispositif.

UL Notifications / Warnings - Class1 Div2

ImportantI: The HTP-900SEO and HTP-900SEO-SR004 are NOT UL certified.

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The HTP-900RE and HTP-900RE-SR004 radios are suitable for use in Class I, Division 2, Groups A, B, C, and D or non-hazardous locations only.

Important!: Do NOT connect any connectors while the circuit is live unless the area is known to be non-hazardous.

UL Power Source

Important!: Input power MUST be derived from a single Class 2 power source.

Note: Input voltage for the listed models is +6.0 to +30.0 VDC.



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Preface

This document includes this information about the FreeWave HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO Radios:

- An introduction to the radio, its ports and LEDs, and how to determine the mode to run it in.
- Basic programming information including the interfaces used to program the radio, determining a radio's IP address, setting permissions to access the radio setup information, and how to perform software upgrades.
- Descriptions of each parameter available when defining IP information, serial port setup, general radio setup, SNMP information, and security.
- Descriptions of each statistic that is available about the radio's state and performance.
- Examples of how FreeWave radios can exist in a network with other radios.
- Pinouts, specifications, and other mechanical information.
- Information about additional tools when working with the HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO Radios.

Additional Information

For more information about creating Ethernet networks, see:

- Application Note #5461: Using an HTPlus Backbone to Reduce Polling Times for Serial Network
- Application Note #5470: Using Roaming Endpoints in a Multiple HTPlus Point-to-MultiPoint Link Backbone
- Application Note #5495: Not All Wireless Ethernet/IP Applications are Created Equal
- Application Note #5500: Design Considerations for Plus IP/Ethernet Radios

For information about installing PLUS Radios, see:

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- 900 MHz Wireless Ethernet Modem/Terminal Server (model HTP-900RE, HTP-900RE-SR004) Installation Guide
- Enterprise Gateway Installation Guide

Contact FreeWave Technical Support

For up-to-date troubleshooting information, check the **Support** page at <u>www.freewave.com</u>. FreeWave provides technical support Monday through Friday, 8:00 AM to 5:00 PM Mountain Time (GMT -7).

- Call toll-free at 1.866.923.6168.
- In Colorado, call 303.381.9200.
- Contact us through e-mail at moreinfo@freewave.com.

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Document Styles

This document uses these styles:

- FreeWave applications appear as: FreeWave.
- Parameter setting text appears as: [Page=radioSettings]
- File names appear as: configuration.cfg.
- File paths appear as: C:\Program Files (x86)\FreeWave Technologies.
- User-entered text appears as: xxxxxxxxx.

Caution: Indicates a situation that may cause damage to personnel, the radio, data, or network.

Example: Provides example information of the related text.

FreeWave Recommends: Identifies FreeWave recommendation information.

Important!: Provides semi-cautionary information relevant to the text or procedure.

Note: Emphasis of specific information relevant to the text or procedure.

Provides time saving or informative suggestions about using the product.

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Warning! Indicates a situation that **will** cause damage to personnel, the radio, data, or network.

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Parameter Preference

The Parameter Preference tables describe the available parameters / controls using the:

- Configuration Windows (on page 145).
- Terminal Interface.

The Parameter Preference tables have this layout:

<parameter name=""></parameter>	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	The name of the field as it appears in the Configuration Windows.
Terminal Menu:	The menu path and field name to access the parameter using the terminal menus available through the serial port.
Network Type:	Point-to-Point, Point-to-MultiPoint, or Both
Default Setting:	The factory default setting for the parameter.
Options:	The options the parameter can be set to.
Description:	A description of what the parameter is and how it applies to the radio in the network.

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1. Introduction

Thank you for purchasing the FreeWave Technologies, Inc. HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO device.

The HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO offers industrial serial and Ethernet wireless connectivity using the license-free 900MHz spectrum for data communication over long distances.



Figure 1: HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO Product Image

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Figure 2: HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO Board

The FGRplus and the HTplus Radios do not link with each other, nor do they pass data to each other via RF. An FGRplus Radio can only interface with an HTplus Radio through a hard-wired Ethernet or serial connection. For a serial-to-serial connection between an FGRplus and an HTplus, or between any PLUS and a serial FreeWave Radio, you must use a Null Modem adapter and an M-to-M Gender Changer. For an Ethernet-to-Ethernet connection, you may use a straight-through Ethernet cable, as the ports on the PLUS Radios are auto-crossover ports.

Note: The HTplus-SEO is for OEM integration only.

1.1. Components of the HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO PLUS Radio

The HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO PLUS Radios have these components:



HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO PLUS Radio

See:

- Back of the HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO PLUS Radios (on page 17)
- Front of the HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO PLUS Radios (on page 17)

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1.1.1. Back of the HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO PLUS Radios

Back of the HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO PLUS Radios	
Label #	Description
1 and 2	Two COM ports
3	One Ethernet port
4	Antenna port
5	 This is a diagnostic port. Note: As of Dec-2016, the diagnostic port is active under certain configurations: The diagnostic port does NOT function using MultiPoint Gateways and Point to Point Repeaters. The diagnostic port does function using MultiPoint Repeaters and Endpoints. The diagnostic port functions with restrictions using Point to Point Gateways and Point to Point to Point Endpoints. Note: For more information about the setup tools available, see Configuration Tool Options on page 27.
6	Power port

1.1.2. Front of the HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO PLUS Radios

The front side of the radio includes LEDs to determine when data is being received or sent from the radio and information about the radio's state.

Front of the HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO PLUS Radios	
Label #	Description
7	Ethernet LEDs. The left LED is the Link LED; the Right LED is the Activity LED.
	Note : For more information about the Ethernet LEDs and the conditions they indicate, see Ethernet Port LED Conditions on page 19.
8	Error
9	Carrier Detect
10	Transmit
11	Clear to Send

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1.1.3. Authentication LEDs

Authentication LEDs	
Condition	ERR LED Pattern
Endpoint has not linked with Gateway	Solid red bright
Endpoint cannot contact RADIUS server	Solid red bright
Endpoint was denied authentication from the RADIUS server	Alternating red and green 💻 / 💻
Endpoint AES encryption key does not match Gateway encryption key	Alternating red and green 💻 / 🖿

1.1.4. Boot-Up LED Sequence

The LEDs on the HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO PLUS Radio follows this sequence when the radio powers up:

- 1. C1 lights solid green •.
- 2. C2 lights solid green •, C1 remains lit.
- 3. E2 lights solid green •, C1 and C2 remain lit.
- 4. C1 turns off.
- 5. C2 turns off.
- 6. E2 turns off.

1.1.5. COM Port LED Conditions

COM Port LED Conditions		
Condition	Communications Port 1 (C1) or 2 (C2)	
Data streaming into RX	Solid red bright =	
Data streaming out TX	Solid red bright =	

1.1.6. Error LED Conditions

Error LED Conditions		
Condition	Error Light (ERR)	
Buffer overflow locally	Solid red bright	
Buffer overflow in network	Solid green 💻	

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1.1.7. Ethernet Port LED Conditions

Ethernet Port LED Conditions			
Status	Left LED (Link)	Right LED (Activity)	
Linked, data activity	100 Base T = Solid green bright 💻	Solid green bright 💻	
	10 Base T = Solid orange bright 💻		
Linked, data activity	100 Base T = Solid green bright 💻	Blinking green 🖯	
	10 Base T = Solid orange bright 💻		
Linked, no data activity	100 Base T = Solid green bright 💻	Off	
	10 Base T = Solid orange bright 💻		
Not linked.	Off ■	Off	
Verify cable is in good condition and plugged in.			

1.2. Choose a Radio Location

Placement of the FreeWave radio may have a significant impact on its performance. The key to the overall robustness of the radio link is the height of the antenna.

When using an external antenna, placement of that antenna is critical to a solid data link. Other antennas in close proximity are a potential source of interference.

Use the **Radio Statistics** on the Status window (on page 167) to help identify potential problems. In general, FreeWave units with a higher antenna placement will have a better communication link.

In practice, the radio should be placed away from computers, telephones, answering machines, and other similar devices. The cable included with the radio provides ample distance for placement away from other equipment.

Note: FreeWave offers directional and Omni-directional antennas with cable lengths ranging from 3 to 200 feet.



An adjustment as little as 2 feet in antenna placement may resolve noise issues. In extreme cases, (e.g., Cellular Telephone tower interference) the band pass filters that FreeWave offers may reduce this out-of-band noise.

1.3. Choose Point-to-Point (PTP) or Point-to-MultiPoint (PTMP) Operation

PTP Network

• A PTP network functions best when the network consists of one Gateway and one Endpoint radio.

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• A maximum of four Repeaters can be added to extend the reach of the network.

Important!: Adding a Repeater to a network cuts the network throughput by 50%.

In a Point-to-Point network, the Gateway determines all settings in an Endpoint or Repeater, except for the **Transmit Power** and **Retry Timeout**. All other settings in a Point-to-Point network are determined by the Gateway's settings.

PTMP Network

In a PTMP network, the Gateway radio is able to simultaneously communicate with numerous Endpoint radios.

- In its simplest form, a PTMP network functions with the Gateway broadcasting its messages to all Endpoint radios.
- If requested by the Gateway, the Endpoint radios respond to the Gateway when given data by the device connected to the data port.
 - This response depends on the setup.
- The network can be extended with as many Repeaters as is required.

Important!: Adding a Repeater to a network cuts the network throughput by 50%.

1.3.1. Differences between PTP and PTMP Networks

PTP Network

In a PTP network all packets are acknowledged, whether sent from the Gateway to the Endpoint or from the Endpoint to the Gateway.

PTMP Network

In a PTMP network, the user determines the number of times outbound packets from the Gateway or Repeater to the Endpoint or other Repeaters are sent.

- The receiving radio, Endpoint or Repeater, accepts the first packet received that passes the 32 bit CRC.
 - However, the packet is not acknowledged.
- On the return to the Gateway, all packets sent are acknowledged or retransmitted until they are acknowledged.
 - Therefore, the return link in a PTMP network is generally very robust.

Traditionally, a PTMP network is used in applications where data is collected from many instruments and reported back to one central site. The architecture of such a network is different from PTP applications. These parameters influence the number of radios that can exist in a PTMP network:

- **Baud Rate**. The data rate between the radio and the device it is connected to could limit the amount of data and the number of radios that can exist in a network.
- **Contention**: The amount of contention between Endpoint radios. Polled Endpoint radios versus vs. timed Endpoint radios.

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- Data Block Size. The longer the data blocks, the fewer number of deployed Endpoint radios can exist in the network.
- **Repeater Use**. Using the **Repeater** setting in a PTP or PTMP network decreases the overall network capacity by at least 50%.

Example: If the network polls once a day to retrieve sparse data, several hundred Endpoint radios could be configured to a single Gateway.

However, if each Endpoint transmits larger amounts of data or data more frequently, fewer Endpoint radios can link to the Gateway while receiving the same network performance. When larger amounts of data are sent more frequently, the overall network bandwidth is closer to capacity with fewer Endpoint radios.

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1.4. Point-to-Point (PTP) Operation LEDs

	Gateway			Endpoint			Repeater		
Condition	Carrier Detect (CD)	Transmit (Tx)	Clear to Send (CTS)	Carrier Detect (CD)	Transmit (Tx)	Clear to Send (CTS)	Carrier Detect (CD)	Transmit (Tx)	Clear to Send (CTS)
Powered, no link	Solid red bright <mark>=</mark>	Solid red bright 🛑	Solid red bright <mark>=</mark>	Solid red bright 💻	Off 🗖	Blinking red 😑	Solid red bright [—]	Off	Blinking red⊖
Linked, no Repeater, sending sparse data	Solid green 🗖	Intermittent flash red 🍋	Intermittent flash red 👀	Solid green 🗖	Intermittent flash red	Intermittent flash red 👀	n/a	n/a	n/a
Gateway calling Endpoint through Repeater	Solid red bright 💻	Solid red dim 💻	Solid red bright [—]	Solid red bright 💻	Off •	Blinking red [⊖]	Solid red bright <mark>=</mark>	Off	Blinking red⊖
Gateway linked to Repeater, not to Endpoint	Flashing orange <mark>Θ</mark>	Solid red dim 💻	Solid red bright <mark>=</mark>	Solid red bright 💻	Off •	Blinking red ⁽	Solid Red bright <mark>=</mark>	Solid red dim 💻	Solid red bright <mark>=</mark>
Repeater linked to Endpoint	Solid green 🗖	Intermittent flash red ^{:o:}	Intermittent flash red 👀	Solid green 🗖	Intermittent flash red	Intermittent flash red 👀	Solid green 🗖	Intermittent flash red	Intermittent flash red ^{:0:}
Mode 6 - waiting for ATD command	Solid red bright 💻	Off	Blinking red⊖	Solid red bright 💻	Off •	Blinking red 😑	n/a	n/a	n/a
Setup Mode	Solid green 🗖	Solid green 🗖	Solid green 🗖	Solid green 🗖	Solid green 🗖	Solid green 🗖	Solid green 🗖	Solid green 🗖	Solid green 🗖

1.5. Point-to-MultiPoint (PTMP) Operation LEDs

	Gateway		Endpoint		Repeater				
Condition	Carrier Detect (CD)	Transmit (Tx)	Clear to Send (CTS)	Carrier Detect (CD)	Transmit (Tx)	Clear to Send (CTS)	Carrier Detect (CD)	Transmit (Tx)	Clear to Send (CTS)
Powered, not linked	Solid red bright 💻	Solid red dim 💻	Off 🗖	Solid red bright 💻	Off •	Blinking red 😑	Solid red bright 💻	Off 🗖	Blinking red 😑
Repeater and Endpoint linked to Gateway, no data	Solid red bright 💻	Solid red dim 💻	Off 🗖	Solid green 🗖	Off •	Solid red bright 💻	Solid green 🗖	Solid red dim 💻	Solid red bright 💻
Repeater and Endpoint linked to Gateway, Gateway sending data to Endpoint	Solid red bright 💻	Solid red dim 💻	Off •	Solid green 🗖	Off •	Solid red bright 🛑	Solid green 🗖	Solid red dim 💻	Solid red bright 💻
Repeater and Endpoint linked to Gateway, Endpoint sending data to Gateway	Solid green RCV data or Solid red bright	Solid red dim 💻	Intermittent flash red 🍋	Solid green 🗖	Intermittent flash red	Solid red bright 💻	Solid green 🗖	Solid red bright 💻	Solid red bright 💻
Gateway with diagnostics program running	Solid red bright 💻	Solid red dim ⁼	Intermittent flash red 🔯	Solid green 🗖	Intermittent flash red	Solid red bright 💻	Solid green 🗖	Solid red bright 💻	Solid red bright 💻

* in an idle condition, the CTS LED is solid red = with a solid link, as the link weakens the CTS LED on the Repeater and Endpoint begins to blink Θ

2. Set Up and Program Radios

This section provides details about setup, programming, and defining who has access to the HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO PLUS Radios using the available setup tools. This information is included:

- Basic Steps to Programming the HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO PLUS Radios (on page 25)
- Powering the HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO PLUS Radio (on page 26)
- Identify and Change the HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO PLUS Radio's IP Address (on page 26)
- Configuration Tool Options (on page 27)
- Accessing the Configuration Windows (on page 29)
- Navigating the Configuration Windows (on page 31)
- Providing Site Information (on page 33)
- Use the MultiPoint Gateway to Change All Connected Radios (on page 34)
- Creating User Logins (on page 36)
- Upgrading the HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO PLUS Radio Software Using a TFTP Server (on page 41)
- Resetting Radios to the Factory Default Settings (on page 49)

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2.1. Basic Steps to Programming the HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO PLUS Radios

This basic procedure programs any FreeWave PLUS Radio.

1. Determine or set the radio's IP address.

Note: The PLUS radio can be programmed using the terminal menu available through the radio's serial port without having to know the radio's IP address.

2. Be familiar with the network and know if it is a Point-to-Point (PTP) or Point-to-MultiPoint (PTMP) configuration.

Note: Most FreeWave networks are PTMP.

- 3. Open the radio's Configuration Windows.
- 4. Set the radio's operation mode (e.g., Gateway, Repeater, or Endpoint).
- 5. Set the radio's network type (PTP or PTMP).
- 6. Program the radio, verifying all devices in a PTMP network have the same settings for these parameters:
 - Frequency Key
 - Max Packet Size
 - Min Packet Size
 - Network ID
 - RF Data Rate
- 7. Setup the Call Book if the radio is in a network NOT using **Network IDs**. See the Call Book window (on page 151).

FreeWave Recommends: While the Call Book is an option in Point-to-MultiPoint networks, FreeWave strongly recommends using the **Network ID** feature in most applications. If a large MultiPoint network is implemented using the Call Book and a radio needs to be added or replaced in the network, each radio MUST be physically reprogrammed in the network and the new serial number entered in the radio's Call Book.

This can be a time consuming process and can cause a delay in getting the network back up and running.

Note: If using a Network ID, see the Network ID and Subnet ID parameters described in the Radio Settings (on page 79).

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2.1.1. PTMP Network Considerations

Planning is important when installing PTMP networks. A PTMP network requires that several parameters are set consistently on ALL radios in the network. This includes:

- Frequency Key.
- Min and Max Packet Size.
- Network ID.
- RF Data Rate.

Important!: If several independent, PTMP networks are located in close proximity, it is very important to include as much frequency and time diversity as possible using different **Frequency Key** and **Min and Max Packet Sizes**.

2.2. Powering the HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO PLUS Radio

Connect the HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO PLUS Radio to a positive DC power supply with +6.0 to +30.0 VDC (typically, +12 VDC).

The power supply used MUST provide **more** current than the amount of current drain listed on the HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO Specifications (on page 188) for the voltage used.

Example: When using +12 VDC, the power supply must provide current capability greater than the drain that is required for transmit or greater than 550 mA.

Note: For any application where the radio is used in a UL-controlled environment, the power supply MUST be a Class 2 power source. Using a dedicated power supply line is preferred.



Warning! If the power supply is above approximately +18 to +20 VDC, use a 1 ohm resistor in line with B+ input to the radio.



Warning! If the power supply line runs outside the enclosure, use electrostatic discharge (ESD) protectors to protect the radio from electric shock and transient voltage suppressors (TVS) to protect from an over-voltage situation. Using both helps to ensure long-term, reliable operation.

2.3. Identify and Change the HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO PLUS Radio's IP Address

Note: In software versions 2.26 and later, the HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO PLUS radio can be programmed through the radio's COM1 port without having to know the radio's IP address.



It is good practice to identify the IP addresses of all the devices in the network and verify each is unique.

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- The HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO PLUS Radio's default IP address is 192.168.111.100.
- The default user name is admin.
- The default password is admin.



Caution: Each radio in the network MUST have its own unique IP address. Putting multiple devices with the same IP address on the same network can cause network problems.

2.4. Configuration Tool Options

After the Ethernet address is identified and changed on the HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO PLUS radio, use the Configuration Windows setup tools to configure the radio.

A Web browser must be installed on the computer to access the Configuration Windows.

Note: See Accessing the Configuration Windows on page 29.

Example: To setup a serial port, access all the parameters for the first serial port in the **Serial Setup 1** window.

Window	Used To
Status window	View all device status information.
	Note: See Viewing Radio Status and Statistics on page 124.
IP Setup window	Use to identify and configure the IP address, Subnet Mask, and Default Gateway.
	Important!: Consult with the Network Administrator before changing these settings.
	Note: See IP and Network Communication Settings on page 50.
Serial Setup window (Serial Setup 2)	Use to identify and configure the port numbers and data settings for each serial port.
	Important!: These settings MUST match the device to which each port is connected.
	Note: See Serial Port Settings on page 62.

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Window	Used To
Radio Setup window	 Use to identify and configure the radio's: Operation Mode. Transmission Characteristics. MultiPoint Parameters. Call Book.
	Note: See Radio Settings on page 79.
Security window	 Use to identify and configure the: RADIUS server authentication. MAC filtering. AES Encryption information.
	Note: See Security Settings on page 99.
SNMP window	 Use to identify and configure the SNMP management features of the radio. The radio supports SNMP versions 1, 2, and 3. All of the SNMP-manageable objects for FreeWave's radios are contained in a single MIB file. See Object List for FREEWAVE-TECHNOLOGIES-MIB on page 191.
	See SNMP Settings on page 112.
Diagnostics window	Use to view this information: Signal level Noise level Signal-to-noise delta Receive rate for each frequency available to the radio. Note: See Viewing Radio Status and Statistics on page 124.
Users window	 Use to add or change logins for the radio. A maximum of nine (9) custom users can be created for each radio. The admin user is the permanent 10th user. Note: See Creating User Logins on page 36.
Tools window	Use to edit the site information and upgrade the radio's Software. Note : In a MultiPoint Gateway, use to enable the Global Change functionality.

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2.5. Accessing the Configuration Windows

Each HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO PLUS Radio includes Configuration Windows to identify, change, and program its settings.

Note: See Configuration Windows for detailed information.

- A Web browser must be installed on the computer to access the Configuration Windows.
- The router / switch and/or the computer accessing the radio must be on the same subnet.

If the Subnet Mask for the network is 255.255.255.0, the first three octets, or sections, of the IP address on the radio and the IP address on the computer MUST match. The last octet is unique.

Example: If the subnet mask is 255.255.255.0 and the radio's IP address is 198.168.111.100, then the computer must have an IP address that begins with 198.168.111. The last section of the IP address is unique to identify the device.

Administrator Login and Password

- The default User Name for the administrator login is admin.
- The default **Password** is admin.

Note: The administrator login has full permission to change all settings on the radio, including upgrading software.

Guest Login and Password

- The default User Name for the guest login is guest.
- The default **Password** is guest.
- The guest login can view the settings but CANNOT:
 - save any changes.
 - view the Security window (on page 156).
 - view the Tools window (on page 170).
 - reboot the radio.

Note: The

button is not available to **Guest** users.

Procedure

- 1. Connect the HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO radio's Ethernet port to either a computer or a router / switch.
- 2. Apply power to the radio.
- 3. Open a web browser.
- 4. Enter the IP address of the radio into the address bar.

Note: The default IP address is 192.168.111.100.

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Example: Enter **192.168.111.100** in the address bar of the web browser to access a radio with that IP address.

- 5. Refresh the browser window. The **Authentication Required** dialog box opens.
- 6. Enter the User Name and Password to access the radio.

192 168 111 100	V X Q Search	☆ 自	1 *	• •
<u>) • 131100111100</u>	- Search		÷ 11	
Authentication	Required	×		
0	Enter username and password for http://192.168.111.100			
User Name:	admin			
Password:	•••••			
	OK Cancel			

Figure 3: Authentication Required dialog box

7. Click OK.

The Status window opens.

FREEWAVE	192.168.111.100 *	HT+ MAC=00:07:E7:87:31:EB * Serial#=8860139 'admin' From 192.168.111.200		
ID Solup		Hardware Information		
Seriel Setup 1	Firmware Version	3.01.15 Dec 2 2014		
Serial Setup 1	Wireless Version	+7.71i		
Dedia Calup 2	Software Boot Version	3		
Socurity	Hardware Version	1		
SNIMD	Country Code	FFFF		
Diagnostics	Uptime	0 days 0 hours 20 minutes 22 seconds		
Lieore		RF Stats		
Tools	Last Connected To	0		
10015	Noise	-99		
Reboot	Voltage	11.94v		
Hoboot	Reflected Power	1		
	Disconnect Count	0 (0)		
	Temperature	~30°C ~ 86°F		
	Packet Stats			
	Received	0 packets - 0 Bytes		
	Packets Sent	214 packets - 30488 Bytes		
	Packets Dropped	0		
	Bad Packets	0		
	Un-Ackd Packets	0 (0.00%)		
	Broadcast Packets	214 (100.00%)		
	Radio Addressed Packets	0 (0.00%)		
	Peer To Peer Packets	0 (0.00%)		
	Radio Parse Error	0		
	RX Throughput	0.00 kbps - 0.00 avg/min		
	TX Throughput	0.00 kbps - 0.27 avg/min		
	RX RF Usage	0.00%		
	TX RF Usage	0.00%		
		Reset		
		Site Information		
	Site Name			
	Site Contact			
	System Name			
	Notes			
	Auto Refresh Page 🗏			
	©2006-	2014 FreeWave Technologies, Inc.		

Figure 4: HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO Status window

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2.6. Navigating the Configuration Windows

2.6.1. Menu bar

The Configuration Windows group the parameters into the **Menu** bar on the left side of all windows.



Figure 5: Menu bar

2.6.2. Save and Apply

Save/Apply button before navigating When making changes to the radio settings, click the away from a window or rebooting the radio to save the changes. Save/Apply Important!: No changes take effect until you click Tools Reboot • When the changes have been successfully saved and applied, the Change Succeeded message appears Change Succeeded Reboot under the button. Figure 6: Change Succeeded message

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Figure 7: Changed Baud Rate before Save/Apply is clicked.

- Any change made in the Configuration Windows that is not yet saved is highlighted in yellow.
- This highlight indicates that you need to click
 Save/Apply
 before navigating away from the
 page, or the changes will be lost.
- Some setting changes (e.g., changes to the IP Setup) require a reboot to complete the changes.
- When such a change is made, the Change

Succeeded message below the Reboot button changes to include a link labeled Reboot Required.

2.6.3. Reboot



Figure 8: Reboot Required message



Note: A **Reboot Required** link appears at the top of every page until the radio is rebooted.

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2.7. Providing Site Information

For each radio in the network, information to help identify that HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO PLUS radio (i.e., name and contact information) can be provided. The site information appears on the Status window on page 167.

Procedure

- 1. Follow the procedure for Accessing the Configuration Windows (on page 29). The Status window opens.
- 2. On the **Menu** bar, click **Tools**. The **Tools** window opens.

FREE WAVE	HT+ 192.168.111.100 * MAC=00:07:E7:87:31:EB * Serial#=8860139 'admin' From 192.168.111.200			
IP Setup	Change Site Information			
Serial Setup 1	Site Name			
Serial Setup 2	Site Contact			
Radio Setup	System Name			
Security	Notes			
SNMP		Change Site Information		
Diagnostics				
Users	Global Change Capability			
Tools	ENABLE Global Change Functionality			
Reboot		TFTP Firmware Upgrade		
	Cons	ult Errata Before Downgrading		
	Address of TFTP Server	192.168.111.200		
	File Name			
		Upgrade Firmware		
	Global Firmware Upgrade			
©2006-2014 FreeWave Technologies, Inc.				

Figure 9: HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO Tools window

Important!: On the HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO radios, the **Modem Mode** list box on the Radio Setup window on page 149 must be set to Gateway for the

ENABLE Global Change Functionality button to be visible.

3. In the Change Site Information area:

ImportantI: Free form text fields CANNOT use any of these characters: %, &, +, =, < or >.

- a. In the **Site Name** text box, enter a maximum of 25 characters to help identify the radio.
- b. In the **Site Contact** text box, enter a maximum of 25 characters about who to contact about the site's status.
- c. In the **System Name** text box, enter a maximum of 32 characters to identify the system the radio operates in.
- d. In the **Notes** text box, enter a maximum of 50 characters to describe the radio or the site.
- 4. Click Change Site Information to save the changes.

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2.8. Use the MultiPoint Gateway to Change All Connected Radios

Important!: The **Global Change** function can ONLY be enabled or disabled using the Configuration Windows.

Often, the settings on radios in the network should be the same as the settings in the MultiPoint Gateway. Instead of changing each radio individually, use the **Global Change** function to push the **IP Setup**, **Radio Setup**, **Security**, **SNMP**, and **User** settings to all connected radios in the network.

Important!: The **Global Change** can only be successfully performed if the Endpoint or Repeater radio is linked wirelessly to the Gateway.

- 1. Follow the procedure for Accessing the Configuration Windows (on page 29). The Status window opens.
- 2. On the **Menu** bar, click **Tools**. The **Tools** window opens.



Figure 10: HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO Tools window

Important!: On the HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO radios, the **Modem Mode** list box on the Radio Setup window on page 149 must be set to Gateway for the

ENABLE Global Change Functionality button to be visible.

3. Click ENABLE Global Change Functionality

The button changes to DISABLE Global Change Functionality

Note: Click that button to turn off global changing.

When ena	bled, the All	Changes to	All Radios	message appears.
----------	---------------	------------	-------------------	------------------

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WARNING!!! Changes Will Be Applied To all RF Connected Radios From Their Point-Of-View!

Figure 11: All Changes to All Radios message

- On the Gateway, the **Push Globally** button replaces the **Save/Apply** button on the windows that allow global changes.
- Click **Push Globally** to send any changes made to the parameters on that window are sent to all the connected radios.
- Every connected radio that receives the changes reboots after the changes are applied.
- The Configuration Windows on the remote radios are not accessible until the reboot completes.

Note: The settings on the MultiPoint Gateway are NOT changed during a global change.

When the Global Change functionality is enabled, these changes occur in these windows:

Global Functionality Changes		
Window	Description	
IP Setup window	The IP Address text box is hidden.	
	It cannot be part of a global change.	
Radio Setup window	 The Network Type and Moder Mode list boxes are hidden. They do NOT change as part of a global change. 	
	Important!: Changes made to the settings on the Radio Setup window can cause the radios to lose communication with the Gateway and/or MultiPoint Repeaters. Use caution when making global changes.	
Security window	• All settings on the Security window can be part of a global change.	
	Caution: When changing the AES Encryption Key globally, make the first change on the MultiPoint Gateway. After the Gateway has been changed, push the new key to the other radios in the network. If this is not done in this order, changing the encryption key can cause radios to lose connectivity with the Gateway for an extended period of time.	
SNMP window	• All settings on the SNMP window can be part of a global change.	
Users window	• The Edit Group Level Rights area and the User Accounts Level can be adjusted using global changes.	
	Important!: User accounts and User passwords CANNOT be created or deleted using global changes.	

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2.9. Creating User Logins

To limit who can access the HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO PLUS Radios in the network and edit configuration settings, a maximum of nine (9) custom users with login access can be created.

Note: The permanent admin login is the 10th login.

Procedure

- 1. Defining User Groups on page 36.
- 2. Editing User Group Rights on page 37.
- 3. Add and Delete Users on page 38.
- 4. Changing User Passwords on page 40.

2.9.1. Defining User Groups

User groups set the access rights for the Configuration Windows for a radio. Users are assigned to one of three Groups and inherit the access rights that are set for that Group.

There are three pre-defined Groups (Groups 1, 2, and 3).

Note: Additional Groups cannot be added.

In each group, assign one access level to each page or tab:

- No Access Users cannot see the settings in the tab or page.
 - Any attempt to navigate to the tab or page shows an Access Denied message.
- **Read Only** Users can see the settings in the tab or page, but cannot save or apply any changes.
- Full Access Users are able to see the settings in the tab or page and can save and apply changes.

When a user is created it is assigned to a group. The group number corresponds to the user group and the user inherits the permissions assigned to that group.

Example: If Group 1 has **Read Only** access to the IP Setup parameters and **No Access** to the **Security** parameters, any user assigned to Group 1 can view IP Setup parameters but not make changes, and receives an Access Denied message if they try to access the Security window on page 156.

Note: The group assigned to the admin user cannot be changed. The admin user always has **Full Access** to all pages.

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2.9.2. Editing User Group Rights

- 1. Follow the procedure for Accessing the Configuration Windows (on page 29). The Status window opens.
- 2. On the **Menu** bar, click **Users**.

The Users window opens.

FREEWAVE	192.168.111.100 *	H' MAC=00:07: 'admin' From 1	Γ+ E7:87:31:EB [*] 92.168.111.200	* Serial#=8860139
Status				
IP Setup		User Ac	counts	
Serial Setup 1		Level		
Serial Setup 2	admin 😂	0		
Radio Setup	guest 🌚 🗙	3 -		
Security		Add User		
SNMP	Edit Group Level Rights			
Diagnostics	Level	1	2	3
Users	IP Setup	Read Only 🔹	Read Only 🔹	Read Only 🔹
Tools	Serial Setup	Read Only 🔹	Read Only 🔹	Read Only 🔹
	Radio Setup	Read Only 🔹	Read Only 🔹	Read Only 🔹
Reboot	Security	No Access 🔹	No Access 🔹	No Access 🔹
	SNMP	Read Only 🔹	Read Only ·	Read Only 🝷
	RMS	Read Only 🔻	Read Only -	Read Only 🔻
	Tools	No Access 🔹	No Access -	No Access 👻
		Save	(Apply	
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Figure 12: HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO Users windows

- 3. In the **Edit Group Level Rights** area, click the list box arrow for each group and select the access rights for each window.
- 4. Click Save/Apply to save the changes and apply them to the radio.

2.9.3. Add and Delete Users

A maximum of nine (9) custom users with login access can be created to limit who can access the HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO PLUS Radios in the network and edit configuration settings.

Important!: Users can only be created and edited using the Configuration Windows.

Note: The permanent admin login is the 10th login.

Adding a User

- 1. Follow the procedure for Accessing the Configuration Windows (on page 29). The Status window opens.
- 2. On the **Menu** bar, click **Users**. The Users window opens.



Figure 13: HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO Users windows

3. In the **User Accounts** area, click the **Add User** link or click the green plus button. The Add User window opens.

FREEWAVE	192.168.111.100 *	MAC=00:07 'admin' From	7:E7:87:3 192.168.11
Status			
IP Setup	User Name:		×
Serial Setup 1	User Level: 1 🗸		
Serial Setup 2	Password:		
Radio Setup	Confirm Password:		
Security	Add User	•	
SNMP		Edit Groun	Level Righ
Diagnostics	Level	1	2
Users	IP Setup	Read Only 🔻	Read Or



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4. In the User Name text box, enter a name that identifies the user.

Example: Enter **guest** or a user's first initial and last name.

5. Click the **User Level** list box arrow and select 1, 2, or 3 to assign the user to a group.

Note: See Defining User Groups (on page 36) for more information.

- 6. In the **Password** and **Confirm Password** text boxes, enter the user password to enter when accessing restricted windows.
- 7. Click Add User to close the Add User window and immediately create the new user.

Deleting a User

- 1. Follow the procedure for Accessing the Configuration Windows (on page 29). The Status window opens.
- 2. On the **Menu** bar, click Users. The Users window opens.
- 3. In the **User Accounts** area, click the red **X** button next to the user to delete.



Caution: There is no confirmation message to delete the User. The selected User is deleted immediately.

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2.9.4. Changing User Passwords

Important!: User Passwords can ONLY be changed in the Configuration Windows.

When a user is created, they are assigned a password. This password can be changed at any time.

- 1. Follow the procedure for Accessing the Configuration Windows (on page 29). The Status window opens.
- 2. On the **Menu** bar, click **Users**. The Users window opens.

FREE WAVE	192.168.111.100 * :	H' MAC=00:07: 'admin' From 1	T+ E7:87:31:EB 92.168.111.200	* Serial#=8860139
IP Setup		User Ac	counts	
Serial Setup 1		Level		
Serial Setup 2	admin 휳	0		
Radio Setup	guest 🎯 🗙	3 -		
Security		Add User		
SNMP		Edit Group L	evel Rights	
Diagnostics	Level	1	2	3
Users	IP Setup	Read Only 🔹	Read Only 🔹	Read Only 🔻
Tools	Serial Setup	Read Only -	Read Only 👻	Read Only 👻
	Radio Setup	Read Only 🔹	Read Only 🔹	Read Only 💌
Reboot	Security	No Access 🔹	No Access 🔹	No Access 👻
	SNMP	Read Only 🔹	Read Only 🔹	Read Only 💌
	RMS	Read Only 🔹	Read Only 🔻	Read Only 👻
	Tools	No Access 🔹	No Access 🔹	No Access 👻
		Save	/Apply	
	©2006-	2014 FreeWa	ve Technologi	es, Inc.

Figure 15: HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO Users windows

2. Click the key button next to the user to change the password. The Change Password window opens.

FREEWAVE	192.168.111.100 * MAC=00:07:E7:87:31:EB * Ser 'admin' From 192.168.111.99
Status	
IP Setup	Confirm Password:
Serial Setup 1	Confirm Password:
Serial Setup 2	Change Password
Radio Setup	guest 🦉 🔨 3 🔻
Security	Add User

Figure 16: Change Password window

- 3. In the first Confirm Password text box, enter the new password.
- 4. Re-type the password in the second Confirm Password text box.
- 5. Click Change Password

The Change Password window closes and the new password is saved.

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2.10. Upgrading the HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO PLUS Radio Software Using a TFTP Server

The PLUS Radios share a common software upgrade platform and process using the FreeWave TFTP Server and a FreeWave-supplied software upgrade file. This section details the step-by-step process of upgrading software either locally (directly connected to the radio via an Ethernet cable) or over-the-air (OTA).

Upgrading software:

- does NOT change any radio settings.
- locally is much faster than if done OTA.

Caution: Only attempt an OTA software upgrade if the link is stable and of good quality. If the link is unstable or poor, the software upgrade is likely to fail.

Assumption

These instructions assume the IP address is known for the radio to upgrade and the radio's Configuration Windows are accessible. If needed, contact FreeWave Technical Support for assistance.

Note: See Contact FreeWave Technical Support on page 13 for contact information.

Complete these steps to upgrade a HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO PLUS radio:

- 1. Confirm access with a TFTP server with the Network Administrator.
- 2. Configuring the TFTP Server on page 42.
- 3. Upgrading Software Using the Configuration Windows on page 43.
- 4. Verifying Software Upgrades on page 48.

2.10.1. Downgrading Software

Warning! Downgrading a HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO PLUS Radio from the current software version to a previous software version may result in the radio settings becoming invalid.

FreeWave Recommends: FreeWave recommends resetting any downgraded radio to the factory defaults using the steps provided in Resetting Radios to the Factory Default Settings on page 49 BEFORE attempting to use or configure the radio.

If downgrading the software version, contact FreeWave Technical Support for information. See Contact FreeWave Technical Support on page 13.



Warning! HTP-900RE and HTP-900RE-SR004 radios produced with software version 2.21 **cannot** be downgraded to a lower software version, or the radio portion of the radio will cease to function.

If this happens, upgrade the HTP-900RE or HTP-900RE-SR004 to software version 2.21 or higher before installing the radio in the network.

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2.10.2. Configuring the TFTP Server

Before Upgrading Software Using the TFTP Server

Important!: Before upgrading a HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO PLUS Radio's software, download the specific software file and install the FreeWave TFTP Server from <u>www.freewave.com</u>. Contact FreeWave Technical Support for assistance.

See Contact FreeWave Technical Support (on page 13) for contact information.

FreeWave Recommends: Create a folder on the computer desktop called Root and save the software file in that folder.

The FreeWave TFTP Server enables the transfer of the software file from the computer to the radio. After the FreeWave TFTP Server program is downloaded, run the installer to access the executable program, fwTFTP.exe.

When installation is completed, the TFTP Server can be configured.

Procedure

 On the Windows® Start menu, click All Programs > FreeWave Technologies >fwTFTP > fwTFTP.exe.

Note: If the TFTP server is installed in another location, follow that directory path and open the **fwTFTP.exe** file.

- 2. When the application appears, click **Configure**. The **Server Configuration** dialog box opens.
- 3. In the **Root Folder** field, click in next to the text box.

🕮 FreeWave TFTP Server			
Start server Stop server Clear lo	g Configure		
Client IP Action		Progress	KBytes/sec
Server Configuration			
Root folder: Log file:	,Desktop\Root		OK Cancel
Won Dec 13 10:25:24 2010		TFTP server stopped	

Figure 17: Server Configuration dialog box

The Browse for Folder dialog box opens.

4. Search for and locate the folder the software upgrade file was saved in.

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- 5. Click **OK** and verify that the folder is listed in the **Root Folder** text box.
- 6. Click **OK** to return to the main **TFTP Server** window.



Note: If the button and text are gray, the server is started.

8. Minimize (**do not close**) the FreeWave **TFTP Server** window and continue with Upgrading Software Using the Configuration Windows on page 43.

2.10.3. Upgrading Software Using the Configuration Windows

After the FreeWave **TFTP Server** is configured, complete the software upgrade using the radio's Configuration Windows.

Important!: This procedure requires Windows® Explorer file extension to be visible. See the Microsoft® topic Show or Hide File Name Extensions to view the extensions.

Procedure

- 1. Follow the procedure for Accessing the Configuration Windows (on page 29). The Status window opens.
- 2. On the **Menu** bar, click **Tools**. The **Tools** window opens.



Figure 18: HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO Tools window

3. In the **TFTP Software Upgrade** area of the window, in the **Address of TFTP Server** text box, enter the IP address of the computer the TFTP Server is installed on.

Important!: Do NOT enter the radio's IP address.

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4. In the **File Name** text box, enter the exact name of the software upgrade file saved in the **Root** directory on the computer in Configuring the TFTP Server on page 42.



Figure 19: Downloading the upgrade

The upgrade message identifies the FLASH device when it is programming.



Figure 20: Programming FLASH Device

The **Reboot** message appears.

6. Click Reboot to manually reboot the HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO PLUS Radios.

Important!: Wait for the reboot to complete.

Reboot

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Figure 21: Reboot message

After the radio has the software upgrade and is rebooted to its previously programmed state, verify the software upgrade was successful.

Refresh the radio's browser window.
 If applicable, re-enter the IP address of the radio into the address bar.
 The Authentication Required dialog box opens.



If there are problems viewing the Web pages, it may be necessary to clear the Web browser cache and cookies.

This process varies depending on the Web browser.

Note: By default, this window should load when logged in.

🗲 💿 192.168.111.100				☆自	+	♠ 🐠▼
	Authentication	Required	×	1		
	2	Enter username and password for				
		nttp://192.168.111.100				
	User Name:	admin				
	Password:	•••••				
		OK Cancel				



- 8. Enter the User Name and Password.
- 9. Click OK.

The Status window opens.

The **Firmware Version** text box in the **Hardware Information** area of the window shows the current software version installed.

Verify this matches the upgrade software version.

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FREEWAVE	192.168.111.100 * MAC=00:07:E7:87:31:EB * Serial#=8860139 'admin' From 192.168.111.200		
IP Setup	Hardware Information		
Serial Setup 1	Firmware Version	3.01.15 Dec 2 2014	
Serial Setup 2	Wireless Version	+7.71i	
Radio Setup	Software Boot Version	3	
Security	Hardware Version	1	
SNMP	Country Code	FFFF	
Diagnostics	Uptime	0 days 0 hours 2 minutes 9 seconds	
Users		RF Stats	
Tools	Last Connected To	0	
	Noise	-100	

Figure 23: HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO Status window with software upgrade

Verify the Radio Connection

- 10. Open a CLI window.
- 11. Type **Ping** and the **IP address** of the radio.
- 12. Press < Enter>.

When successful, the radio ping responds similar to:



Figure 24: Ping CLI window

2.10.4. Upgrade HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO PLUS Software Globally

Upgrade the software to all connected HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO PLUS Radios of the same type using the **GLOBAL Software Upgrade** option. The Gateway sends a copy of the software update in 1 KB sections to all connected Endpoints and MultiPoint Repeaters.

- Each radio must successfully receive every section, or it will not upgrade its software.
- Increasing the **Broadcast Repeat** setting increases the probability of success, but slows down the overall process.
- The Gateway itself is NOT upgraded during a Global Upgrade.

Note: If the **GLOBAL Software Upgrade** button is selected on an Endpoint or a MultiPoint Repeater, that individual radio is NOT upgraded. It sends the upgrade file to its Gateway, which will be upgraded.

No other radios will receive the file.

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Important!: This procedure requires Windows® Explorer file extension to be visible. See the Microsoft® topic Show or Hide File Name Extensions to view the extensions.

Procedure

- 1. Follow the procedure for Accessing the Configuration Windows (on page 29). The Status window opens.
- 2. On the **Menu** bar, click **Tools**.

The Tools window opens.



Figure 25: HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO Tools window

3. In the **TFTP Software Upgrade** area of the window, in the **Address of TFTP Server** text box, enter the IP address of the computer the TFTP Server is installed on.

Important!: Do not enter the radio's IP address.

4. In the **File Name** text box, enter the exact name of the software upgrade file saved in the **Root** directory on the computer in Configuring the TFTP Server (on page 42).

Example: http3_01

5. Click Global Firmware Upgrade

- Radios that successfully receive the software upgrade load the file to memory, and then reboot.
- The reboot times are randomized within a short window, to keep every radio from restarting at the same time.

Note: If a remote radio's configuration page is accessed while it is rebooting, an error appears.

6. See Verifying Software Upgrades (on page 48).

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2.10.5. Verifying Software Upgrades

After the radio has taken a software upgrade and rebooted to its previously programmed state, verify the software upgrade was successful.

1. Refresh the radio's browser window or opening a new session.



If there are problems viewing the Web pages, it may be necessary to clear the Web browser cache and cookies.

This process varies depending on the Web browser.

2. On the **Menu** bar, click **Status**. The **Status** window opens.

FREEWAVE	192.168.111.100 *	MAC=00:07:E7:87:31:EB * Serial#=8860139 'admin' From 192.168.111.200	
Status	Theodourse Telesconding		
IP Setup		Hardware information	
Serial Setup 1	Firmware Version	3.01.15 Dec 2 2014	
Serial Setup 2	Wireless Version	+7.71i	
Radio Setup	Software Boot Version	3	
Security	Hardware Version	1	
SNMP	Country Code	FFFF	
Diagnostics	Uptime	0 days 0 hours 2 minutes 9 seconds	
Users	RF Stats		
Tools	Last Connected To	0	
	Noise	-100	

Figure 26: HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO Status window with software upgrade

The **Firmware Version** text box in the **Hardware Information** area of the window shows the current software version installed.

Verify this matches the upgrade software version.

Note: By default, this window should load when logged in.

2.10.6. Common Software Upgrade Issues and Solutions

"File Not Found" in either the Configuration Windows or the FreeWave TFTP Server

- Verify the file name of the software upgrade file is **exactly** as the file is named.
 - If still unsuccessful, check the extension of the file.

Note: If the computer does not show file name extensions, see the **Microsoft®** topic <u>Show or Hide</u> <u>File Name Extensions</u> to view the extensions.

Software Upgrade Times Out

- Verify:
 - the connection is to the proper IP address.
 - the radio is powered on.
- If you are able to access the Configuration Windows, but the software upgrade times out, verify the FreeWave TFTP Server is configured properly and is started.

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Software Upgrading is Taking a Long Time to Complete

- If the software upgrade is being done over-the-air, it can take a significant amount of time to complete the file transfer.
 - This time can be extended if the quality of the link is poor.

FreeWave Recommends: Only attempt an over-the-air software upgrade with links that are stable and of high quality.

2.11. Resetting Radios to the Factory Default Settings

Note: For a list of factory defaults, see HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEOPLUS Radio Factory Default Settings (on page 183).

1. Access the terminal menu.

Note: For more information, see Identify and Change the HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO PLUS Radio's IP Address (on page 26).

- 2. With the terminal session open, connect power to the radio.
- 3. Type Y to access the IP setup of the radio.

After entering a Y, the radio's serial number, software and wireless versions, and login prompt appear.

C C	OM13:	19200ba	ud - Tera	Term VT	
File	Edit	Setup	Control	Window	Help
For	Conf	ig, pr	ess 'Y'	within	2 secs:
Seri Firm Wire Logi	ial N ware less in:	umber: Versi Versi	887221 ion: 3.0 ion: +7.	19 01.15 .71i	

Figure 27: Example: Tera Term VT window

4. Enter **default** at the prompt and press <Enter>. The radio reboots, and all of the radio settings are reset to the factory defaults.

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3. IP and Network Communication Settings

The parameters on the **IP Setup** tab or the **IP Setup window** are typically changed by a Network Administrator. These are the parameters that set the Ethernet address and other communications for the radio.

Note: Use the IP Address (on page 52) to change the IP and network communication settings using the Terminal Menu.

In the IP Setup window, these are the available parameters:

- LAN Network Interface Configuration (Management) The local area network (LAN) settings.
- VLAN Configuration (Data) The virtual local area network (VLAN) settings.
 - A VLAN is a group of devices with a common set of requirements that communicate as if they were attached to the same domain, regardless of their network location.

Note: Not every network needs or uses VLAN IDs. The **VLAN Mode** setting is typically set to **Disabled**. Changes to VLAN settings should be approved by a network administrator.

- NTP Client The Network Time Protocol (NTP) settings.
 - The device with the IP address entered here is the device that the radios in the network use to synchronize their internal clocks.
- Syslog Server The system logging settings.
 - Enabling and setting IP addresses in the system server settings instructs the radio to send all its log entries to a system server.

Note: For more information, see Viewing the System Log (on page 100).

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3.1. IP Setup Parameter Reference

This section contains the IP setup parameters.

Note: See the Parameter Preference (on page 14) for the parameter table descriptions of the parameters and controls.

3.1.1. Default Gateway

Default Gateway	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	Default Gateway text box in the LAN Network Interface Configuration (Management) area of the IP Setup window (on page 147).
Terminal Menu:	(1) IP Setup > (2) Default Gateway
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	192.168.111.1
Options:	Any valid IP address.
Description:	The IP address for the appropriate default Gateway.
	A network administrator typically sets this parameter.
	Note : Putting multiple devices on the network with the same IP address can cause network problems.

3.1.2. IP Address

Important!: If using the configuration Web pages, the system does not validate that the entered IP address is in the correct 0.0.0.0 format.

Verify the entered IP address before sending the setting to the radio.

IP Address	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	IP Address text box in the LAN Network Interface Configuration (Management) area of the IP Setup window (on page 147).
Terminal Menu:	(1) IP Setup > (0) IP Address
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	192.168.111.100
Options:	Any valid IP address.
Description:	This is the IP address assigned to the radio.
	 Each radio in the network is assigned a unique IP address.
	 The IP address for each radio must in the proper subnet.
	Note: It is possible to have a transparent bridge with an IP address of 255.255.255.255, but serial port functionality, the Security features, and access to the configuration Web pages is lost. Caution: Putting multiple devices with the same IP address on the same network can cause network problems.
	 When the VLAN Mode (on page 59) parameter is set to Tagged or Untagged, this IP information is assigned to the Management portion of the radio (Setup pages, SNMP, and Discovery Server).
	 Any communication with the radio's Web pages, SNMP, or changes made using the Discovery Server need to be:
	 addressed to this IP address and
	 tagged with the address in the Management VLAN ID (on page 59) parameter.
	Note: This parameter is hidden in the Configuration Windows when Global Changes are enabled.
	Gateway to Change All Connected Radios (on page 34).

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3.1.3. MTU

FreeWave Recommends: Leave this setting at its default of 1500 bytes unless networks are run back-to-back using VLAN tagging (802.1Q trunking, specifically).

MTU	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	MTU text box in the LAN Network Interface Configuration (Management) area of the IP Setup window (on page 147)
Terminal Menu:	(1) IP Setup > (5) MTU
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	1500 bytes
Options:	0 to 1500 bytes
Description:	The Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) is the largest data unit that the radio can pass via the Ethernet port.
	 For TCP, the MTU is the size at which the radio fragments the request into multiple TCP packets which must be assembled on the remote side for receipt.
	TCP guarantees complete in-order delivery of traffic where possible.
	• The radio attempts to retry sending the packet, with a timeout for each try.
	 The radio tries to send portions of the packet or the whole packet if the packet's size is within the MTU size for each packet sent.
	 If pings go through the network but data traffic does not reliably go through, verify this setting is one to three times the size of what the Maximum Packet Size parameter setting is for the radio.
	FreeWave Recommends : With VLANs and some other specific configurations, TCP/IP traffic can periodically time out over links unless the MTU parameter is adjusted to be lower than the 1500 byte default value, with the networks also adjusted accordingly. FreeWave recommends starting with 1400 bytes in this scenario.
	Important!: If the MTU setting is changed, the setting must be changed to match on all devices within the network.
	Caution: Changing this parameter may lead to network instability. Contact FreeWave Technical Support for guidance about changing this parameter from the default 1500 bytes . See Contact FreeWave Technical Support on page 13.

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NTP Client Enable	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	Enable check box in the NTP Client area of the IP Setup window (on page 147).
Terminal Menu:	(1) IP Setup > (D) NTP Client
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	Disabled
Options:	Disabled, Enabled
Description:	Enables the Network Time Protocol (NTP) client on the radio.
	• The radio checks with the NTP Server specified in the NTP IP Address (on page 54) parameter and sets its internal clock to the time and date specified by the NTP server.
	The radio checks with the NTP server on its initial startup, and then periodically checks the server to ensure its internal clock is still in sync.
	FreeWave Recommends : Test the connectivity to the NTP server and its response to NTP requests. If the radio is unsuccessful connecting to the NTP server upon booting, it makes a new request to the server before every log file entry, which can cause unnecessary network traffic.

3.1.4. NTP Client Enable

3.1.5. NTP IP Address

NTP IP Address	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	IP Address text box in the NTP Client area of the IP Setup window (on page 147).
Terminal Menu:	(1) IP Setup > (E) NTP IP Address
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	0.0.0.0
Options:	Any valid IP address.
Description:	This is the IP address of the NTP server. Note: If the NTP Client parameter is enabled, the radio checks with this IP address upon startup to set its internal clock.

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3.1.6. Push to (Syslog) Server

FreeWave Recommends: This setting is best setup using the Configuration Windows (on page 145).

Push to (Syslog) Server	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	Push to Server check box in the Syslog Server area of the IP Setup window (on page 147).
Terminal Menu:	(1) IP Setup > (F) Syslog Server
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	Disabled
Options:	Disabled
	Enabled
Description:	Enabling this option instructs the radio to send its log entries to the system logging server identified in the Syslog Server 1 (on page 56) and Syslog Server 2 (on page 57) text boxes.

3.1.7. Spanning Tree

Spanning Tree	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	Spanning Tree Enable check box in the LAN Network Interface Configuration (Management) area of the IP Setup window (on page 147).
Terminal Menu:	(1) IP Setup > (4) Spanning Tree
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	Disabled
Options:	Disabled
	Enabled
Description:	Enabling this parameter causes a Gateway to use the Spanning Tree Protocol (IEEE 802.1D).
	 This protocol eliminates the possibility of the radios creating a network loop, which can cause network-wide problems.
	 Spanning Tree Protocol uses radio bandwidth, as any Spanning Tree radios are constantly communicating their network location.
	Note : Some network devices (e.g., switches and routers), disable a connection to a device that uses the Spanning Tree Protocol. Prior to enabling this setting, verify that all network devices work with the Spanning Tree Protocol.
	FreeWave Recommends : Leave Spanning Tree disabled, unless the Spanning Tree Protocol is required.

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3.1.8. Subnet Mask

Subnet Mask	Subnet Mask	
Setting	Description	
Web Parameter:	Subnet Mask text box in the LAN Network Interface Configuration (Management) area of the IP Setup window (on page 147).	
Terminal Menu:	(1) IP Setup > (1) Subnet Mask	
Network Type:	Both	
Default Setting:	255.255.255.0	
Options:	Any valid net mask address in the network.	
Description:	Used to route data in a sub-network.	
	 Devices in the same sub network must have addresses in the same subnet to successfully communicate. A Network Administrator typically sets this parameter. 	
	Note : If the default Subnet setting of 255.255.255.0 is used, all devices within the network MUST have addresses where the first three sections of the address match, but the last section is unique.	
	Example : Addresses 10.0.1.201 and 10.0.1.202 are in the same subnet, but 10.0.2.201 is not included in the subnet. If the subnet mask is set to 255.255.0.0, then only the first two sections must be unique.	

3.1.9. Syslog Server 1

Syslog Server 1	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	Syslog Server 1 text box in the Syslog Server area of the IP Setup window on page 147.
Terminal Menu:	(1) IP Setup > (G) Syslog Server 1 IP
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	0.0.0.0
Options:	Any valid IP address.
Description:	This is the primary IP address of the system log server.
	 If system logging is enabled, the radio sends all log entries to the IP address entered in this text box.
	 The radio sends logs to both server entries, Syslog Server 1 and Syslog Server 2, concurrently.

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3.1.10. Syslog Server 2

Syslog Server 2	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	Syslog Sever 2 text box in the Syslog Server area of the IP Setup window on page 147.
Terminal Menu:	(1) IP Setup > (H) Syslog Server 2 IP
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	0.0.0.0
Options:	Any valid IP address.
Description:	This is the IP address of a second system log server.
	 If system logging is enabled, the radio sends all log entries to the IP address entered in this text box.
	 The radio sends logs to both server entries, Syslog Server 1 and Syslog Server 2, concurrently.
	Important!: If a second server does not exist, enter 0.0.0.0.

3.1.11. Data VLAN ID

STOP

Warning! If this parameter needs to be set, contact FreeWave Technical Support for guidance. Incorrect settings can cause devices in the network to lose communication. See Contact FreeWave Technical Support (on page 13).

Data VLAN ID	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	Data VLAN ID text box in the VLAN Configuration (Data) area of the IP Setup window (on page 147).
Terminal Menu:	(1) IP Setup > (B) Data VLAN ID
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	0
Options:	Any valid VLAN ID between 1 and 4095.
Description:	Data using this VLAN ID is allowed to:
	 come into or be sent out of the radio's local Ethernet port.
	 access the serial ports via the terminal server.

3.1.12. VLAN Default Gateway



STOP

Warning! If this parameter needs to be set, contact FreeWave Technical Support for guidance. Incorrect settings can cause devices in the network to lose communication. See Contact FreeWave Technical Support (on page 13).

VLAN Default Gateway	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	Default Gateway text box in the VLAN Configuration (Data) area of the IP Setup window (on page 147).
Terminal Menu:	(1) IP Setup > (9) Data Default Gateway
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	192.168.111.1
Options:	Any valid IP address.
Description:	The IP address for the appropriate default Gateway for the Data VLAN IP address.
	A network administrator typically sets this parameter.

3.1.13. VLAN IP Address

Warning! If this parameter needs to be set, contact FreeWave Technical Support for guidance. Incorrect settings can cause devices in the network to lose communication. See Contact FreeWave Technical Support (on page 13).

VLAN IP Address	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	IP Address text box in the VLAN Configuration (Data) area of the IP Setup window (on page 147).
Terminal Menu:	(1) IP Setup > (7) Data IP Address
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	192.168.111.100
Options:	Any valid IP Address.
Description:	When the VLAN Mode is set to Tagged or Untagged , the IP address entered in this text box is assigned to the Data portion of the radio (Ethernet port traffic and terminal server communication).
	Any data destined for one of the radio's serial ports or its Ethernet port needs to be addressed to this IP address and tagged with the Data VLAN ID .

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3.1.14. Management VLAN ID



Warning! If this parameter needs to be set, contact FreeWave Technical Support for guidance. Incorrect settings can cause devices in the network to lose communication. See Contact FreeWave Technical Support (on page 13).

Management VLAN ID	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	Management VLAN ID text box in the VLAN Configuration (Data) area of the IP Setup window (on page 147).
Terminal Menu:	(1) IP Setup > (A) Management VLAN ID
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	0
Options:	Any valid VLAN ID between 1 and 4095.
Description:	Computers and devices using the VLAN ID entered here are able to:
	access the radio's Setup pages,
	receive SNMP information,
	send SNMP commands, and
	 view the radio in the FreeWave Discovery Server.

3.1.15. VLAN Mode

Warning! Not every network needs or uses VLAN IDs.

The **Mode** parameter is typically set to **Disabled**.

STOP The Network Administrator should approve any changes.

Configuring the VLAN information incorrectly can cause loss of communication between devices in the network.

VLAN Mode	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	Mode list box in the VLAN Configuration (Data) area of the IP Setup window (on page 147).
Terminal Menu:	(1) IP Setup > (6) VLAN
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	Disabled

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VLAN Mode	
Setting	Description
Options:	Select the applicable option:
	Disabled - VLAN is not used.
	 Tagged - If the data coming into the radio's local Ethernet port is tagged with a VLAN ID.
	 The radio bridges the data, leaving the VLAN ID as-is.
	 Untagged - If the data coming into the radio's local Ethernet port is NOT tagged with a VLAN ID.
	 The radio accepts the data, tags it with the VLAN ID entered in the Data VLAN ID text box, and sends it across the radio link.
	Note : Data arriving at this radio and being sent out of the local Ethernet port has any VLAN tag removed before being sent out of the port.
Description:	Determines whether VLAN is active and in which mode it is used.

3.1.16. VLAN Subnet Mask



Warning! If this parameter needs to be set, contact FreeWave Technical Support for guidance. Incorrect settings can cause devices in the network to lose communication. See Contact FreeWave Technical Support (on page 13).

VLAN Subnet Mask		
Setting	Description	
Web Parameter:	Subnet Mask text box in the VLAN Configuration (Data) area of the IP Setup window (on page 147).	
Terminal Menu:	(1) IP Setup > (8) Data Subnet Mask	
Network Type:	Both	
Default Setting:	255.255.255.0	
Options:	Any IPV4 net mask address.	
Description:	This is the Subnet mask for the Data VLAN IP address.	
	Example: 255.255.255.0.	

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3.1.17. VLAN Trunk ID 1 to VLAN Trunk ID 5



Warning! If this parameter needs to be set, contact FreeWave Technical Support for guidance. Incorrect settings can cause devices in the network to lose communication. See Contact FreeWave Technical Support (on page 13).

VLAN Trunk ID 1 to VLAN Trunk ID 5		
Setting	Description	
Web Parameter:	VLAN Trunk ID 1 to VLAN Trunk ID 5 text boxes in the VLAN Configuration (Data) area of the IP Setup window (on page 147).	
Terminal Menu:	(1) IP Setup > (C) VLAN Trunk	
Network Type:	Both	
Default Setting:	0	
Options:	Any number between 1 and 4095.	
Description:	Use VLAN Trunk IDs to propagate the definition of VLANs on the whole local area network. On each device, enter the VLAN IDs of the devices that radios will be a participant.	
	Note: Most networks do not use VLAN trunk IDs.	

3.1.18. Web Page Port (http)

Web Page Port (Web Page Port (http)	
Setting	Description	
Web Parameter:	Web Page Port (http) text box in the LAN Network Interface Configuration (Management) area of the IP Setup window (on page 147).	
Terminal Menu:	(1) IP Setup > (3) Web Page Port (http)	
Network Type:	Both	
Default Setting:	80	
Options:	Any valid TCP port from 1 to 65535.	
Description:	Use this to change the assigned port for the configuration Web pages. The default setting is port 80, the standard Web page port. Note: If this setting is changed from port 80, the proper port number MUST be included when accessing the Setup pages.	
	Example: http:// <ip address="">:<port>, where: <ip address=""> is the IP address of the radio and <port> is the port number assigned in this parameter. If an invalid TCP port is entered, the radio defaults the Web Page Port setting to 80.</port></ip></port></ip>	

4. Serial Port Settings

Use the settings on the **Serial Setup** tab or the Serial Setup window to set the serial ports on the radio. The ports are labeled 1 and 2 on the physical radio. See the radio illustration in Components of the HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO PLUS Radio on page 16.

These parameters are available in Serial Setup:

- Serial Port Mode This setting defines whether the port acts as a TCP terminal server, TCP client, UDP client, or Multicast.
- Serial Settings This setting defines data transmission settings (e.g., Baud Rate and Flow Control).
 - Set these parameters to match the device the port is connected to.

Each serial port is setup independently and configured on its own tab or Configuration Windows. The ports can have different baud rates, parity, protocol, and so on, but must match the device to which it is connected. To access either port, a client needs to call the IP address of the radio plus its assigned port number.

Note: See Viewing the Serial Port Status on page 65 to view the status of each serial port.

4.1. Set the Serial Port Mode

The first parameter is to define the serial port using the:

- MULTICAST Settings.
- TCP Client Settings.
- TCP Server Settings.
- UDP Settings.

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Procedure

- 1. Follow the procedure for Accessing the Configuration Windows (on page 29). The Status window opens.
- 2. On the **Menu** bar, click the serial port to configure (i.e., **Serial Port 1** or **Serial Port 2**). The applicable Serial Setup window opens.



Figure 28: HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO Serial Setup 1 window

- 3. In one of these areas, click the **Enable** check box to designate the port as that type:
 - TCP Server Settings Designate the port as a TCP terminal server.
 - **TCP Client Settings** Designate the port as a TCP client to the IP address and port entered in the TCP Client IP Address and TCP Client Port text boxes.
 - **UDP Settings** Designate the radio as a UDP terminal server to the IP address and port entered in the UDP IP Address and UDP IP Port text boxes.
 - MULTICAST Settings Designate a one-to-many connection from the MultiPoint Gateway's serial port to the MultiPoint Repeater's and/or Endpoint's serial ports using the IP address and port entered in the Multicast IP Address and Multicast Port text boxes.

4. Click Save/Apply to save the changes.

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4.2. Disabling Serial Ports

If a serial port on the radio is not used, it can be disabled.

Note: If both ports are disabled, the Basic IP Setup for the radio still works through Port 1.

Procedure

- 1. Follow the procedure for Accessing the Configuration Windows (on page 29). The Status window opens.
- 2. On the **Menu** bar, click the serial port to configure (i.e., **Serial Port 1** or **Serial Port 2**). The applicable Serial Setup window opens.



Figure 29: HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO Serial Setup 1 window

- 3. Clear all the **Enable** check boxes in the window.
- 4. Click Save/Apply to save the changes.

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4.3. Viewing the Serial Port Status

Note: The serial port's status is ONLY visible through the Configuration Windows.

This status information is available for each serial port:

- Ethernet (Rx and Tx) (on page 66)
- Serial (Rx and Tx) (on page 66)
- Status (on page 66)

Procedure

- 1. Follow the procedure for Accessing the Configuration Windows (on page 29). The Status window opens.
- 2. On the **Menu** bar, click the serial port to configure (i.e., **Serial Port 1** or **Serial Port 2**). The applicable Serial Setup window opens.



Figure 30: HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO Serial Setup 1 window

 Click the Serial Port Status link. The Serial Port Status window opens.

Note: This window is read-only and cannot be changed.

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REEWAVE	HT+ 192.168.111.100 * MAC=00:07:E7:87:62:DF * Serial#=8872671 'admin' From 192.168.111.1	
Status	Serial Port 1	
IP Setup	Socket 1 Status	Waiting For Client To Connect On Port 7000
Serial Setup 1	Socket I Status	Rx=0 Tx=0
Serial Setup 2	Socket 2 Status	Waiting For Client To Connect On Port 7000
Radio Setup	Socket 2 Status	Pr=0 Tr=0
Security	Socket 3 Status	Waiting For Client To Connect On Port 7000
SNMP	Br=0 Tr=0	
Diagnostics	Socket 4 Status Waiting For Client To Connect On Port 7000	
Users	Socket 4 Status	Br=0 Tr=0
Tools	Carlet & Status	KX=0, 1X=0
	Socket 5 Status	Breed Treed
Reboot	Serial Dort 2	
	0 1 1 1 0 1	Serial Polt 2
l	Socket I Status	Waiting For Client To Connect On Port 7001
		Rx=0, Tx=0
l	Socket 2 Status	Waiting For Client To Connect On Port 7001
		Rx=0, Tx=0
	Socket 3 Status	Waiting For Client To Connect On Port 7001
		Rx=0, Tx=0
	Socket 4 Status	Waiting For Client To Connect On Port 7001
		Rx=0, Tx=0
	Socket 5 Status	Waiting For Client To Connect On Port 7001
		Rx=0, Tx=0
		Refresh
	©2006-	2014 FreeWave Technologies, Inc.

Figure 31: HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO Serial Port Status window

By default, this window updates every 5 seconds.

4. Click the **Refresh** link to manually refresh the page.

4.3.1. Ethernet (Rx and Tx)

This is the amount of data received (Rx) and transmitted (Tx) from the terminal server to the port.

- Received data indicates data received on the radio via the Ethernet port.
- Transmitted data indicates data sent from the radio out the port.
- The amount is listed in bytes.

4.3.2. Serial (Rx and Tx)

This is the amount of data received (Rx) and transmitted (Tx) from the serial port.

- Received data indicates data coming from the connected device into the serial port.
- Transmitted data indicates data sent out the serial port to the connected device.
- This amount is listed in bytes.

4.3.3. Status

This is the current status of the Terminal Server.

Example: Waiting or Connected.

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4.4. Serial Port Parameter Reference

This section contains the serial port parameters.

Note: See the Parameter Preference (on page 14) for the parameter table descriptions of the parameters and controls.

4.4.1. Multicast Enable

Multicast Enable			
Setting	Description		
Web Parameter:	Enable check box in the MULTICAST Settings area of the Serial Setup window (on page 160).		
Terminal Menu:	(2) Serial Setup 1 or (3) Serial Setup 2 > (C) Multicast		
Network Type:	Both		
Default Setting:	Disabled		
Options:	Disabled, Enabled		
Description:	 This setting enables the radio to use Multicast mode when enabled. A Multicast is a one-to-many connection from the MultiPoint Gateway's serial port to the interested MultiPoint Repeaters and/or Endpoints serial ports. In a MultiPoint Gateway, selecting Multicast causes the radio to act as an IP Multicast Sender on the Multicast address and port. 		

4.4.2. Multicast IP Address

Multicast IP Address		
Setting	Description	
Web Parameter:	Multicast IP text box in the MULTICAST Settings area of the Serial Setup window (on page 160).	
Terminal Menu:	(2) Serial Setup 1 or (3) Serial Setup 2 > (D) Multicast IP	
Network Type:	Both	

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Multicast IP Address		
Setting	Description	
Default Setting:	225.0.0.38	
Options:	Any valid multicast address from 224.0.0.0 to 239.255.255.255.	
Description:	This is the IP address used for Multicast if the serial port is set to Multicast me	
	 In a MultiPoint Gateway, this is the sending address. 	
	 In MultiPoint Endpoints and MultiPoint Repeaters, this is the address they register interest in. 	
	In the Configuration Web pages:	
	 Enter the IP address in the field to the left of the colon. 	
	 Enter the port number in the field to the right of the colon. 	

4.4.3. Multicast Port

Multicast Port		
Setting	Description	
Web Parameter:	The Multicast Port text box in the MULTICAST Settings area of the Serial Setup window (on page 160).	
Terminal Menu:	(2) Serial Setup 1 or (3) Serial Setup 2 > (E) Multicast Port	
Network Type:	Both	
Default Setting:	Setup 1: 11111	
	Setup 2: 22222	
Options:	Any valid port number between 0 and 65535.	
Description:	The port used if the serial port is set to Multicast mode.	
	In the Serial Setup window (on page 160), in the MULTICAST Settings area:	
	• In the Multicast IP text box on the left of the colon, enter the IP address.	
	• In the Port text box on the right of the colon, enter the port number.	

4.4.4. Pre-Packet and Post-Packet Timeouts

Pre-Packet and Post-Packet Timeouts	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	Pre-Packet Timeout (ms) and Post-Packet Timeout (ms) in the RTU Mode Timing Settings area of the Serial Setup window (on page 160).
Terminal Menu:	(2) Serial Setup 1 or (3) Serial Setup 2 > (F) Pre Packet Timeout
	(2) Serial Setup 1 or (3) Serial Setup 2 > (G) Post Packet Timeout
Network Type:	Both

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4. Serial Port Settings

Pre-Packet and Post-Packet Timeouts				
Setting	Descr	Description		
Default Setting:	Defaults are based on the data rate selected in the Serial Baud Rate field:			
		Serial Baud Rate (bps)	Timeout (ms)	
		300	133	
		600	67	
		1200	34	
		2400	17	
		4800	10	
		9600	6	
		19200	4	
		38400	2	
		57600	2	
		115200	1	
Options:	Any nı	umber of milliseconds.		
	Free Seri	Wave Recommends: Accept the al Baud Rate.	e defaults based on the selected	
Description:	The tir enable	neout values are pre-populated wh d and are based on the Modbus R	nen the Modbus RTU parameter is TU specification.	3
	Modify	the timeout values to account for	higher performing Modbus RTU de	evices.
	•	If using a non-Modbus device, clea	ar the Modbus RTU Enable chec	k box.
		 Both Timeout parameters set t (on page 70). 	o <mark>0</mark> , regardless of the selected Bau	ld Rate
		 Set the timeout settings to what 	t the non-Modbus device requires.	
	Note	a: As of Dec-2016, FreeWave only	v supports Modbus RTU/ASCII.	
	If a sile the Tir polling	ence-delimited RTU protocol (e.g. neout parameters to <mark>0</mark> . Any other	, the DNP3 protocol) is not used, s setting adds additional latencies d	et both uring

4.4.5. Runtime Serial Setup "U"

Runtime Serial Setup "U"		
Setting	Description	
Web Parameter:	Runtime Serial Setup "U" check box in the Serial Settings area of the Serial Setup window (on page 160).	
Terminal Menu:	(2) Serial Setup 1 or (3) Serial Setup 2 > (O) Runtime Serial Setup	

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Runtime Serial Setup "U"	
Setting	Description
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	Disabled
Options:	Disabled
	Enabled
Description:	If Runtime Serial Setup "U" check box is selected, AND the computer is connected to the radio using the serial port, press <shift+u> to access the Setup Mode without having the radio reboot.</shift+u>

4.4.6. Baud Rate

Baud Rate	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	Baud Rate list box in the Serial Settings area of the Serial Setup window (on page 160).
Terminal Menu:	(2) Serial Setup 1 or (3) Serial Setup 2 > (H) Baud Rate
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	19200
Options:	300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200
Description:	This is the actual baud rate for the radio's data port.
	This setting is the communication rate between the radio and the instrument to which it is connected, and is independent of the baud rate for the other radios in the network. It is also independent of the other serial port on the radio.
	Set the baud rate to the highest level supported by the device to which it is connected. With a poor radio link, however, this may actually result in slower data communications.
	Example : A pair of radios may be used in an application to send data from remote process instrumentation to the engineer's computer. In this application, the baud rate for the radio on the instrumentation might be set to 9600, and the radio on the engineer's computer might be set to 57,600.
	Note : The serial ports do not support RFC 2217 level flow control. To avoid congestion-related data loss, use a link data rate that is at least 2 times higher than the actual data flow rate.

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4.4.7. CD Mode

CD Mode	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	CD Mode list box in the Serial Settings area of the Serial Setup window (on page 160).
Terminal Menu:	(2) Serial Setup 1 or (3) Serial Setup 2 > (M) CD Mode
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	Normal
Options:	 Normal - CD is asserted when a TCP connection to the associated port is made, and de-asserted when the TCP connection is closed. Most serial devices use this option.
	 Keyed - CD asserts 500 µs before transmit, and de-asserts 1 ms after the transmission of the first bit of the last byte of data. This option should be used with serial devices that require the CD line to be asserted prior to the transmission of data.
Description:	Controls the function of the CD line on the serial port.

4.4.8. Data Bits

Data Bits	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	Data Bits list box in the Serial Settings area of the Serial Setup window (on page 160).
Terminal Menu:	(2) Serial Setup 1 or (3) Serial Setup 2 > (I) Data Bits
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	8
Options:	5, 6, 7, 8
Description:	The number of data bits the serial port sends.
	Note : The setting in this parameter should match the number of data bits the connected device requires or is set to.

4.4.9. Flow Control

Flow Control	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	Flow Control list box in the Serial Settings area of the Serial Setup window (on page 160).
Terminal Menu:	(2) Serial Setup 1 or (3) Serial Setup 2 > (L) Flow Control

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Flow Control	
Setting	Description
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	None
Options:	None - Uses software flow control (XON / XOFF).
	 Hardware - Uses hardware flow control (RTS / CTS).
Description:	Indicates whether hardware flow control is used on the serial port.
	FreeWave Recommends : Use Flow Control if using a Baud Rate (on page 70) higher than 19200.

4.4.10. Interface

Interface	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	Interface list box in the Serial Settings area of the Serial Setup window (on page 160).
Terminal Menu:	(2) Serial Setup 1 or (3) Serial Setup 2 > (N) Interface
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	RS232
Options:	• RS232
!	• RS485
	• RS422
Description:	This is the serial protocol the serial port uses.
	This protocol should match the protocol the connected device requires.
	Note : For pinout information, see RS422 and RS485 Full Duplex Pinouts (on page 141).

4.4.11. Modbus RTU

Modbus RTU	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	Modbus RTU Enable check box in the RTU Mode Timing Settings area of the Serial Setup window (on page 160).
Terminal Menu:	Not available
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	Disabled

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4. Serial Port Settings

Modbus RTU	
Setting	Description
Options:	Disabled
	Enabled
Description:	When enabled, the radio gathers data on the serial port until there is a break (3.5 characters) in the data due to Modbus RTU timing.
	The data is sent as one TCP packet.
	Based on the data rate selected in the Baud Rate (on page 70) parameter, the system populates the Pre-Packet and Post-Packet Timeouts (on page 68) parameters with the default number of milliseconds (ms) according to the Modbus RTU specifications.
	Important!: If a silence-delimited RTU protocol (e.g., the DNP3 protocol) is NOT used, set both the timeout fields to 0. Any other setting adds additional latencies during polling.

4.4.12. Parity

Parity	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	Parity list box in the Serial Settings area of the Serial Setup window (on page 160).
Terminal Menu:	(2) Serial Setup 1 or (3) Serial Setup 2 > (J) Parity
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	None
Options:	• Even
	None
	• Odd
Description:	This is the parity type the serial port uses.
	Note: This type should match the parity the connected device requires.

4.4.13. Stop Bits

Stop Bits	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	Stop Bits list box in the Serial Settings area of the Serial Setup window (on page 160).
Terminal Menu:	(2) Serial Setup 1 or (3) Serial Setup 2 > (K) Stop Bits
Network Type:	Both

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Stop Bits	
Setting	Description
Default Setting:	1
Options:	1, 2
Description:	This is the number of stop bits the serial port sends.
	This number should match the number of stop bits the connected device requires.

4.4.14. TCP Client Enable

TCP Client Enable	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	Enable check box in the TCP Client Settings area of the Serial Setup window (on page 160).
Terminal Menu:	(2) Serial Setup 1 or (3) Serial Setup 2 > (0) TCP Client
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	Disabled
Options:	Disabled, Enabled
Description:	Enabling this parameter sets the operating mode of the radio's terminal server to TCP Client .
	Your selection determines which other parameters are available for the serial port.
	After booting up, the radio creates a persistent outgoing TCP connection to the TCP Client IP Address on page 74 and TCP Client Port on page 75.
	Any data sent to the associated serial port on the radio is automatically directed to the entered IP address and port number.

4.4.15. TCP Client IP Address

TCP Client IP Address	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	IP Address text box in the TCP Client Settings area of the Serial Setup window (on page 160).
Terminal Menu:	(2) Serial Setup 1 or (3) Serial Setup 2 > (4) Client IP
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	0.0.0.0
Options:	Any valid IP address.
Description:	This is the IP address the radio creates a connection to on boot-up, when the radio is set to TCP Client mode. In the Configuration Web page:
	Enter the IP address to the left of the colon.
	 Enter the TCP port number in the box to the right of the colon.

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4.4.16. TCP Client Port

TCP Client Port	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	Port text box in the TCP Client Settings area of the Serial Setup window (on page 160).
Terminal Menu:	(2) Serial Setup 1 or (3) Serial Setup 2 > (5) Client Port
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	Setup 1: 9000
	Setup 2: 9001
Options:	Any valid port number between 0 and 65335.
Description:	This is the port number the radio creates a connection to on boot-up, when the radio is set to TCP Client mode.
	In the Configuration Web page:
	 Enter the IP address to the left of the colon.
	 Enter the TCP port number in the box to the right of the colon.

4.4.17. TCP Server Enable

TCP Server Enable	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	Enable check box in the TCP Server Settings area of the Serial Setup window (on page 160).
Terminal Menu:	(2) Serial Setup 1 or (3) Serial Setup 2 > (0) TCP Server
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	Enabled
Options:	Disabled
	Enabled
Description:	Enabling this parameter sets the operating mode of the radio's terminal server to TCP Server .
	 The selection determines which other parameters are available for the serial port.
	 TCP establishes a connection at both ends of the communication between two machines before any data can be transmitted.
	 The TCP Server waits for calls from a TCP client.
	• If there are multiple TCP Clients set up to communicate with the TCP Server, after a request comes into the TCP Server port, the radio sends any incoming serial data to the IP address of the requesting device.
	• The radio continues doing so until a new device makes a request on that port.
	 The radio always sends the serial data to the address of the last successful requesting device.

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4.4.18. TCP Server Inactivity Timeout

TCP Server Inactivity Timeout	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	Inactivity Timeout (Seconds) text box in the TCP Server Settings area of the Serial Setup window (on page 160).
Terminal Menu:	(2) Serial Setup 1 or (3) Serial Setup 2 > (2) Inactivity Timeout
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	0
Options:	Any number of seconds.
Description:	This setting controls how long, in seconds, an incoming TCP connection must be idle (that is, no data being transferred) before the radio drops the connection. A setting of ⁰ means that the radio never disconnects an idle connection—all disconnects need to come from the client.
	FreeWave Recommends : In some RTUs, after the RTU is connected to the radio as a client, the RTU does not properly disconnect the TCP session. To help overcome this potential behavior of some RTUs, FreeWave recommends setting the Inactivity Timeout parameter to 10.

4.4.19. TCP Server Keep Alive

TCP Server Keep Alive	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	TCP Server Keep Alive check box in the TCP Server Settings area of the Serial Setup window (on page 160).
Terminal Menu:	Not available
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	Disabled
Options:	Disabled, Enabled
Description:	If enabled, the radio sends a packet at a regular interval to ensure the route used for an Ethernet session is kept for the entire session.
	If there is no data or keep alive packets, routers can lose their current session and the packets can travel a different route through the TCP network.

4.4.20. TCP Server Port

TCP Server Port	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	Port text box in the TCP Server Settings area of the Serial Setup window (on page 160).

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4. Serial Port Settings

TCP Server Port	
Setting	Description
Terminal Menu:	(2) Serial Setup 1 or (3) Serial Setup 2 > (1) TCP Server Port
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	Setup 1: 7000
	Setup 2: 7001
Options:	Any valid TCP port between 0 and 65535.
Description:	The TCP port the radio listens to for incoming TCP connections.

4.4.21. UDP Enable

UDP Enable	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	Enable check box in the UDP Settings area of the Serial Setup window (on page 160).
Terminal Menu:	(2) Serial Setup 1 or (3) Serial Setup 2 > (9) UDP
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	Disabled
Options:	Disabled, Enabled
Description:	This setting enables the radio as a UDP terminal server using the port number entered in the destination port.
	If using as a UDP terminal server, the port number entered in the destination port is the UDP port that the radio listens to for requests.

4.4.22. UDP IP Address

UDP IP Address	
Description	
IP Address text box in the UDP Settings area of the Serial Setup window (on page 160).	
(2) Serial Setup 1 or (3) Serial Setup 2 > (A) UDP IP	
Both	
0.0.0.0	
Any valid Multicast address from 224.0.0.0 to 239.255.255.255.	
 When the serial port is set to UDP mode, enter the IP address where the radio sends any serial data coming into its serial port. 1. Enter the IP address to the left of the colon. 2. Enter the port number in the box to the right of the colon. 	

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4.4.23. UDP IP Port

UDP IP Port	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	Port text box in the UDP Settings area of the Serial Setup window (on page 160).
Terminal Menu:	(2) Serial Setup 1 or (3) Serial Setup 2 > (B) UDP Port
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	Setup 1: 6000
	Setup 2: 6001
Options:	Any valid IP port number between 0 and 65535.
Description:	This is the destination port that the radio listens to for requests.

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5. Radio Settings

Use the settings on the Radio Setup window (on page 149) to set the general functioning of the radio.

The available parameters are:

- **Operation Mode** Designates the mode the radio uses to communicate and the network type.
- Transmission Characteristics Transmission characteristics (e.g., Frequency Key and the packet size parameters) are for advanced users only.

Important!: It is critical to understand the principles of RF data transmission to change these parameters.

• **Point-to-Point** - The **Transmit Rate** and the Call Book are mainly for use in a Point-to-Point network.

Note: See the Call Book window on page 151.

 Multipoint Parameters - A Point-to-MultiPoint network requires that several parameters are set consistently on all radios in the network. This includes RF Data Rate, Min and Max Packet Size, and Frequency Key.

Important!: If several independent, PTMP networks are located in close proximity, it is very important to include as much frequency and time diversity as possible using different **Frequency Key** and **Min and Max Packet Sizes**.

In a Point-to-Point network, the Gateway determines all settings in an Endpoint or Repeater, except for the **Transmit Power** and **Retry Timeout**. All other settings in a Point-to-Point network are determined by the Gateway's settings.

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Caution: Changes made to the radio settings can cause the radios to lose communication with the Gateway and Multipoint Repeaters.

Use caution when making global changes using the **Global Change** function.

For more information about making global changes, see Use the MultiPoint Gateway to Change All Connected Radios (on page 34).

5.1. Radio Setup Parameter Reference

This section contains the radio setup parameters.

Note: See the Parameter Preference (on page 14) for the parameter table descriptions of the parameters and controls.

5.1.1. Addressed Repeat

Addressed Repeat	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	Addressed Repeat list box in the MultiPoint Parameters area of the Radio Setup window (on page 149).
Terminal Menu:	(4) Radio Setup > (A) Addressed Repeat
Network Type:	MultiPoint
Default Setting:	3
Options:	Any number between 0 and 9.
Description:	In a MultiPoint network where the Repeaters parameter is set to Disabled , most packets from the Gateway are addressed to a specific MAC address. This addressing allows the destination device to send an acknowledgment back to the Gateway that the packet was received successfully. The Addressed Repeat parameter determines the maximum number of times the Gateway repeats its data packet if it does not receive an acknowledgment from the destination device.
	 This repeat is a smart repeat - the Gateway only repeats its data if it does not receive an acknowledgment. Changing this setting to a higher number can increase the reliability of weaker radio links while keeping the maximum possible throughput for that link.
	In Endpoints, this setting determines how many times the Endpoint retries a packet of addressed data before taking the action set in the Slave Connect Odds parameter.

Note: This setting MUST match between the Gateway and all Repeaters.

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5.1.2. Broadcast Repeat

Broadcast Repeat	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	Broadcast Repeat list box in the MultiPoint Parameters area of the Radio Setup window (on page 149).
Terminal Menu:	(4) Radio Setup > (B) Broadcast Repeat
Network Type:	MultiPoint
Default Setting:	3
Options:	Any number between 0 and 9.
Description:	In Endpoints, this setting determines how many times the Endpoint retries a packet of broadcast data before taking the action set in the Slave Connect Odds (on page 95) parameter.
	The Broadcast Repeat parameter may be set to 0 in the Gateway if the software is capable of or requires acknowledgment. In this case, if the Gateway sends a packet that the Endpoint does not receive, the software controls the retries, as needed.
	 For networks with solid RF links, this parameter should be set to a low value such as 1 or 2.
	 If a network has some weak or marginal links, this parameter should be set to higher values.
	 If an Endpoint receives a good packet from a Gateway more than once, it discards the repeated packets.
	 Similarly, after a MultiPoint Repeater receives a good packet from the Gateway more than once, it discards any further repeated packets.
	 In turn, the Repeater sends the packet out to the next Repeater or Endpoint (s) the number of times corresponding to its own Broadcast Repeat parameter setting.
	In a network that contains radios set as a Repeater, all packets from the Gateway are considered broadcast MAC address packets.
	Increasing the Broadcast Repeat parameter setting in this type of network increases the probability of a packet getting through. It also increases latency and decreases Gateway-to-Repeater and Gateway-to-Endpoint throughput in the network because each packet from the Gateway or Repeater is being sent multiple times.
	Important! : Find the optimal mix between network robustness, throughput, and latency. In general, a setting of 2 to 3 works well for most well designed networks.

Note: This setting MUST match between the Gateway and all Repeaters.

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5.1.3. Broadcast Repeat in MultiPoint Networks with Repeaters

The **Broadcast Repeat** parameter must also be set in MultiPoint Repeaters because a Repeater appears as a Gateway to an Endpoint.

Therefore, the Repeater sends the packet out the number of times corresponding to its own **Broadcast Repeat** parameter setting. If this parameter is set improperly, the reliability of the overall network may be diminished.

Example: If a Gateway's **Broadcast Repeat** parameter is set to 3, the link between the Gateway and Repeater should be robust.

If the Repeater's **Broadcast Repeat** parameter is set to **0**, this could cause marginal communication between the Repeater and the Endpoints.

The Endpoints communicating through this Repeater only receives the initial packet from the Gateway with no repeats.

Therefore, if the packet is not received on the first try, the Endpoint does not respond as expected.

Important!: This parameter should NEVER be set higher on a Repeater than on its Gateway.

5.1.4. Frequency Key

Note: If subnet IDs are not used to route network traffic, the **Frequency Key** must match on all radios in the network.

Frequency Key	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	Frequency Key list box in the Transmission Characteristics area of the Radio Setup window (on page 149).
Terminal Menu:	(4) Radio Setup > (2) Frequency Key
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	5
Options:	Any number between 0 to 9, or any letter between A to E.

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Frequency Key	
Setting	Description
Description:	This setting changes the hopping patterns of the radio.
	 There are 15 choices available for the Frequency Key parameter representing 15 different pseudo-random hop patterns.
	 These hopping patterns minimize the interference with other FreeWave radios operating in the area.
	 Example: If there were 10 pairs of FreeWave radios operating on different networks in close proximity, setting a different Frequency Key value for each pair reduces the chance that radios hop to the same frequency at the same time. If two networks were to hop to the same frequency by chance, the next hop would be to a different frequency for both networks. To use a different Frequency Key, subnet IDs MUST be used.
	Note: See Subnet ID on page 96.
	Additional network separation can be gained by adjusting the Max and Min Packet Size settings.

5.1.5. Frequency Zones

Important!: When trying to inter-operate and there are radios with different **Country Codes** on the Status window (on page 167), contact FreeWave Customer Support for assistance. See Contact FreeWave Technical Support on page 13.

Note: In MultiPoint networks, this setting only needs to be set on the Gateway. In a Point-to-Point network, the Gateway and the Endpoint must have matching **Frequency Zone** settings.

Frequency Zones	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	Zones check boxes in the Transmission Characteristics area of the Radio Setup window (on page 149).
Terminal Menu:	(4) Radio Setup > (3) Zones
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	All selected Note: HTP-900RE-SR004 and HTP-900SEO-SR004 models are configured to limit frequencies to 915 MHz to 927 MHz.
Options:	See Description.

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Frequency Zones	
Setting	Description
Description:	In the Radio Setup window, the zones are listed as check boxes in the Zones box in the Transmission Characteristics area.
	Select the check box next to the zone to enable it.
	Important!: A cleared check box indicates the radio does NOT use that frequency.
	This setting divides the available band into smaller bands (i.e., 16 smaller bands each consisting of 2 or 3 frequency channels):
	• 902 MHz to 928 MHz
	 915 MHz to 927 MHz for HTP-900RE-SR004 and HTP-900SEO-SR004 models.
	The zones listed are in MHz.
	The radio requires at least one zone active to operate.

5.1.6. Long Distance

Long Distance	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	Long Distance list box in the Transmission Characteristics area of the Radio Setup window (on page 149).
Terminal Menu:	Not available
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	Disabled
Options:	Disabled
	Enabled
Description:	This setting adjusts the timing of a high throughput radio to better achieve the maximum distance available to the radio.
	 Enable this for links from 10 miles to the maximum 30 miles.
	Disable this parameter for links under 10 miles.

5.1.7. Master Tx Beacon

Note: This setting MUST to be the same in every Gateway, Repeater, and Endpoint.

Master Tx Beacon	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	Master Tx Beacon list box in the MultiPoint Parameters area of the Radio Setup window (on page 149).

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Master Tx Beacon	
Setting	Description
Terminal Menu:	(4) Radio Setup > (E) Master Tx Beacon
Network Type:	MultiPoint
Default Setting:	1
Options:	Any number between 1 and 9.
Description:	This setting controls the Gateway's duty-cycle during idle times.
	 By default, the Gateway transmits every frame, whether there is payload data or not.
	 Selecting a number larger than 1 in this parameter causes the Gateway to skip that number of transmit frames when it has no other data to send.
	 This skip can reduce the power usage from the Gateway during idle times.
	 If data does come into the Gateway, the Gateway transmits that data regardless of this setting.
	Note : In any network that has PLUS Radios with a software version earlier than 2.10, this setting must be 1 . In a network that has the Repeaters parameter set to Enabled , this parameter must be set to 1 .

5.1.8. Max Packet Size and Min Packet Size

Note: In MultiPoint networks, the Max Packet Size and Min Packet Size must be identical in all radios.

In Point-to-Point networks the Gateway's settings take precedence over the Endpoint.

Max Packet Size	Max Packet Size and Min Packet Size			
Setting	Description			
Web Parameter:	Max Packet Size and Min Packet Size list boxes in the Transmission Characteristics area of the Radio Setup window (on page 149).			
Terminal Menu:	(4) Radio Setup > (4) Max Packet Size			
	(4) Radio Setup > (5) Min Packet Size			
Network Type:	Both			
Default Setting:	Max Packet Size = 9			
	Min Packet Size = 1			
	Use these settings for the overall best throughput.			
Options:	Any number between 0 and 9.			

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5. Radio Settings

Max Packet Size	and Min Packet Size
Setting	Description
Description:	The Max and Min Packet Size settings and the RF Data Rate determine the number of bytes in the packets.
	 Throughput can be enhanced when packet sizes are optimized.
	 In Point-to-Point mode, the Max and Min Packet Size parameter settings do not have material impact on throughput unless a data rate of 540 kbps is desired.
	This may have an impact on latency.
	Example : If small amounts of data are sent and large packet sizes are selected, there would be a certain amount of time "wasted" between each packet.

This table defines the minimum packet size (in bytes) of the **Min Packet Size** setting versus the **RF Data Rate** setting.

Minimum Packet Size Definition for HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO						
Minimum	Min Packet Size (bytes)	Min Packet Size (bytes)				
Setting	RF Data Rate = 867 Kbps	RF Data Rate = 614 Kbps				
0	14	8				
1	19	12				
2	24	16				
3	29	20				
4	34	24				
5	39	28				
6	44	32				
7	49	36				
8	54	40				
9	59	44				

Note: Using the default settings, the actual minimum packet size for the radios, in bytes, is 19.

Referencing the default settings, the Gateway transmits a maximum of 213 bytes on every hop. If fewer than 213 bytes are transmitted by the Gateway, the balance is allocated to the Endpoint's transmission, plus the quantity in the **Min Packet Size** setting.

Example: If a Gateway transmits 100 bytes, the Endpoint then has a total of 134 bytes available [113 (leftover bytes) + 21 (Min Packet Size)].

This table defines the maximum packet size (in bytes) of the **Min Packet Size** setting versus the **Max Packet Size** setting where the **RF Data Rate** is set to **614 kbps**.

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Maximum Packet Size Definition with RF Data Rate of 614 kbps (in bytes)										
	Max Setting (blank area = not recommended)									
Minimum Setting	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0						88	104	120	136	152
1						92	108	124	140	156
2					80	96	112	128	144	160
3					84	100	116	132	148	164
4					88	104	120	136	152	168
5					92	108	124	140	156	172
6				80	96	112	128	144	160	176
7				84	100	116	132	148	164	180
8				88	104	120	136	152	168	184
9				92	108	124	140	156	172	188

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This table defines the maximum packet size (in bytes) of the **Min Packet Size** setting versus the **Max Packet Size** setting where the **RF Data Rate** is set to **867 kbps**.

Maximum Packet Size Definition with RF Data Rate of 867 kbps (in bytes)										
	Max Setting (blank area = not recommended)									
Minimum Setting	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0						114	134	154	174	194
1						119	139	157	179	199
2						124	144	164	184	204
3						129	149	169	189	209
4					114	134	154	174	194	214
5					119	139	159	179	199	219
6					124	144	164	184	204	224
7					129	149	169	189	209	229
8				114	134	154	174	194	214	234
9				119	139	159	179	199	219	239

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5.1.9. Modem Mode

Modem Mode	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	Modem Mode list box in the Operation Mode are of the Radio Setup window (on page 149).
Terminal Menu:	(4) Radio Setup > (1) Modem Mode
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	Gateway in software earlier than 2.30
	MultiPoint Endpoint in software 2.30 and later
Options:	See Modem Mode Options (on page 88).
Description:	The Network Type and Modem Mode options designate the method FreeWave radios use to communicate with each other. FreeWave Ethernet radios operate in a Gateway-to-Endpoint configuration. Before the radios can operate together, they must be set up to properly communicate.
	 In a standard configuration, the Gateway mode should be used on the end which will be connected to the LAN.
	 When setting up the radio, remember that a number of parameters are controlled by the settings in the Gateway.
	 Therefore, deploying the Gateway on the communications end where it is easier to access is strongly advised.
	Note : This parameter is hidden in the Configuration Windows when Global Changes are enabled.
	For more information about making global changes, see Use the MultiPoint Gateway to Change All Connected Radios (on page 34).

Modem Mode Options

Repeaters are commonly used in serial networks to connect long distances, but not in Ethernet networks. If the network topology requires a Repeater to connect radios over greater distances, use a back-to-back Repeater where data is repeated over a wire instead of over the air. This preserves throughput.

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Figure 32: Example: Configuration of Ethernet and Serial radio connectivity.

Modem Mode Op	otions
Operation Mode	Description
Point-to-Point Gateway	 Designates the radio as the Gateway in Point-to-Point mode. The Gateway may call any or all Endpoints designated in its Call Book. A quick method of identifying a Gateway is to power the radio.
	Note : Prior to establishing a communication link with an Endpoint or Repeater, all three of the Gateway's lower LEDs (CD, TX, CTS) are solid red (.
Point-to-Point Endpoint	Designates the radio as an Endpoint in Point-to-Point mode. The Endpoint communicates with any Gateway in its Call Book, either directly or through up to four Repeaters. Note : When functioning as an Endpoint, the Entry to Call feature in the radio's Call Book is not operational.
MultiPoint Gateway	 Designates the radio as a Gateway in MultiPoint mode. This mode allows one Gateway radio to simultaneously be in communication with numerous Endpoints and Repeaters. A MultiPoint Gateway communicates only with other radios designated as MultiPoint Endpoints or MultiPoint Repeaters.
MultiPoint Endpoint	 Designates the radio as an Endpoint in MultiPoint mode. This mode allows the Endpoint to communicate with a MultiPoint Gateway. The Endpoint may communicate with its Gateway through one or more Repeaters.

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Modem Mode Op	otions
Operation Mode	Description
Point-to-Point Repeater	FreeWave allows the use of a maximum four (4) Repeaters in a Point-to-Point communications link, significantly extending the operating range.
(Single Radio Repeater)	 When designated as a Point-to-Point Repeater, a radio behaves as a pass- through link.
	 All settings for the baud rates and RF transmission characteristics are disabled.
	 A Repeater connects with any Gateway that calls it.
	 The Repeater must be set up properly in the Gateway's Call Book.
	 In Point-to-Point mode, the Repeater is NOT an Endpoint/Repeater.
	 The Call Book MUST be set in Point-to-Point mode.
	Note : This operation mode should be used when operating the radio as a terminal server only (no RF connectivity).
	Important! : Adding a Repeater to a network cuts the network throughput by 50%.
	Note: For more information, see the Call Book window (on page 151).
MultiPoint Repeater	Allows the radio to operate as an Endpoint/Repeater in a MultiPoint network.
(Single Radio Repeater)	Important!: Some advanced features of the radio do NOT operate in networks containing Repeaters. FreeWave does not recommend the use of single-radio Repeaters.
	Important! : Adding a Repeater to a network cuts the network throughput by 50%.
	Any Repeater in a Point-to-MultiPoint network is an Endpoint/Repeater.

5.1.10. Network ID

Network ID	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	Network ID text box in the MultiPoint Parameters area of the Radio Setup window (on page 149).
Terminal Menu:	(4) Radio Setup > (F) Network ID
Network Type:	MultiPoint
Default Setting:	• 255 in software earlier than 2.30.
	• 1 in software 2.30 and later.
Options:	Any number between 0 and 4095.

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Network ID	
Setting	Description
Description:	Use the Network ID to establish MultiPoint networks without using the Call Book.
	 To enable the Network ID, the value must be set between 0 and 4095 (excluding 255, which disables the Network ID and enables the Call Book).
	 Because the Network ID does not use serial numbers, MultiPoint Gateways and Repeaters may be replaced without reconfiguring all of the Endpoints in the network.
	 An Endpoint links with the first Gateway or Repeater that it hears that has a matching Network ID.
	 The Network ID should be used in conjunction with the Subnet ID feature (if necessary) to route data through the radio network.
	• Without having the serial numbers in the Call Book, Endpoints may establish communications with different Masters, though not at the same time.
	This is very useful in mobile MultiPoint applications.
	FreeWave Recommends: A Network ID of four characters.
	Example : The last four digits of the Gateway's serial number.
	Using the last four digits of the Gateway's serial number, if it is below 4095, helps to ensure the Network ID is unique and does not overlap with other nearby FreeWave networks.
	Caution : Avoid using numbers that coincide with nearby landmarks or highways.

5.1.11. Network Type

Network Type	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	Network Type list box in the Operation Mode are of the Radio Setup window (on page 149).
Terminal Menu:	(4) Radio Setup > (0) Network Type
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	Point-to-Point in software earlier than 2.30.
	 Point-to-MultiPoint in software 2.30 and later.
Options:	MultiPoint, Point-to-Point

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Network Type	
Setting	Description
Description:	This setting indicates the type of network the radio resides in. This selection and the selection in the Modem Mode parameter determine the operation mode of the radio (e.g., a Point-to-Point Gateway).
	Note : For descriptions of each network type and moder mode combination, see Moder Mode on page 88.
	Important!: The network type MUST match for all radios in a network.
	Example : If configuring a Point-to-MultiPoint network, verify the Network Type selection for each radio in the network is MultiPoint .
	Note: This parameter is hidden in the Configuration Windows when Global Changes are enabled. For more information about making global changes, see Use the MultiPoint Gateway to Change All Connected Radios (on page 34).

5.1.12. Repeaters

Repeaters		
Setting	Description	
Web Parameter:	Repeaters list box in the MultiPoint Parameters area of the Radio Setup window (on page 149).	
Terminal Menu:	(4) Radio Setup > (G) Repeaters	
Network Type:	MultiPoint	
Default Setting:	Disabled	
Options:	DisabledEnabled	
Description:	Important!: In a MultiPoint network, it is critical to transmission timing to configure this parameter correctly.	
	 Set to Disabled if there are no Repeaters in the network. Set to Enabled if any number of Repeaters exist in the network. 	
	Important! : Many advanced features of the HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO PLUS Radio are restricted in networks where the Repeaters parameter is set to Enabled .	
	Note : For best operation, FreeWave does NOT recommend the use of single-radio Repeaters.	

5.1.13. Retry Timeout

Important!: While intended primarily for MultiPoint networks, the **Retry Time Out** parameter may also be modified in Point-to-Point networks. However, the value in Point-to-Point mode should not be set to less than **151**.

Retry Timeout	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	Retry Timeout list box in the Transmission Characteristics area of the Radio Setup window (on page 149).
Terminal Menu:	(4) Radio Setup > (7) Retry Timeout
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	255
Options:	Any number between 8 and 255 in MultiPoint networks.
	Any number between 151 and 255 in Point-to-Point networks.
Description:	The Retry Time Out parameter in an Endpoint or Repeater sets the delay the unit waits before dropping the connection to a Gateway or Repeater in MultiPoint mode.
	 The maximum setting means that if 1 packet in 255 is received successfully, the link is maintained.
	The minimum setting is 8.
	 This allows an Endpoint or Repeater to drop a connection if less than 1 in 8 consecutive packets is successfully received from the Gateway.
	• With a setting of 255, the Gateway allows an Endpoint or Repeater to stay connected as long as 1 packet in 255 is successfully received at the Gateway.
	The Retry Time Out parameter is useful when a MultiPoint network has a roving Gateway or Endpoint(s). As the link gets weaker, a lower setting allows a poor link to break in search of a different link.
	FreeWave Recommends : Setting the Retry Time Out parameter to 20 in areas where several FreeWave networks exist. This setting allows Endpoints and Repeaters to drop the connection if the link becomes too weak, while preventing errant disconnects due to interference from neighboring networks.

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5.1.14. RF Data Rate

Important!: In MultiPoint networks, the RF Data Rate MUST be set identically in all radios.

- Any radio with an **RF Data Rate** different from the Gateway will not establish a link.
- In Point-to-Point networks, the Gateway's settings take precedence over the Endpoint.

RF Data Rate	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	RF Data Rate list box in the Transmission Characteristics area of the Radio Setup window (on page 149).
Terminal Menu:	(4) Radio Setup > (8) RF Data Rate
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	867 kbps
Options:	614 kbps867 kbps
Description:	Important!: Do NOT confuse the RF Data Rate with the serial port Baud Rate. Use a setting of 867 kbps when: the radios are close together. data throughput needs to be optimized. A setting of 867 kbps MUST also be used when: the full throughput of 540 kbps is necessary. A setting of 614 kbps should be used when: the radios are farther away. a solid data link is preferred over data throughput. The maximum available throughput is: ≈ 360 kbps at an RF Data Rate of 614 kbps. ≈ 540 kbps at an RF Data Rate of 867 kbps.

5.1.15. Slave Attempts

Slave Attempts	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	Slave Connect Odds list box in the MultiPoint Parameters area of the Radio Setup window (on page 149).
Terminal Menu:	(4) Radio Setup > (C) Slave Connect Odds
Network Type:	MultiPoint
Default Setting:	9

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HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO PLUS Radios: User Manual and Reference Guide

Slave Attempts	
Setting	Description
Options:	Any number between 1 and 15.
Description:	This setting, in conjunction with the Slave Connect Odds (on page 95) parameter, controls how the Endpoint retries sending its data when it fails to receive a connection acknowledgment from the Gateway.
	At each slot the Gateway is available, the Endpoint retries connecting with the Gateway. If the radio retries and still cannot connect with the Gateway, the cycle starts again.
	The odds determination can happen an unlimited number of times.
	 It is important in larger networks to help manage contention over connecting to the Gateway.
	 The higher the Slave Connect Odds parameter setting, the more persistent that Endpoint is in attempting to acquire the Gateway's connection.
	This setting is a chance out of a total of 15.
	Example : A setting of 1 means the radio has a 1 in 15 chance (6.66%) and a setting of 9 means a 9 in 15 chance (60%).
	• The maximum number of connection retries are determined by the Endpoint's Addressed Repeat (on page 80) and Broadcast Repeat (on page 81) parameter settings.
	 After the Endpoint has tried reconnecting with the Gateway for the number of Broadcast Repeats or Addressed Repeats (depending on the specific packet type), the Endpoint then takes the action listed in the Slave Connect Odds parameter.

5.1.16. Slave Connect Odds

Slave Connect Odds	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	Slave Connect Odds AND THEN list box in the MultiPoint Parameters area of the Radio Setup window (on page 149).
Terminal Menu:	(4) Radio Setup > (D) And Then
Network Type:	MultiPoint
Default Setting:	Drop Data

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5. Radio Settings

Slave Connect Odds		
Setting	Description	
Options:	• Drop Data - The Endpoint throws away the current data it failed to send.	
	 The pattern begins again upon receipt of new data. 	
	 Drop Link - The Endpoint drops its link with the Gateway or Repeater for a brief amount of time and then re-links. 	
	 Try Forever - The Endpoint waits a brief amount of time before starting again with the data retries. 	
	 It keeps retrying the same packet of data until it succeeds. 	
Description:	This controls how the Endpoint retries sending its data when it fails to receive a connection acknowledgment from the Gateway.	
	This can happen when multiple Endpoints are in contention for the Gateway's connection at the same time.	
	 In the Radio Setup window, the number in the first drop-down box in the Slave Connect Odds parameter indicates the odds that an Endpoint retries the connection on the Gateway's next available slot. 	
	 Contact FreeWave Technical Support to change this parameter. See Contact FreeWave Technical Support (on page 13). 	

5.1.17. Subnet ID

Note: See Data Communication Link Examples (on page 131) for additional subnet information and examples.

Subnet ID		
Setting	Description	
Web Parameter:	Subnet ID (RX) and Subnet ID (TX) list boxes in the MultiPoint Parameters area of the Radio Setup window (on page 149).	
Terminal Menu:	(4) Radio Setup > (H) Subnet ID (RX)	
	(4) Radio Setup > (I) Subnet ID (TX)	
Network Type:	MultiPoint using the Network ID option	
Default Setting:	F, F in software earlier than 2.30	
	RX=0, TX=F in software 2.30 and later	
Options:	Any number between 0 and 9.	
	Any letter between A and F.	

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Subnet ID		
Setting	Description	
Description:	In a MultiPoint network with a Subnet ID (RX) of F and a Subnet ID (TX) of F , an Endpoint or Repeater connects with the first Repeater or Gateway that it hears with the same Network ID (on page 90). There are scenarios, however, where communication needs to be forced to follow a specific path.	
	Using Subnet IDs is particularly helpful to force two Repeaters in the same network to operate in series rather than in parallel or to force Endpoints to communicate to a specific Repeater for load balancing purposes.	

5.1.18. Transmit Power

Transmit Power				
Setting	Description			
Web Parameter:	Transmit Power list box in the Transmission Characteristics area of the Radio Setup window (on page 149).			
Terminal Menu:	(4) Radio Setup > (6) Transmit Power			
Network Type:	Both			
Default Setting:	10			
Options:	Any number between 0 and 10.			
Description:	Sets the output power of the radio.			
	The maximum value may be capped at the factory to comply with regulations or capped at other values to comply with country-specific requirements.			
	When testing radios and they are in close proximity to one another, set the Transmit Power parameter to a low number. When radios are deployed into the field, raise the Transmit Power number accordingly.			

Transmit Power				
Setting	Power (in mW)		Setting	Power (in mW)
0	5		6	330
1	10		7	480
2	35		8	600
3	80		9	800
4	140		10	850
5	230			

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5.1.19. Transmit Rate

Transmit Rate				
Setting	Description			
Web Parameter:	Transmit Rate list box in the Point-to-Point Parameters area of the Radio Setup window (on page 149).			
Terminal Menu:	(4) Radio Setup > (9) Transmit Rate			
Network Type:	Point-to-Point			
Default Setting:	Normal			
Options:	 Normal - Use for normal radio operation. Diagnostic - Use to qualitatively gauge signal strength in Point-to-Point mode. Important!: In Point-to-Point operation, a Transmit Rate of Diagnostic should ONLY be used as a diagnostic tool and NOT for normal operation. 			
Description:	 When set to Diagnostic, the radios transmits back and forth continuously, whether or not the radios have received any actual data. The strength of the signal may be gauged by the Clear to Send (CTS) LED. A solid red () CTS LED indicates a strong signal. A blinking () CTS LED indicates a weaker signal. 			

6. Security Settings

Use the settings on the **Security** tab or Security window to define elements that enhance the security of the network, the data that is passed, and customer support information. Typically, a Network Administrator addresses security parameters.

Set the security settings using the **Security** menu in the terminal interface accessed through a terminal emulator.

Use the Security parameters to set these security features:

- Remote Authentication Dial In Service (RADIUS) server information Requires authentication from Endpoints and MultiPoint Repeaters before being able to send or receive Ethernet data.
 - The radios comply with the RADIUS standards set forth in RFC 2138. The authentication method used in PLUS Radios is PAP.
 - RADIUS authentication allows control over which radios are allowed to communicate on the Ethernet network. Without authentication, an Endpoint or MultiPoint Repeater are not allowed to send or receive Ethernet data across its RF link.
- AES Encryption Encodes the data in the network.
- MAC Filtering Limits the addresses that can communicate with the radio through its Ethernet port.
- System Logging The system automatically writes events to a local system log.
- Miscellaneous Security Options Additional security options allow:
 - disabling the Ethernet port on a radio.
 - Force viewing of the configuration Web pages through a secure protocol (https).
 - Enabling a Gateway to transmit over the RF link and not the Ethernet port when data is received from specific radios in the network.

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6.1. Viewing the System Log

As activity happens on a PLUS Radio, the system logs the activity.

Example: Each time a user logs into the Configuration Windows or a system upgrade is initiated, the system makes an entry in the log.

Note: The system log time is pulled from the NTP server, if the **NTP Client** setting in the IP Setup parameters is enabled.

If the **NTP Client** setting is disabled, the log date and time is reset to midnight, November 30, 1999, each time the radio reboots.

Procedure

- 1. Follow the procedure for Accessing the Configuration Windows (on page 29). The Status window opens.
- 2. On the **Menu** bar, click **Security**. The Security window opens.
- 3. In the Customer Support Information section, click View Log.



Figure 33: HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO Security window

The log file opens in a new browser window.

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http://192.168ajax?setTools=3 × +						
	⊽ C ⁱ Q, Se	arch	۲ 🖻	+	î	- ≡
19991030T000559523Z Authentication successful for admin from 192.168.17.200 19991030T00048832 Authentication Successful for admin from 192.168.17.200 19991030T000048832 Authentication Failed for admin from 192.168.17.200 19991030T0000148362 Authentication successful for admin from 192.168.17.200 19991030T000148362 Authentication successful for admin from 192.168.17.200 19991030T00012994Z Authentication successful for admin from 192.168.17.200 19991030T00012394Z Authentication successful for admin from 192.168.11.200 19991030T000124094Z Firmware Upgrade Initiated By admin from 192.168.111.200 19991030T0001241054Z Firmware Upgrade Initiated By admin from 192.168.111.200 19991030T0000243162 User 'admin's Submitted Web Page Changes from 192.168.111.200 19991030T00002342152 Firmware Upgrade Initiated By admin from 192.168.111.200 19991030T00002342562 Firmware Upgrade Initiated By admin from 192.168.111.200 19991030T000153122252 Firmware Upgrade Initiated By admin from 192.168.111.200 19991030T0001547032 Firmware Upgrade Initiated By admin from 192.168.111.200 19991030T000048377Z Authentication successful for admin from 192.168.111.200 19991030T000048372Z Authentication successful for admin from 192.168.111.200 19991030T0000478Z Liter intervation successful for admin from 192.168.111.200 19991030T0000478Z Litervation successful for admin from 192.168.111.200 19991030T0000478Z Litervation successful for admin from 192.168.111.200	00 00 00					E

Figure 34: Example: View Log window

6.2. Specify a Reboot Interval Schedule

In the Security window (on page 156), in the **Miscellaneous** area, use the **Reboot Interval** list box option to specify a reboot schedule.

- By default, the Reboot Interval is Disabled.
 - If **Disabled** is selected, the PLUS Radio will operate without automatically rebooting.
- When an interval (e.g., 1 Hour, 1 Day, 30 Days) is selected, the scheduler automatically reboots the PLUS Radio when the reboot interval expires.

Procedure

- 1. Follow the procedure for Accessing the Configuration Windows (on page 29). The Status window opens.
- 2. On the **Menu** bar, click **Security**. The Security window opens.
- 3. In the **Misc** section, click the **Reboot Interval** list box arrow and select the amount of time for the interval.

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Note: In this example procedure, 4 hours is selected.



Figure 36: Example: View Log window

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4. Click the **Save/Apply** button.

The **Security** window refreshes showing the **Change Succeeded** and a **Reboot Required** messages.

FREEWAVE	192.168.111.100 * 1	D2+ MAC=00:07:E7:82:B2:EF * Serial#=8565487 'admin' From 192.168.111.120	
	RADIUS Authentication Configuration		
IP Setup	Enable RADIUS	Enable	
Serial Setup 1	RADIUS IP Address		
Badia Satup	RADIUS Port Number	1812	
Security	Shared Secret		
SNMP	Lass Baseword		
Diagnostics	User-r assword	ATC Transaction	
Lieere		AES Encryption	
Taala	Version	128 -	
10015	Key		
Reboot	MAC Filter		
Change Succeeded <u>Reboot</u> <u>Required</u>	MAC Filter	Add Clear	
	Misc		
	Detach Local Eth	Detach	
	Force SSL (https)	Enable	
	Peer To Peer	Enable	
	Reboot interval	4 Hour 🔻	
	C	ustomer Support Information	
	Syslog Dump	View Log	
	System Memory Information	Memory Information	
	©2006-	Save/Apply 2016 FreeWave Technologies, Inc.	

Figure 37: Security window - Change Succeeded and Reboot Required messages

5. Click the **Reboot Required** link. The **Rebooting** window appears.

6.



Figure 38: Rebooting message

7. Wait for the reboot to complete. The **Status** window returns when the reboot is completed.

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6. Security Settings

CREEWAVE		D2+
FREE WAVE.	192.168.111.100 * 1	MAC=00:07:E7:82:B2:EF * Serial#=8565487
		'admin' From 192.168.111.120
Status		
IP Setup		Hardware Information
Serial Setup 1	Firmware Version	3.13 Jul 1 2016
Serial Setup 2	Wireless Version	+8.80a
Radio Setun	Software Boot Version	3
Security	Hardware Version	1
SNIMD	Country Code	7FFE
Diagnostics	Uptime	0 days 0 hours 0 minutes 19 seconds
Lleare	RF Stats	
Tools	Last Connected To	0
10013	Noise	-115
Reboot	Voltage	11.29v
	Reflected Power	3
	Disconnect Count	0 (0)

Figure 39: Status window

8. On the **Menu** bar, click **Security**.

The Security window opens.

The selected time is shown in the Reboot Interval list box.



Figure 40: Security window - Reboot Interval selected

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6.3. Security Parameter Reference

This section contains the Security parameters.

Note: See the Parameter Preference (on page 14) for the parameter table descriptions of the parameters and controls.

6.3.1. AES Encryption Key

Important!: The encryption key MUST be the same on every radio in the FreeWave network.

AES Encryption Key		
Setting	Description	
Web Parameter:	Key text box in the AES Encryption area of the Security window (on page 156).	
Terminal Menu:	(5) Security > (5) Aes Key	
Network Type:	Both	
Default Setting:	Blank	
Options:	Any free form text using a maximum of 16 characters.	
Description:	Protecting the confidentiality, integrity, and authenticity of the data communication is essential to maintaining a robust, reliable, and secure wireless infrastructure.	
	AES Encryption adds a layer of 128-bit encryption strength to the data before it is sent out via RF.	
	• Enter a user-defined encryption key for the 128-bit AES encryption in this field.	
	• AES encryption is always enabled, although the encryption key may be blank.	
	 The AES Encryption field is a free form text field. 	
	Note : Free form text fields CANNOT use any of these characters: %, &, +, =, < or >.	
	When changing the AES encryption key globally:	
	1. Make the change on the MultiPoint Gateway.	
	2. Push the new key to the other radios.	
	Caution : If not done in this order, this change can cause radios to lose connectivity with the Gateway for an extended period of time.	

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6.3.2. Detach Local Ethernet

Detach Local Ethernet		
Setting	Description	
Web Parameter:	Detach Local Eth check box in the Misc area of the Security window (on page 156).	
Terminal Menu:	(5) Security > (7) Detach Local Eth	
Network Type:	Both	
Default Setting:	Disabled	
Options:	Disabled	
	Enabled	
Description:	If the Enabled check box is selected, the physical Ethernet port on the radio is disabled.	
	With this parameter enabled, the radio can only be contacted via the radio link.	

6.3.3. Force SSL (https)

Force SSL (https)		
Setting	Description	
Web Parameter:	Force SSL (https) check box in the Misc area of the Security window (on page 156).	
Terminal Menu:	(5) Security > (8) Force SSL (https)	
Network Type:	Both	
Default Setting:	Disabled	
Options:	Disabled	
	Enabled	
Description:	When the Force SSL (https) check box is selected, any attempt to access the radio's Website via HTTP is redirected to an HTTPS SSL connection.	
	Note : This will encrypt the data between the radio and the web client, but will make the interface load and run more slowly.	

6.3.4. MAC Filter

STOP

Warning! Use caution when entering MAC addresses in this list. Incorrect entries can lock the radio.

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MAC Filter	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	MAC Filter scroll box in the MAC Filter area of the Security window (on page 156).
Terminal Menu:	(5) Security > (6) MAC Filter
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	Blank
Options:	Any valid MAC address.
Description:	Devices with MAC addresses in the MAC Filter parameter are permitted to communicate over the Ethernet port of the radio.
	This list is specific for each radio and is used only in LANs.
	All other traffic is refused.
	• If the MAC Filter parameter is blank, all traffic is allowed.
	Add a MAC Address
	 Enter a hardware (MAC) address in the MAC Filter text box. MAC addresses contain six hexadecimal segments separated by colons.
	Example: F0:4d:a2:6D:7F:2b.
	2. Click Add the MAC address into the MAC Filter list.
	Delete a MAC Address
	1. Select a MAC address in the MAC Filter list.
	2. Click Delete to remove that address from the list.
	Delete all MAC Addresses
	Click Clear to remove every entry in the MAC Filter list.

6.3.5. Peer To Peer

Peer To Peer	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	Peer To Peer check box in the Misc area of the Security window (on page 156).
Terminal Menu:	(5) Security > (9) Peer-to-Peer
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	Enabled
Options:	Disabled
	Enabled

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6. Security Settings

Peer To Peer	
Setting	Description
Description:	Select this check box to allow the Gateway to build a table of Ethernet devices connected over its radio link.
	 When the Gateway receives a packet over its radio link, it compares the destination of that packet to its address table.
	 If the destination is found in the table, the Gateway re-transmits that packet over the radio link instead of applying it to the Ethernet port.
	 If disabled, data the Gateway receives over the radio link is always applied to the Ethernet port only.

6.3.6. RADIUS Enable

Note: This option is controlled from the Gateway only. It has **no** functionality on Endpoints or MultiPoint Repeaters.

RADIUS Enable	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	Enable RADIUS check box in the RADIUS Authentication Configuration area of the .
Terminal Menu:	(5) Security > (0) Radius
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	Disabled
Options:	Disabled
	Enabled
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RADIUS Enable	
Setting	Description
Description:	Select this check box to enable RADIUS authentication from the Endpoints or MultiPoints through the Gateway.
	 Enabling RADIUS authentication on the Gateway requires all of its Endpoints and MultiPoint Repeaters to authenticate to a central RADIUS server.
	 The RADIUS server must be connected to the same LAN segment to which the Gateway is connected.
	 The radios do NOT accept any authentication packets through their own Ethernet port.
	 The ports are part of a hardware Ethernet switch that is integrated into the device.
	• If the radio cannot connect with the RADIUS server, the radio (and its Configuration Windows (on page 145)) can still be reached via its IP address through the over-the-air portion of the network, with the local Ethernet access to the over-the-air portion of the network blocked.
	Important!: For security purposes, if the radio cannot authenticate with the RADIUS server due to a bad password or other authentication credentials, the radio goes into offline mode, blocking all access. It reboots in five minutes.

6.3.7. RADIUS IP Address

Note: This option is controlled from the Gateway only. It has **no** functionality on Endpoints or MultiPoint Repeaters.

RADIUS IP Address	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	RADIUS IP Address text box in the RADIUS Authentication Configuration area of the .
Terminal Menu:	(5) Security > (1) Radius IP Address
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	Blank
Options:	Any valid IP address.
Description:	This is the IP address of the RADIUS server.
	Important!: DNS names are NOT accepted.

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6.3.8. RADIUS Port

Note: This option is controlled from the Gateway only. It has **no** functionality on Endpoints or MultiPoint Repeaters.

RADIUS Port	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	RADIUS Port Number text box in the RADIUS Authentication Configuration area of the .
Terminal Menu:	(5) Security > (2) Radius Port
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	1812
Options:	Any valid port number between 0 and 65535.
Description:	This is the port number of the RADIUS server's authentication port.

6.3.9. Reboot Interval

Reboot Interval	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	Reboot Interval list box in the Misc area of the Security window (on page 156).
Terminal Menu:	(5) Security > (10) Reboot Interval
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	Disabled
Options:	Disabled
	• 1 , 2, 4, 8, 12 Hour
	• 1, 2, 4, 7, 14, 30 Days
Description:	Click the list box arrow and select the interval of time between the reboot of the HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO.

6.3.10. Shared Secret

Note: This option is used on Endpoints and MultiPoint Repeaters only. It has **no** functionality on Gateways.

Shared Secret	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	Shared Secret text box in the RADIUS Authentication Configuration area of the .
Terminal Menu:	(5) Security > (3) Shared Secret
Network Type:	Both

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Shared Secret	
Setting	Description
Default Setting:	Blank
Options:	Any free form text.
Description:	This is the secret for the RADIUS server.
	 Enter the IP address of the radio in the RADIUS server's Clients file.
	 Each radio acts as a client when accessing the RADIUS server for authentication.
	Note : Free form text fields CANNOT use any of these characters: %, &, +, =, < or >.

6.3.11. User Password

Note: This option is used on Endpoints and MultiPoint Repeaters only. It has **no** functionality on Gateways.

User Password	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	User-Password text box in the RADIUS Authentication Configuration area of the .
Terminal Menu:	(5) Security > (4) User-Password
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	Blank
Options:	Any free form text.
Description:	The RADIUS password for the radio.
	An entry for the radio should be created in the RADIUS server's Users file.
	 The radio always reports its serial number, minus any hyphens, as its User Name.
	Note : Free form text fields CANNOT use any of these characters: %, &, +, =, < or >.

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7. SNMP Settings

Use the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) settings located in the SNMP tab or SNMP window to monitor the state of the radio for conditions that may require special attention.

The information in this section assumes familiarity with SNMP and its use.

Note: Each of the SNMP-manageable objects is also contained in the FREEWAVE-TECHNOLOGIES-MIB file that can be imported into the system. The basic description of each element available in that file is available in Object List for FREEWAVE-TECHNOLOGIES-MIB on page 191. The file is available from FreeWave upon request.

Defining SNMP management conditions requires:

- SNMP Agent Information SNMP version and passwords.
- **Trap Configuration** The fault time and the IP address of the location that is gathering the fault conditions.
- Trap Limits The high and low limits after which a fault occurs.

This section includes:

- SNMP Parameter Reference (on page 112)
- SNMP Trap Limits Parameter Reference (on page 118)

7.1. SNMP Parameter Reference

This section contains the SNMP parameters.

Note: See the Parameter Preference (on page 14) for the parameter table descriptions of the parameters and controls.

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7.1.1. Authentication Method

Note: This option is only available when v3 is selected in the SNMP Version on page 115.

Authentication Method	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	List box next to the Authentication Password text box in the SNMP Agent Configuration area of the SNMP window (on page 165).
Terminal Menu:	(6) SNMP > (4) Version
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	MD5
Options:	MD5, SH1
Description:	Select the encryption algorithm for the SNMP agent.

7.1.2. Authentication Password (v3)

Note: This option is only available when v3 is selected in the SNMP Version on page 115.

Authentication Password (v3)	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	Authentication Password (v3) text box in the SNMP Agent Configuration area of the SNMP window (on page 165).
Terminal Menu:	(6) SNMP > (3) Authentication Password
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	Blank
Options:	Any free form text
Description:	This is the password needed for SNMP v3 authentication.
	 The password must be at least 8 characters in length.
	Note : Free form text fields CANNOT use any of these characters: %, &, +, =, < or >.

7.1.3. Min Fault Time

Min Fault Time	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	Min fault Time (Seconds) list box in the SNMP Trap Configuration area of the SNMP window (on page 165).
Terminal Menu:	(6) SNMP > (9) Min Fault Time

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Min Fault Time	
Setting	Description
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	300
Options:	30, 60, 90, 120, 150, 180, 210, 240, 270, and 300 seconds
Description:	Select the amount of time a trap condition must be continuously present before an SNMP trap is sent to the Trap Managers.

7.1.4. Privacy Method

Privacy Method	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	List box next to the Privacy Password text box in the SNMP Agent Configuration area of the SNMP window (on page 165).
Terminal Menu:	(6) SNMP > (6) Version
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	AES
Options:	• AES
	• DES
Description:	Select the encryption algorithm for the SNMP Agent.

7.1.5. Privacy Password (v3)

Note: This option is only available when v3 is selected as the SNMP Version on page 115.

Privacy Password (v3)	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	Privacy Password text box in the SNMP Agent Configuration area of the SNMP window (on page 165).
Terminal Menu:	(6) SNMP > (5) Privacy Password
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	Blank
Options:	Any free form text.
Description:	This is the password needed for SNMP v3 privacy.
	The password must be at least 8 characters in length.
	Note : Free form text fields CANNOT use any of these characters: %, &, +, =, < or >.

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7.1.6. Read Community

Read Communit	Read Community	
Setting	Description	
Web Parameter:	Read Community text box in the SNMP Agent Configuration area of the SNMP window (on page 165).	
Terminal Menu:	(6) SNMP > (1) Read Community	
Network Type:	Both	
Default Setting:	Blank	
Options:	Any free form text using a maximum of 25 characters.	
Description:	Enter the SNMP community name that has read access.	
	 The Read Communitytext box is also used for the SNMPv3 username when reading SNMP information. 	
	Note : Free form text fields CANNOT use any of these characters: %, &, +, =, < or >.	

7.1.7. SNMP Version

SNMP Version	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	SNMP Version list box in the SNMP Agent Configuration area of the SNMP window (on page 165).
Terminal Menu:	(6) SNMP > (0) SNMP Version
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	Disabled
Options:	Disabled
	• v1
	• v2
	• V3
Description:	The version of the Simple Network Protocol (SNMP) currently used.

7.1.8. Trap Community

Trap Community	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	Trap Community text box in the SNMP Trap Configuration area of the SNMP window (on page 165).
Terminal Menu:	(6) SNMP > (8) Trap Community

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Trap Community	
Setting	Description
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	Blank
Options:	Any free form text.
Description:	Enter the SNMP Community name that has trap access. Note: Free form text fields CANNOT use any of these characters: %, &, +, =, < or >.

7.1.9. Trap Manager IP

Trap Manager IP	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	Trap Manager 1 IP and Trap Manager 2 IP text boxes in the SNMP Trap Configuration area of the SNMP window (on page 165).
Terminal Menu:	(6) SNMP > (A) Trap Manager 1 IP
	(6) SNMP > (B) Trap Manager 2 IP
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	0.0.0.0
Options:	Any valid IP address.
Description:	Enter the IP addresses of the authorized SNMP Trap Managers.
	Note: DNS names are NOT accepted.

7.1.10. Trap Version

Trap Version	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	Trap Version list box in the SNMP Trap Configuration area of the SNMP window (on page 165).
Terminal Menu:	(6) SNMP > (7) Trap Version
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	Disabled
Options:	Disabled
	• v1
	• v2
Description:	Select the trap version supported by the SNMP Agent.

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7.1.11. Write Community

Write Community	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	Write Community text box in the SNMP Agent Configuration area of the SNMP window (on page 165).
Terminal Menu:	(6) SNMP > (2) Write Community
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	Blank
Options:	Any free form text up to 25 characters.
Description:	Enter the SNMP community name that has write access. Note: Free form text fields CANNOT use any of these characters: %, &, +, =, < or >.

7.2. SNMP Trap Limits Parameter Reference

This section contains the high and low trap limits.

• In the Configuration Windows, use the check boxes and list boxes in the SNMP Trap Limits section of the SNMP page to set the trap limits.

Note: See the Parameter Preference (on page 14) for the parameter table descriptions of the parameters and controls.

7.2.1. Delta Alarm Enable

Delta Alarm Enable	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	S-N Delta Enable check box in the SNMP Trap Limits area of the SNMP window (on page 165).
Terminal Menu:	(6) SNMP > (L) S-N Delta Trap
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	Disabled
Options:	Disabled
	Enabled
Description:	Enables a trap for the calculated difference between the signal level and the noise level of the radio.
	The trap condition is present based on the settings in the Delta Alarm Below parameter.

7.2.2. Delta Alarm Below

Delta Alarm Below	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	S-N Delta Alarm Below list box in the SNMP Trap Limits area of the SNMP window (on page 165).
Terminal Menu:	(6) SNMP > (K) Below
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	30
Options:	Any whole number between 10 and 40 in increments of 5.
Description:	If the Delta Alarm Enable on page 118 parameter is set to Enabled , a trap condition occurs if the calculated difference between the radio's signal level and noise level goes below the value selected in this parameter.

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7.2.3. Noise Alarm Above

Noise Alarm Above	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	Noise Alarm Above list box in the SNMP Trap Limits area of the SNMP window (on page 165).
Terminal Menu:	(6) SNMP > (Q) Above
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	-100
Options:	Any whole, negative number between -100 and -70 in increments of 5.
Description:	If the Noise Alarm Enable (on page 119) parameter is set to Enabled , a trap condition occurs if the noise level goes above the value set in this parameter.

7.2.4. Noise Alarm Enable

Noise Alarm Enable	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	Noise Enable check box in the SNMP Trap Limits area of the SNMP window (on page 165).
Terminal Menu:	(6) SNMP > (P) Noise Trap
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	Disabled
Options:	Disabled
	Enabled
Description:	Enables a trap for the noise level of the radio.
	The trap condition is present based on the setting in the Noise Alarm Above (on page 119).

7.2.5. Reflected Alarm Above

Reflected Alarm Above	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	Reflected Power Above list box in the SNMP Trap Limits area of the SNMP window (on page 165).
Terminal Menu:	(6) SNMP > (K) Above
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	2
Options:	Any whole number between 0 and 40 in increments of 2 (i.e., 2, 4, 6, 8, etc.)
Description:	If the Reflected Alarm Enable (on page 120) parameter is set to Enabled , a trap condition occurs if the reflected power goes above the value in this parameter.

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7.2.6. Reflected Alarm Enable

Reflected Alarm Enable	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	Reflected Power Enable check box in the SNMP Trap Limits area of the SNMP window (on page 165).
Terminal Menu:	(6) SNMP > (J) Reflected Power Trap
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	Disabled
Options:	Disabled
	Enabled
Description:	Enables a trap for the reflected power of the radio.
	Note : The trap condition is present based on the settings in the Reflected Alarm Above (on page 119).

7.2.7. Rx Rate Alarm Below

Rx Rate Alarm Below	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	Rx % Rate Below list box in the SNMP Trap Limits area of the SNMP window (on page 165).
Terminal Menu:	(6) $SNMP > (G) Below$
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	90
Options:	Any percentage between 50 and 100 in increments of 5 (i.e., 5, 10, 15, 20, etc.)
Description:	If the Rx Rate Alarm Enable (on page 120) parameter is set to Enabled , a trap condition occurs if the receive percent goes below the value set in this parameter.

7.2.8. Rx Rate Alarm Enable

Rx Rate Alarm Enable	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	Rx % Rate Enable check box in the SNMP Trap Limits area of the SNMP window (on page 165).
Terminal Menu:	(6) SNMP > (F) Rx % Trap
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	Disabled

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7. SNMP Settings

Rx Rate Alarm Enable	
Setting	Description
Options:	Disabled
	Enabled
Description:	Enables a trap for the receive percentage of the radio.
	The trap condition is present based on the settings in the Rx Rate Alarm Below (on page 120).

7.2.9. Signal Alarm Below

Signal Alarm Below	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	Signal Alarm Below list box in the SNMP Trap Limits area of the SNMP window (on page 165).
Terminal Menu:	(6) SNMP > (0) Below
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	-90
Options:	Any whole, negative number between -100 and -70 in increments of 5.
Description:	If the Signal Alarm Enable on page 121 parameter is set to Enabled , a trap condition occurs if the signal level goes below the value set in this parameter.

7.2.10. Signal Alarm Enable

Signal Alarm Enable	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	Signal Enable check box in the SNMP Trap Limits area of the SNMP window (on page 165).
Terminal Menu:	(6) SNMP > (N) Signal Trap
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	Disabled
Options:	Disabled
	Enabled
Description:	Enables a trap for the signal level the radio reports.
	The trap condition is present based on the settings in the Signal Alarm Below (on page 121).

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7.2.11. Tx Rate Alarm Below

Tx Rate Alarm Below	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	Tx % Rate Below list box in the SNMP Trap Limits area of the SNMP window (on page 165).
Terminal Menu:	(6) SNMP > (I) Below
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	90
Options:	Any percentage between 50 and 100 in increments of 5.
Description:	If the Tx Rate Alarm Enable on page 122 parameter is set to Enabled , a trap condition occurs if the transmit percent goes below the value set in this parameter.

7.2.12. Tx Rate Alarm Enable

Tx Rate Alarm Enable	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	Tx % Rate Enable check box in the SNMP Trap Limits area of the SNMP window (on page 165).
Terminal Menu:	(6) SNMP > (H) Tx % Trap
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	Disabled
Options:	Disabled
	Enabled
Description:	Enables a trap for the transmit percentage of the radio.
	The trap condition is present based on the settings in the Tx Rate Alarm Below (on page 122).

7.2.13. Voltage Alarm Above

Voltage Alarm Above	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	Voltage Alarm Above list box in the SNMP Trap Limits area of the SNMP window (on page 165).
Terminal Menu:	(6) SNMP > (D) Above
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	30
Options:	Any whole number between 6 and 30.
Description:	If the Voltage Alarm Enable on page 123 parameter is set to Enabled , a trap condition occurs if the voltage goes above the value set in this parameter.

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7.2.14. Voltage Alarm Below

Voltage Alarm Below	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	Voltage Alarm Below list box in the SNMP Trap Limits area of the SNMP window (on page 165).
Terminal Menu:	(6) SNMP > (E) Below
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	6
Options:	Any whole number between 6 and 30 VDC.
Description:	If the Voltage Alarm Enable on page 123 parameter is set to Enabled , a trap condition occurs if the voltage goes below the value set in this parameter.

7.2.15. Voltage Alarm Enable

Voltage Alarm Enable	
Setting	Description
Web Parameter:	Voltage Enable check box in the SNMP Trap Limits area of the SNMP window (on page 165).
Terminal Menu:	(6) SNMP > (C) Voltage Trap
Network Type:	Both
Default Setting:	Disabled
Options:	Disabled
	Enabled
Description:	Enables a trap for the supply voltage of the radio.
	The trap condition is present based on the settings in the Voltage Alarm Above (on page 122) and Voltage Alarm Below (on page 123).

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8. Viewing Radio Status and Statistics

A PLUS Radio's status and statistics are available on the Status window on page 167.

Note: This window is read-only and cannot be changed.

This information appears in the header at the top of each window:

• Radio model (pink highlight).

Note: This example image shows the HT-P / PE and HTP900 **Status** window. The header information is the same for the FGR2-P / PE window.

- IP address (blue highlight).
- MAC (hardware address-green highlight).
- Serial number for the radio (orange highlight).
- The user currently logged in (yellow highlight).
- The IP address logging into the radio (yellow highlight).

FREEWAVE	192.168.111.100 * 1	HT+ 192.168.111.100 * MAC=00:07:E7:87:31:EB * Serial#=8860139				
Status						
IP Setup		Hardware Information				
Serial Setup 1	Firmware Version	3.01.15 Dec 2 2014				
Serial Setup 2	Wireless Version	+7.71i				
Radio Setun	Software Boot Version	3				
rtadio cotap	Hardware Version	1				

Figure 41: HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO Header Information

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Use the Diagnostics window to view the signal level, noise level, signal-to-noise difference, and receive rate for each frequency available on the radio.

Note: When viewing diagnostic information for a Point-to-MultiPoint Gateway, the header page always shows **I am currently not connected.**

8.1. Refreshing and Resetting Statistics

To refresh the contents of the Status page automatically, select the **Auto Refresh Page** check box at the bottom of the page.

- When this check box is selected, the Status page is updated approximately every 10 seconds to reflect the current state of the radio.
- By default, this check box is NOT selected and the Status page does NOT automatically refresh.

Note: Navigating away from the Status page causes the Auto Refresh page to revert to its deselected default.

To reset all the statistics on the Status window to 0, click the Reset button.

8.2. Available Statistics

8.2.1. admin From

The serial number of the radio's upstream connection, (e.g., the network Gateway or a Repeater).

Note: This information appears in the header of the Status window on page 167.

8.2.2. Bad Packets

The number of Ethernet packets the radio has thrown away due to a bad CRC checksum.

8.2.3. Broadcast Packets

The number of packets sent over the radio where the broadcast address was the packet destination.

8.2.4. Connected To

The serial number of the radio's upstream connection (e.g., the network Gateway or a Repeater.

```
Note: This statistic is a 0 (zero) in a Multipoint Gateway.
```

8.2.5. Disconnect Count

Note: This statistic is NOT valid in MultiPoint Gateways or Point-to-Point Repeaters.

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This is the number of times the radio has lost its RF connection to its upstream connection.

8.2.6. Distance

The distance between this radio and the radio to which it is directly linked.

- Distances greater than 3/5 of a mile are typically accurate to within 100 feet.
- Shorter distances are not reported accurately.

8.2.7. Firmware Version

The current version number of the firmware revision installed on the radio.

Note: For information about upgrading the software, see Upgrading the HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO PLUS Radio Software Using a TFTP Server.

8.2.8. Hardware Version

For internal FreeWave use.

Note: A Technical Support representative may ask for this information.

8.2.9. Noise

The level of background noise and interference at this radio.

- The number is an average of the noise levels measured at each frequency in the radio's frequency hop table.
- Ideally, noise levels should be below -80 dBm.

FreeWave Recommends: The difference between the average signal level and average noise level should be 30 dBm or more.

- Noise levels significantly higher than this are an indication of a high level of interference that may degrade the performance of the link.
- High noise levels can often be mitigated with band pass filters, antenna placement, or antenna polarization.

8.2.10. Notes

Any additional information provided about the radio as defined in the **Notes** parameter on the Tools window (on page 170).

Note: For more information, see Providing Site Information (on page 33).

8.2.11. Packets Dropped

The number of Ethernet packets the radio has thrown away because its data buffer is full.

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8.2.12. Packets Sent

The number of Ethernet packets and bytes of data the radio has sent over its radio link.

8.2.13. Peer to Peer Packets

Note: This statistic is only valid in a MultiPoint Gateway.

The number of packets the Gateway has received from the radio link and re-transmitted out, as the destination address was determined to be across the radio link.

8.2.14. Radio Addressed Packets

The number of packets sent over the radio where another radio in the wireless network was the packet destination.

8.2.15. Radio Parse Error

The number or errors in data transmission between the Ethernet stack and the radio interface.

8.2.16. Received

The number of Ethernet packets and bytes of data the radio has received over its radio link.

8.2.17. Reflected Power

A measurement of the transmitted power that is reflected back into the radio from mismatched antennas, mismatched cables, or loose connections between the radio and the antenna.

Reflected	Reflected Power				
Reading	Value				
0 to 5	Good				
5 to 29	Acceptable to marginal				
30+	Unacceptable				
	Important! : Indicates that the connections should be inspected for loose connectors and cable quality.				

8.2.18. RX Success Rate

Note: This statistic is only valid in a MultiPoint network.

- This is the percentage of packets this radio has successfully received.
- This statistic displays **0.00%** in a MultiPoint Gateway.

FreeWave Recommends: A minimum 75% success rate for proper radio operation.

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8.2.19. RX Throughput

The throughput of data being received over the radio link within the last 1 second.

8.2.20. Signal

The level of received signal at this radio.

- The signal source is the radio that transmits to this radio, shown in the **Connected To** field.
- The number is an average of the received signal levels measured at each frequency in the radio's frequency hop table.

FreeWave Recommends: For a reliable link, the margin between the average signal level and average noise level should be **30 dBm** or more.

 Low average signal levels can often be corrected with higher gain antennas, better antenna placement, and/or additional Repeaters.

Note: See the installation manual for antenna and FCC requirements.

8.2.21. Site Contact

The contact information for the radio as defined in Providing Site Information (on page 33).

8.2.22. Site Name

The name of the radio's site as defined in Providing Site Information (on page 33).

8.2.23. Software Boot Version

For internal FreeWave use.

Note: A Technical Support representative may ask for this information.

8.2.24. System Name

The name of the system in which the radio resides as defined in Providing Site Information (on page 33).

8.2.25. Temperature

The current operating temperature of the radio in both degrees Celsius and degrees Fahrenheit.

8.2.26. TX Success Rate

Note: This statistic is only valid on MultiPoint Endpoints.

- This is the percentage of packets the radio has sent that successfully reached the upstream radio (e.g., the Gateway or a Repeater).
- This statistic shows 0.00% on a MultiPoint Gateway or MultiPoint Repeater.

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FreeWave Recommends: A minimum of 75% success rate for proper radio operation.

8.2.27. TX Throughput

The throughput of data being transmitted over the radio link within the last 1 second.

8.2.28. Un-Acked Packets

The number of Ethernet packets sent using a broadcast MAC address.

Note: The destination device does NOT acknowledge these packets.

In a network where the **Repeaters** parameter is set to **Enabled**, all packets become unacknowledged, and this statistic displays a high number of packets.

In a network where the **Repeaters** parameter is set to **Disabled**, this statistic can indicate:

- On the Gateway, this statistic shows a packet that is addressed to a device the Gateway believes is on its wireless network, the Gateway has exhausted all of its packet retries, and the Gateway never received any acknowledgments for that packet. Reasons for this include the following:
 - The destination address is not actually in the wireless network.
 - The destination could not hear the packet from the Gateway.
 - The Gateway could not hear the acknowledgment from the destination.
- On an Endpoint, this statistic shows a packet that is being sent to the Gateway, the Endpoint has received no acknowledgments from the Gateway, and the Endpoint has exhausted its maximum number of attempts per the Slave Connect Odds parameter.

It is still possible that any packet included in this statistic was successfully delivered, but the radio is unable to obtain an acknowledgment that the packet succeeded.

8.2.29. Upstream Noise

The value refers to the amount of noise between the HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO device and the upstream device.

8.2.30. Upstream Signal

The value refers to the signal strength between the HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO device and the upstream device.

Note: This information is only available if the HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO device is a Repeater or and Endpoint.

8.2.31. Uptime

This is the total time the radio has been running since the last reboot.

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Note: This information is only available if the HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO device is a Repeater or and Endpoint.

8.2.32. Voltage

The voltage level of the power being supplied to the radio.

8.2.33. Wireless Version

This identifies the current version number of the Radio Frequency module's software.

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9. Data Communication Link Examples

A FreeWave radio's versatility allows data communication links to be established using a variety of different configurations.

- Example 1: Gateway to Endpoint (on page 132).
- Example 2: Gateway, Repeater, and Endpoint (on page 132).
- Example 3: Gateway, Two Repeaters, and Endpoint (on page 133).
- Example 4: Gateway, Repeater, and Multiple Endpoints (on page 134).
- Example 5: Standard Point-to-MultiPoint Network (on page 135).
- Example 6: Point-to-MultiPoint Network with an Endpoint/Repeater Site (on page 136).

Note: Subnet examples are here: Assigning Subnet Values on page 137.

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9.1. Example 1: Gateway to Endpoint

This example shows the most common and straight forward link; a Gateway communicating to an Endpoint in a Point-to-Point link.



Figure 42: Example 1: Gateway to Endpoint

9.2. Example 2: Gateway, Repeater, and Endpoint

This example shows how a link might be set up using a Repeater.

- The Repeater may be located on a hilltop or other elevated structure enhancing the link from the Gateway to the Endpoint.
- In this configuration, it may be desirable to use an external Omni-directional antenna at the Repeater.
 - Yagi antennas may be used at both the Gateway and Endpoint radios.
- When a Repeater is used, the RF throughput is cut in half.

Important!: Adding a Repeater to a network cuts the network throughput by 50%.



Figure 43: Example 2: Gateway, Repeater, Endpoint

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9.3. Example 3: Gateway, Two Repeaters, and Endpoint

This example shows a link with two Repeaters between the Gateway and Endpoint.

- With two Repeaters, there is clearly more flexibility in getting around obstacles and greater total range is possible.
- When two Repeaters are used, there is no further degradation in the RF throughput of the link.

Use external Omni-directional antennas with the Repeaters. Attach a Yagi to the Gateway and Endpoint to increase the range of the link.



Figure 44: Example 3: Gateway, Two Repeaters, and Endpoint

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9.4. Example 4: Gateway, Repeater, and Multiple Endpoints

This example shows a configuration where a Gateway routinely calls a number of Endpoints at different times.

- The Gateway is communicating with a radio designated as an Endpoint/Repeater that is connected to a remote device.
- Since this device is placed in an elevated location, the radio may also be used as a Repeater when it is not used as an Endpoint.
- At any time the Gateway may call any of the Endpoints, establish a connection, and send and receive data.



Figure 45: Example 4: Gateway, Repeater, and Multiple Endpoints

9.5. Example 5: Standard Point-to-MultiPoint Network

This example shows a standard Point-to-MultiPoint network.

- From the Gateway, any data is broadcast to all three Endpoints, one of which receives it through a MultiPoint Repeater.
- The data is sent out of the serial port of each of the three Endpoints.
- The end device should be configured to interpret the serial message and act on it, if necessary.



Figure 46: Example 5: Standard Point-to-MultiPoint Network

9.6. Example 6: Point-to-MultiPoint Network with an Endpoint/Repeater Site

This example is a Point-to-MultiPoint network which uses one of the sites as an Endpoint/Repeater.

- This network functions in the same manner as a standard MultiPoint network with Repeaters.
- However, the number of radios may be reduced with the use of the MultiPoint Endpoint/Repeater feature.



Figure 47: Example 6: Point-to-MultiPoint Network with an Endpoint/Repeater Site

Note: A poor signal path can cause a link to drop or miss data. If a re-transmit of the missed data is required, this takes time and can cause the network to slow. When the radio network is designed, ensure that the links are set up at optimal distances to ensure good signal quality throughout the network.

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9.7. Assigning Subnet Values

Subnet IDs consist of two parts, both available in the **Multipoint Parameters** area of the Radio Setup window:

- **Rx** This setting identifies the radio a Repeater or Endpoint listens to.
- Tx This setting identifies the ID this device transmits on and which devices listen to it.
 - The **Tx Subnet ID** parameter is **only** relevant for MultiPoint Gateway radios and Repeaters.
- The default (disable) setting for both Rx and Tx is F,F.
 - This is a visual way to indicate that the device is the final in the line of communication and does NOT use a subnet ID.
- A MultiPoint Endpoint with a Subnet ID of F,F does NOT roam from one Repeater or network to the next.
 - It only links to a Gateway or Repeater that has either a Tx setting of 0 (zero) or an F, F Subnet ID.
- Setting both the Rx and Tx Subnet ID to 0 allows a mobile Endpoint to roam from subnet to subnet, and possibly from network to network, provided the Network ID, Max and Min Packet Size, and RF Data Rates are the same between networks.

The examples in this section show the subnet definitions from the Gateway radio through the network to the Endpoint radios. When the subnet path is defined, the Endpoint radios can follow the route back to the Gateway.

9.7.1. Subnet Example 1

This example shows a network where subnet IDs are used to force communications along a specific path.



Subnet ID Settings for This Example				
Radio	Rx	Тх	Additional Information	
Gateway	0	0	The default settings (F, F) actually use 0, 0.	
			The Rx Subnet on the Gateway has no effect on the network.	
Repeater1	0	1	A 0 (zero) forces the radio to link only to the Gateway.	
Repeater2	1	2	Rx Subnet = 1 forces communication through Repeater 1. Repeater 1 transmits on subnet 2.	
Endpoint	2	F	Rx Subnet = ² forces communication through Repeater 2.	
			The Endpoint is the end of the network, so its Tx Subnet is <mark>F</mark> .	

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9.7.2. Subnet Example 2

In this example:

- Repeater 2 must communicate through Repeater 1.
- The Endpoint connected to Repeater 1 must route through Repeater 1.
- The other two Endpoint radios must route through Endpoint/Repeater 2.



Subnet ID Settings for This Example					
Radio	Rx	Тх	Additional Information		
Gateway	0	0	The default settings (F, F) actually use 0, 0.		
			The Rx Subnet on the Gateway has no effect on the network.		
Endpoint 1	0	F	Rx Subnet = 0 forces the radio to link only to the Gateway.		
			The Endpoint does NOT transmit to any device except the Gateway, so its Tx Subnet is F .		
Repeater 1	0	1	Rx Subnet = ⁰ forces the radio to link only to the Gateway.		
			Transmits on subnet <mark>1</mark> .		
Endpoint 2	0	F	Rx Subnet = ⁰ forces the radio to link only to the Gateway.		
Endpoint / Repeater	1	2	Rx Subnet = 1 forces the radio to link only to Repeater 1.		
2			It transmits on Tx Subnet 2 to Endpoint 4 and 5.		
Endpoint 3	1	F	Rx Subnet = ¹ forces the radio to link only to Repeater 1.		
			The Endpoint does not transmit to any device except Repeater 1, so its Tx Subnet is <mark>F</mark> .		
Endpoint 4	2	F	Rx Subnet = ² forces the radio to link with Endpoint/Repeater 2.		
Endpoint 5	2	F	Rx Subnet = ² forces the radio to link with Endpoint/Repeater 2.		

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9.7.3. Subnet Example 3

In this example:

- Repeater 1 must talk directly to the Gateway.
- Repeater 2 must talk directly to Repeater 1.
- Endpoint 1, 2, and 3 are forced along the direction of the solid lines.
- Endpoint 4 may link to the first Gateway or Repeater it hears in the network.



Subnet ID Settings for this Example				
Radio	Rx	Тх	Additional Information	
Gateway	0-F	0-F	The default settings (F, F) actually use 0, 0.	
			The Rx Subnet on the Gateway has no effect on the network.	
Repeater 1	0	1	A 0 forces the radio to link only to the Gateway.	
Repeater 2	1	2	Rx Subnet = ¹ forces communication through Repeater 1.	
			Repeater 1 transmits on Subnet ID 1.	
Endpoint 1	0	0 or F	Rx Subnet = ⁰ forces communication through the Gateway.	
Endpoint 2	1	0 or F	Rx Subnet = ¹ forces communication through Repeater 1.	
Endpoint 3	2	0 or F	Rx Subnet = ² forces communication through Repeater 2.	
Endpoint 4	0	0	The 0 , 0 setting allows the Endpoint to link with the first Gateway or Repeater it hears with the same Network ID .	

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10. Additional Radio Information

This chapter contains additional information about the radios described in this manual:

- Operational RS422 and RS485 information
- Connector pin assignments

10.1. Operational RS422 and RS485 Information

For RS422 and RS485, the FreeWave radio can drive 32 standard unit loads and loads the bus with only 1/8 unit load. A maximum of 256 devices can be tied on the bus if all of the line receivers have 1/8 unit load.

10.1.1. RS422

RS422 is used for 4-wire or full duplex communication with one Gateway and multiple Endpoint radios.

The Gateway radio keeps the line driver asserted at all times. The maximum line length is 4,000 feet using two, 120 ohm twisted pair cables with a fifth wire for data common.

10.1.2. RS485

RS485 full duplex using 4-wire plus common is the same as RS422, except the system can have multiple Masters on the bus.

The most common operation of RS485 is a two-wire comprised of a 120 ohm impedance single twisted pair.

- Maximum line length is also 4,000 feet with a third wire required for data common.
- The FreeWave radio checks the line to be certain no other device is transmitting before enabling the line driver for data transmission.

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Note: There is no provision for handshaking in any of the above modes of operation, so data rates of 57.6 KBaud and above are not recommended without a protocol that can handle error detection properly.

10.2. RS422 and RS485 Full Duplex Pinouts

RS422 and RS485 Full Duplex Pinouts			
Function	RJ-45 Pin Number		
RX+	3		
RX-5	7		
TX+	2		
TX-	8		
Signal Ground	5		

10.3. RS485 Half Duplex Pinouts

RS485 Half Duplex Pinouts			
Function	DB-9 Pin Number		
Wire to both pins for Bus +	Short 2 and 3		
Wire to both pins for Bus -	Short 7 and 8		
Signal Ground	5		

10.4. RS232 Pin Assignments (DB-9)

RS2	RS232 Pin Assignments (DB-9)				
Pin	Assignment	Signal	Definition		
1	CD - Carrier Detect	Output	Used to show an RF connection between radios.		
2	TX - Transmit Data	Output	Used to transmit data bits serially from the radios to the system device.		
3	RX - Receive Data	Input	Used to receive data bits serially from the system device connected to the radios.		
4	DTR - Data Terminal Ready	Input	Used only in radios in Point-to-Point Slave / Master switchable mode or for DTR Connect.		
5	GND - Ground		Signal return for all signal lines shared with Pin 9.		
6	DSR - Data Set Ready	Output	Always high when the radio is powered from the Phoenix power connector.		
7	RTS - Request to Send	Input	The radio does not recognize RTS for flow control. RTS is used as a control line in RTS / CTS mode.		

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RS2	RS232 Pin Assignments (DB-9)				
Pin	Assignment	Signal	Definition		
8	CTS - Clear to Send	Output	 This signal is used to tell the system device connected to the radio that the radio is ready to receive data. When asserted, the radio will accept data, when de- asserted the radio does not accept data. Important!: This should always be used for data rates above 38.4 KB or a risk of lost data may occur if an RF link is not very robust. 		
9	GND - Ground	Signal return for all signal lines shared with Pin 5.			

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11. Approved Antennas

11.1. 900MHz Directional Antennas

Note: Per FCC approval, for HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO PLUS Radios, the maximum approved directional antenna gain is 8dBi.

900MHz Directional Antennas					
Gain (dBi)	Manufacturer	Manufacturer Model Number	FreeWave Model Number		
6	Larsen	YA6-900	EAN0906YA		
6	Bluewave	BMY890G5502N4	EAN0906YC		

11.2. 900MHz Omni-directional Antennas

Note: Per FCC approval, for HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO PLUS Radios, the maximum approved directional antenna gain is 5dBi.

900MHz Omni-directional Antennas						
Gain (dBi)	Manufacturer Manufacturer Model Number		FreeWave Model Number			
0	Mobile Mark	PSTG0-915FW	EAN0900RQ			
0	Mobile Mark	PSTN3-915N	EAN0900NH			
0	Mobile Mark	PSTG0-915SE	EAN0900SQ			
0	Mobile Mark	PSTN3-915S	EAN0900SH			
0	JEMA	JA900SS	EAN0900WR			

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11. Approved Antennas

900MHz Omni-directional Antennas						
Gain (dBi)	Manufacturer	Manufacturer Model Number	FreeWave Model Number			
3	Maxrad	MAX-9053	EAN0900WC			
5	Antennex	EB8965C	EAN0905WC			
5	Maxrad	BMEFC8985HD	EAN0905WC			

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12. Configuration Windows

This section provides a visual reference to each of the configuration windows.

 ${f K}$ Use these images as a reference to the windows when there currently is no access to the radio.

Note: For more information about using the configuration Web pages, see Navigating the Configuration Windows (on page 31).

- Add User window (on page 173).
- Call Book window (on page 151).
- Diagnostics window (on page 146).
- IP Setup window (on page 147).
- Radio Setup window (on page 149).
- Security window (on page 156).
- Serial Port Status window (on page 163)

- Serial Setup window (on page 160).
- SNMP window (on page 165).
- Status window (on page 167).
- Tools window (on page 170).
- Users window (on page 172).
- View Log window (on page 159)

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12.1. Diagnostics window

The **Diagnostics** window is used to identify frequency regions that may be overlapping with other devices or be somehow impaired.

Access and Window Description

On the Menu bar, click Diagnostics.

Status	HT+ 192.168.111.100 * MAC=00:07:E7:87:31:EB * Serial#=8860139 'admin' From 192.168.111.200				
IP Setup	I am Currently c	I am Currently connected to 0			
Serial Setup 1		-			
Serial Setup 2		Frequenc	y Information B	y Channel	
Radio Setup	Frequency (MHz)	Signal (dBm)	Noise (dBm)	Delta	%Rev Rate
Socurity	902.5536	-122	-101	-21	0.00%
CNIMD	903.1680	-122	-101	-21	0.00%
SNMP	903.7824	-122	-101	-21	0.00%
Diagnostics	904.3968	-122	-100	-22	0.00%
Users	905.0112	-122	-100	-22	0.00%
Tools	905.6256	-122	-101	-21	0.00%
	906.2400	-122	-100	-22	0.00%
Reboot	906.8544	-122	-99	-23	0.00%
	907.4688	-122	-99	-23	0.00%
	908.0832	-122	-100	-22	0.00%
	908.6976	-122	-99	-23	0.00%
	909 3120	<u>-</u> 122	_00	-23	0.00%

Figure 48: HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO Diagnostics window

Diagnostics window			
Control Title	Control Description		
Frequency (MHz) column	This is the frequency range that the signal strength and noise is being reported for.		
Signal (dBm) column	This is the signal strength for the specific frequency region.		
Noise (dBm) column	This is the noise for the specific frequency region.		
Delta column	This is the difference between the information in the Signal and Noise columns.		
% Rev Rate column	This is the number of successful packets as a percentage of the total of packets.		

Note: This window is read-only and cannot be changed.

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12.2. IP Setup window

In the IP Setup window, these are the available parameters:

- LAN Network Interface Configuration (Management) The local area network (LAN) settings.
- VLAN Configuration (Data) The virtual local area network (VLAN) settings.
 - A VLAN is a group of devices with a common set of requirements that communicate as if they were attached to the same domain, regardless of their network location.

Note: Not every network needs or uses VLAN IDs. The **VLAN Mode** setting is typically set to **Disabled**. Changes to VLAN settings should be approved by a network administrator.

- NTP Client The Network Time Protocol (NTP) settings.
 - The device with the IP address entered here is the device that the radios in the network use to synchronize their internal clocks.
- Syslog Server The system logging settings.
 - Enabling and setting IP addresses in the system server settings instructs the radio to send all its log entries to a system server.

Note: For more information, see Viewing the System Log (on page 100).

Access and Window Description

On the **Menu** bar, click **IP Setup**.



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IP Setup window				
Control Area	Control Title	Control Description		
LAN Network Interface Configuration (Management)	IP Address text box	IP Address (on page 52).		
LAN Network Interface Configuration (Management)	Subnet Mask text box	Subnet Mask (on page 56).		
LAN Network Interface Configuration (Management)	Default Gateway text box	Default Gateway (on page 51).		
LAN Network Interface Configuration (Management)	Web Page Port (http) text box	Web Page Port (http) (on page 61).		
LAN Network Interface Configuration (Management)	Spanning Tree check box	Spanning Tree (on page 55).		
LAN Network Interface Configuration (Management)	MTU (68-1500) text box	MTU (on page 53).		
VLAN Configuration (Data)	Mode list box	VLAN Mode (on page 59).		
VLAN Configuration (Data)	IP Address text box	VLAN IP Address (on page 58).		
VLAN Configuration (Data)	Subnet Mask text box	VLAN Subnet Mask (on page 60).		
VLAN Configuration (Data)	Default Gateway text box	VLAN Default Gateway (on page 58).		
VLAN Configuration (Data)	Management VLAN ID text box	Management VLAN ID (on page 59).		
VLAN Configuration (Data)	Data VLAN ID text box	Data VLAN ID (on page 57).		
VLAN Configuration (Data)	VLAN Trunk text box	VLAN Trunk ID 1 to VLAN Trunk ID 5 (on page 61).		
NTP Client	Enable check box	NTP Client Enable (on page 54).		
NTP Client	IP Address text box	NTP IP Address (on page 54).		
Syslog Server	Push to Server check box	Push to (Syslog) Server (on page 55).		
Syslog Server	Syslog Server 1 text box	Syslog Server 1 (on page 56).		
Syslog Server	Syslog Server 2 text box	Syslog Server 2 (on page 57).		
Syslog Server	Save / Apply button	Click to save the changes made in the window.		

Figure 49: HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO IP Setup window

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12.3. Radio Setup window

The Radio Setup window is used to set the general functioning of the radio.

Access and Window Description

On the Menu bar, click Radio Setup.

FREEWAVE	HT+ 192.168.111.100 * MAC=00:07:E7:87:31:EB * Serial#=8860139 'admin' From 192.168.111.200		
IP Setup	Operation Mode		
Serial Setup 1	Network Type	Multi-Point 👻	
Serial Setup 2	Modem Mode	Gateway 🔹	
Radio Setup		Transmission Characteristics	
Security	Frequency Key	5 •	
SNMP		♥ 902.6-903.8 ♥ 904.4-905.6 ♥ 906.2-906.9 ♥ 907.5-908.7	
Diagnostics	Zones	♥ 909.3-909.9 ♥ 910.5-911.8 ♥ 912.4-913.0 ♥ 913.6-914.8	
Users		♥ 915.5-916.7 ♥ 917.3-917.9 ♥ 918.5-919.8 ♥ 920.4-921.0 ♥ 921 6-922 8 ♥ 923 4-924 1 ♥ 924 7-925 9 ♥ 926 5-927 1	
Tools	Max Packet Size	9 •	
	Min Packet Size	1 •	
Reboot	Transmit Power	2 •	
	Retry Timeout	255 -	
	RF Data Rate	867 kbps •	
	Long Distance	Disabled V	
		Point-To-Point Parameters	
	Transmit Rate	Normal -	
	Call Book	Call Book	
		Multipoint Parameters	
	Addressed Repeat	3 -	
	Broadcast Repeat	3 -	
	Slave Connect Odds	9 - AND THEN Drop Data -	
	Master Tx Beacon	1 out of every 1 - Slots	
	Network ID	3333	
	Repeaters	Disabled -	
	Subnet ID (RX)	A •	
	Subnet ID (TX)	F •	
		Save/Apply	
	©2006-	2014 FreeWave Technologies, Inc.	

Figure 50: HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO Radio Setup window

Radio Setup window			
Control Area	Control Title	Control Description	
Operation Mode	Network Type list box	Network Type on page 91.	
Operation Mode	Modem Mode list box	Modem Mode on page 88.	
Transmission Characteristics	Frequency Key list box	Frequency Key on page 82.	

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12. Configuration Windows

Radio Setup window				
Control Area	Control Title	Control Description		
Transmission Characteristics	Zones check boxes	Frequency Zones on page 83.		
Transmission Characteristics	Max Packet Size list box	Max Packet Size and Min Packet Size on page 85.		
Transmission Characteristics	Min Packet Size list box	Max Packet Size and Min Packet Size on page 85.		
Transmission Characteristics	Transmit Power list box	Transmit Power on page 97.		
Transmission Characteristics	Retry Timeout list box	Retry Timeout on page 93.		
Transmission Characteristics	RF Data Rate list box	RF Data Rate on page 94.		
Transmission Characteristics	Long Distance list box	Long Distance on page 84.		
Point-to-Point Parameters	Transmit Rate list box	Transmit Rate on page 98.		
Point-to-Point Parameters	Call Book link	Click to open the Call Book window (on page 151).		
MultiPoint Parameters	Addressed Repeat list box	Addressed Repeat on page 80.		
MultiPoint Parameters	Broadcast Repeat list box	Broadcast Repeat on page 81.		
MultiPoint Parameters	Slave Connect Odds list box	Slave Attempts on page 94.		
MultiPoint Parameters	AND THEN list box	Slave Connect Odds on page 95.		
MultiPoint Parameters	Master Tx Beacon list box	Master Tx Beacon on page 84.		
MultiPoint Parameters	Network ID text box	Network ID on page 90.		
MultiPoint Parameters	Repeaters list box	Repeaters on page 92.		
MultiPoint Parameters	Subnet ID (RX) list box	Subnet ID on page 96.		
MultiPoint Parameters	Subnet ID (TX) list box	Subnet ID on page 96.		
MultiPoint Parameters	Save / Apply button	Click to save the changes made in the window.		

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12.4. Call Book window

Using the Call Book offers both security and flexibility in determining how FreeWave radios communicate with each other.

The Call Book window is used to designate this communication between the radios.

Important!: The Call Book is **required** in Point-to-Point networks. The instructions in this section are for Point-to-Point mode only.

Note: When functioning as an Endpoint, the **Entry to Call** feature in the radio's Call Book is not operational.

FreeWave Recommends: While the Call Book is an option in Point-to-MultiPoint networks, FreeWave strongly recommends using the **Network ID** feature in most applications. If a large MultiPoint network is implemented using the Call Book and a radio needs to be added or replaced in the network, each radio MUST be physically reprogrammed in the network and the new serial number entered in the radio's Call Book.

This can be a time consuming process and can cause a delay in getting the network back up and running.

Required: Set these options for two FreeWave radios to communicate in Point-to-Point mode:

- 1. The Gateway serial number must be listed in the Endpoint Call Book (Endpoint column).
- 2. The Endpoint serial number must be listed in the Call Book on the Gateway Call Book (**Endpoint** column).
- 3. The Gateway must be programmed to call the Endpoint (Entry to Call option).

The Call Book allows a maximum of 10 FreeWave radios.

- Designate:
 - 1 to 4 Repeaters to use with each radio.
 - which Endpoint the Gateway calls.
- To set the Entry to Call option:
 - a. Click the list box arrow and select the number in the Entry to Call list.
 - b. Select All to direct the Gateway to call all Endpoints.

If a Call Book entry uses 3 or 4 Repeaters:

- The total number of available Endpoint entries is reduced.
- An extra Call Book line is in use for Repeaters #3 and #4.
- To set the Entry to Call option, click the list box arrow and select the appropriate Entry number in the Entry to Call.

Important!: The Call Book slots (0-9) MUST be filled sequentially starting with slot 0 (zero).

- When a Gateway is instructed to Call All, it calls all Endpoints listed until it reaches the first serial number of 000-0000 (or a blank slot).
- If a serial number is entered after the all zero number or as a Repeater, the Gateway does not recognize it as a valid number.

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- To call an Endpoint through one or more Repeaters, that Endpoint must be called individually.
 - The line containing the Endpoint and Repeaters must be specifically selected in **Entry to Call**.
 - With **Call All** selected, the Gateway will not connect with any Endpoints through Repeaters.
 - This is because, when **Call All** is selected, the Gateway calls every Endpoint in the list and will connect with the first Endpoint that responds.
- When calling through a Repeater, the Gateway must first call that Repeater and establish a communication link with it prior to making contact with the Endpoint.

Access and Window Description

HT+ FREEWAVE 192.168.111.100 * MAC=00:07:E7:87:31:EB * Serial#=8860139 'admin' From 192.168.111.200 Callbook **IP Setup** Entry EndPoint 1st Repeater 2nd Repeater Serial Setup 1 0 0 0 0 Serial Setup 2 1 0 0 0 Radio Setup 0 2 0 Security 0 SNMP 3 0 0 0 Diagnostics 4 0 0 0 Users 0 5 0 0 Tools 0 6 0 0 7 0 0 0 Reboot 8 0 0 0 9 0 0 0 Entry To Call 0 🔹 Save/Apply ©2006-2014 FreeWave Technologies, Inc.

On the Radio Setup window (on page 149), click the Call Book link.

Figure 51: HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO Call Book window

Call Book window			
Control Area	Control Title	Control Description	
Entry 0 to 9	EndPoint text box	This is the serial number of the devices registered in the Call Book as Endpoints.	
Entry 0 to 9	1st Repeater text box	This is the serial number of the first repeater.	
Entry 0 to 9	2nd Repeater text box	This is the serial number of the second repeater.	
Entry to Call	Entry to Call list box	Click the list box arrow and select a single Entry to cycle through.	
	Save / Apply button	Click to save the changes made in the window.	

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12.4.1. Programming Point-To-Point Extended Call Book to Use Three or Four Repeaters

In a Point-to-Point configuration, FreeWave radios can use a maximum of four Repeaters.

Procedure

- 1. Program the Call Book with the Endpoint serial number, followed by the first two Repeaters.
- 2. On the next line enter 999-9999 as the radio to call.
- 3. When prompted for the Repeaters enter the third and fourth Repeaters in the link.

Example

This Tool Suite example table shows a Point-to-Point link where an Endpoint is called through four Repeaters.

The Gateway is calling:

- a. the Endpoint, 884-3872.
- b. through Repeater 1, 884-1234.
- c. then Repeater 2, 884-0234.
- d. then Repeater 3, 884-9456.
- e. lastly Repeater 4, 884-4567.

Entering the serial number 999-9999 in line 1 instructs the Gateway to continue calling through the Repeaters programmed on that line.

Entry	Number	Repeater 1	Repeater 2
0	a 884-3872	b 884-1234	C 884-0234
1	999-9999	d 884-9456	e 884-4567
2			
3			
4			
5			

Figure 52: Example: Tool Suite Call Book table

To call an Endpoint radio through one or more Repeaters, that Endpoint must be called individually.

- With **Call All** selected, the Gateway will not connect with any Endpoint radios through Repeaters.
- The Gateway calls every Endpoint in the list and connects with the first Endpoint that responds.
- When calling through a Repeater, the Gateway must first call that Repeater and establish a communication link with it prior to making contact with the Endpoint.

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12.4.2. Programming Point-to-MultiPoint Call Book

FreeWave Recommends: While the Call Book is an option in Point-to-MultiPoint networks, FreeWave strongly recommends using the **Network ID** feature in most applications. If a large MultiPoint network is implemented using the Call Book and a radio needs to be added or replaced in the network, each radio MUST be physically reprogrammed in the network and the new serial number entered in the radio's Call Book.

This can be a time consuming process and can cause a delay in getting the network back up and running.

In a MultiPoint network, the Endpoints and Repeaters are not listed in the Gateway's Call Book. An Endpoint MUST have the Gateway and any Repeater it is going to use in **its** Call Book.

These examples show the Call Book of a MultiPoint network comprised of a Gateway, Repeater, and Endpoint where the Endpoint can communicate either through the Repeater or directly to the Gateway:

12.4.3. MultiPoint Master Call Book (Unit Serial Number 884-1111)

Entry	Endpoint Serial Number	Repeater 1	Repeater 2
(0)	000-000		
(1)	000-0000		

Note: No serial number entries are necessary in the Gateway's Call Book.

12.4.4. MultiPoint Repeater Call Book (Unit Serial Number 884-2222)

Entry	Endpoint Serial Number	Repeater 1	Repeater 2
(0)	884-1111		
(1)	000-000		

12.4.5. MultiPoint Slave Call Book (Unit Serial Number 884-3333)

Entry	Endpoint Serial Number	Repeater 1	Repeater 2
(0)	884-1111		
(1)	884-2222		
(2)	000-0000		



Sometimes there is a need to force an Endpoint to go through a specific MultiPoint Repeater. In this scenario, the Endpoint's Call Book should contain only the serial number for that Repeater as the entry on line 0.

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12.4.6. Programming Point-to-MultiPoint Extended Call Book

In a MultiPoint network, Endpoint radios can be programmed to roam between Gateway radios and Repeaters using the **MultiPoint Extended Call Book** function.

Endpoint radios with Call Book configured similar to this example, communicates with any radio whose serial number appears in any of the three columns.

Procedure

- 1. Set the **Network ID** to **255**.
- 2. In the Call Book, enter 999-9999 as the last entry in the first and second columns.
- 3. In the Call Book, set Entry to Call to All.

Callbook			
Entry	EndPoint	1st Repeater	2nd Repeater
0	8401111	8402222	8403333
1	8404444	8405555	8406666
2	8407777	8408888	8409999
3	8401010	8401212	8401313
4	8401414	8401515	8401616
5	8401717	8401818	8401919
6	8402020	8402121	8402323
7	8402424	8402525	8402626
8	8402727	8402828	8402929
9	9999999	9999999	8403030
Entry To Call	0 🗸		
Save/Apply			

Figure 53: Call Book

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12.5. Security window

The **Security** window is used to define elements that enhance the security of the network and the data is passes. Typically, a Network Administrator addresses security parameters.

Access and Window Description

On the **Menu** bar, click **Security**.



Figure 54: HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO Security window

Security window			
Control Area	Control Title	Control Description	
RADIUS Authentication Configuration	Enable RADIUS check box	RADIUS Enable (on page 108).	
RADIUS Authentication Configuration	RADIUS IP Address text box	RADIUS IP Address (on page 109).	
RADIUS Authentication Configuration	RADIUS Port Number text box	RADIUS Port (on page 110).	

Security window			
Control Area	Control Title	Control Description	
RADIUS Authentication Configuration	Shared Secret text box	Shared Secret (on page 110).	
RADIUS Authentication Configuration	User Password text box	User Password (on page 111).	
AES Encryption	Version list box	AES Version.	
AES Encryption	Key text box	AES Encryption Key (on page 105).	
MAC Filter	MAC Filter scroll box	MAC Filter (on page 106).	
MAC Filter	MAC Filter text box	In the MAC Filter text box, enter the MAC address to add to the MAC Filter scroll box.	
MAC Filter	Add button	Click the Add button to add the MAC address entered in the MAC Filter text box.	
MAC Filter	Delete button	Click the Delete button to delete the selected MAC address from the MAC Filter scroll box.	
MAC Filter	Clear button	Click the Clear button to delete all MAC address from the MAC Filter scroll box.	
Misc	Detach Local Eth check box	Detach Local Ethernet (on page 106).	
Misc	Force SSL (https) check box	Force SSL (https) (on page 106).	
Misc	Peer to Peer check box	Peer To Peer (on page 107)	
Misc	Reboot Interval list box	Reboot Interval (on page 110)	
		Note : See Specify a Reboot Interval Schedule (on page 101).	
Customer Support Information	Syslog Dump - View Log link	Click to open the View Log window (on page 159).	
		Note : See Viewing the System Log (on page 100).	
Customer Support Information	System - Memory Information link	Click to open the Memory Information window (on page 158).	
Customer Support Information	Save / Apply button	Click to save the changes made in the window.	

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12.5.1. Memory Information window

The **System Memory Information** window is used to provide the internal memory characteristics of the device reporting.

Important!: If the **MemFree** line is less than 8000, schedule a time over the next two weeks to reboot the device to maintain both good device throughput and potential issues related to memory starvation.

Access and Window Description

On the Security window, click the Memory Information link.

Note: This window is read-only and cannot be changed.



Figure 55: System Memory Information window

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12.5.2. View Log window

The **View Log** window is used to show the system events of the HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO.

Access and Window Description

On the Security window, click the View Log link.

Note: This window is read-only and cannot be changed.

Eile Edit View Higtory Bookmarks Iools Help							- 6	X
http://192.168ajax?setTools=3 × +								
A 192 168 111 100/mi.bin/mi.aiav?setTools=3	v C	Q Search	☆	Ê	T.	♠	A -	=
			~		Ť			_
19991030T000559523Z Authentication successful for admin from 192.168.17.200								Â
19991030T003544340Z Authentication successful for admin from 192.168.17.200								
19991030T000048883Z Authentication Failed for admin from 192.168.17.200								
1999103010000510842 Authentication successful for admin from 192.168.17.200								
19991030T0000146562 Authentication successful for admin from 192,168,17,200								
19991030T0001023342 Authentication successful for admin from 192 168 111 200								
19991030T000124094Z Firmware Upgrade Initiated By admin from 192.168.111.200								
19991030T000041194Z Authentication successful for admin from 192.168.111.200								=
19991030T000124316Z User 'admin' Submitted Web Page Changes from 192.168.111.	200							
19991030T000026506Z Authentication successful for admin from 192.168.111.200								
19991030T003312226Z Firmware Upgrade Initiated By admin from 192.168.111.200								
1999103010015081942 Authentication successful for admin from 192.168.111.200								
19991030T0005170332 Firmware Opgrade initiated by admin from 192,168,111,200								
19991030T0000567557 User 'admin' Submitted Web Page Changes from 192 168 111	200							
Z								
19991030T000938138Z Firmware Upgrade Initiated By admin from 192.168.111.200								
19991030T000043788Z Authentication successful for admin from 192.168.111.200								
19991030T000100278Z User 'admin' Submitted Web Page Changes from 192.168.111.	200							

Figure 56: View Log window

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12.6. Serial Setup window

Each serial port is setup independently and configured on its own tab or Configuration Windows (on page 145). The ports can have different baud rates, parity, protocol, etc., but must match the device it is connected to. To access either port, a client needs to call the IP address of the radio plus its assigned port number.

The Serial Setup window is where the port numbers and data settings for each serial port are assigned using these parameters:

- Serial Port Mode This setting defines whether the port acts as a TCP terminal server, TCP client, UDP client, or Multicast.
- Serial Settings This setting defines data transmission settings (e.g., Baud Rate and Flow Control).
 - Set these parameters to match the device the port is connected to.

Note: See Viewing the Serial Port Status (on page 65) to view the status of each serial port.

Access and Window Description

On the Menu bar, click either Serial Setup 1 or Serial Setup 2.

Note: Serial Setup 1 MUST be configured before a Serial Setup 2.

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Figure 57: HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO Serial Setup window

Serial Setup window				
Control Area	Control Title	Control Description		
TCP Server Settings	Enable check box	TCP Server Enable (on page 75).		
TCP Server Settings	Port text box	TCP Server Port (on page 76).		
TCP Server Settings	Enable Keepalive check box	TCP Server Keep Alive (on page 76).		
TCP Server Settings	Inactivity Timeout (Seconds) check box	TCP Server Inactivity Timeout (on page 76).		
TCP Client Settings	Enable check box	TCP Client Enable (on page 74).		
TCP Client Settings	IP Address text box	TCP Client IP Address (on page 74).		
TCP Client Settings	Port text box	TCP Client Port (on page 75).		
UDP Settings	Enable check box	UDP Enable (on page 77).		
UDP Settings	UDP IP text box	UDP IP Address (on page 77).		

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12. Configuration Windows

Serial Setup window		
Control Area	Control Title	Control Description
UDP Settings	Port text box	UDP IP Port (on page 78).
MULTICAST Settings	Enable check box	Multicast Enable (on page 67).
MULTICAST Settings	Multicast IP text box	Multicast IP Address (on page 67).
MULTICAST Settings	Port text box	Multicast Port (on page 68).
Serial Settings	Baud Rate list box	Baud Rate (on page 70).
Serial Settings	Data Bits list box	Data Bits (on page 71).
Serial Settings	Parity list box	Parity (on page 73).
Serial Settings	Stop Bits list box	Stop Bits (on page 73).
Serial Settings	Flow Control list box	Flow Control (on page 71).
Serial Settings	CD Mode list box	CD Mode (on page 71).
Serial Settings	Interface list box	Interface (on page 72).
Serial Settings	Runtime Serial Setup 'U' check box	Runtime Serial Setup "U" (on page 69).
RTU Mode Timing Settings	Modbus RTU check box	Modbus RTU (on page 72).
RTU Mode Timing Settings	Pre-Packet Timeout (ms) text box	Pre-Packet and Post-Packet Timeouts (on page 68).
RTU Mode Timing Settings	Post-Packet Timeout (ms) text box	Pre-Packet and Post-Packet Timeouts (on page 68).
RTU Mode Timing Settings	Save / Apply button	Click to save the changes made in the window.

12.6.1. Serial Port Status window

The **Serial Port Status** window is used to provide the number of used sockets for each serial port.

Access and Window Description

On the Serial Setup window (on page 160), click the Serial Port Status link.

Note: This window is read-only and cannot be changed. HT+ FREEWAVE 192.168.111.100 * MAC=00:07:E7:87:31:EB * Serial#=8860139 'admin' From 192.168.111.99 Status Serial Port 1 **IP Setup** Socket 1 Status Connected to 192.168.111.99 : 52817 Serial Setup 1 Rx=0, Tx=0 Serial Setup 2 Socket 2 Status Waiting For Client To Connect On Port 7000 Radio Setup Rx=0, Tx=0 Security Socket 3 Status Waiting For Client To Connect On Port 7000 SNMP Rx=0, Tx=0 Diagnostics Socket 4 Status Waiting For Client To Connect On Port 7000 Users Rx=0, Tx=0 Tools Socket 5 Status Waiting For Client To Connect On Port 7000 Rx=0, Tx=0 Reboot Serial Port 2 Socket 1 Status UDP Mode Rx=0, Tx=0 Socket 2 Status Disabled Socket 3 Status Disabled Socket 4 Status Disabled Socket 5 Status Disabled Refresh ©2006-2014 FreeWave Technologies, Inc.

Figure 58: HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO Serial Port Status window

Important!: This example image shows both a TCP Server (**Serial Port 1**) and a UDP Multicast Server (**Serial Port 2**).

The information in this window will change depending on the connected radio and the selection made in Serial Setup window on page 160.

Serial Port Status window			
Control Area	Control Title	Control Description	
Serial Port 1	Socket 1 to 5 Status rows	These rows show the IP address and TCP connection number of the remote device bound to the socket.	

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12. Configuration Windows

Serial Port Status window			
Control Area	Control Title	Control Description	
Serial Port 1	Socket 1 Status - Rx=0, Tx=0 row	 Rx shows how many packets were received on the specific socket. 	
		 Tx shows how many packets were transmitted on the specific socket. 	
Serial Port 2	Socket 1 to 5 Status rows	These rows show the UDP and Multicast modes.	
		Note: This example image does not have a UDP Client connected. If a UDP Client were connected, the row would show the IP address and UDP connection number of the remote device bound to the socket.	
Serial Port 2	Socket 1 Status - Rx=0, Tx=0 row	 Rx shows how many packets were received on the specific socket. 	
		 Tx shows how many packets were transmitted on the specific socket. 	
	Refresh link	Click to refresh the information in the Serial Port Status window.	

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12.7. SNMP window

The **SNMP** window is used to monitor the state of the radio for conditions that may require special attention.

Access and Window Description

On the Menu bar, click SNMP.



Figure 59: HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO SNMP window

SNMP window				
Control Area	Control Title	Control Description		
SNMP Agent Configuration	SNMP Version list box	SNMP Version (on page 115).		
SNMP Agent Configuration	Read Community text box	Read Community (on page 115).		
SNMP Agent Configuration	Write Community text box	Write Community (on page 117).		
SNMP Agent Configuration	Authentication Password (v3) text box	Authentication Password (v3) (on page 113).		
SNMP Agent Configuration	Authentication Password (v3) list box	Authentication Method (on page 113).		
SNMP Agent Configuration	Privacy Password (v3) text box	Privacy Password (v3) (on page 114).		

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SNMP window				
Control Area	Control Title	Control Description		
SNMP Agent Configuration	Privacy Password (v3) list box	Privacy Method (on page 114).		
SNMP Trap Configuration	Trap Version list box	Trap Version (on page 116).		
SNMP Trap Configuration	Trap Community text box	Trap Community (on page 115).		
SNMP Trap Configuration	Min Fault Time (Seconds) list box	Min Fault Time (on page 113).		
SNMP Trap Configuration	Trap Manager 1 IP text box	Trap Manager IP (on page 116).		
SNMP Trap Configuration	Trap Manager 2 IP text box	Trap Manager IP (on page 116).		
SNMP Trap Limits	Voltage Enable check box	Voltage Alarm Enable (on page 123).		
SNMP Trap Limits	Voltage Alarm Above list box	Voltage Alarm Above (on page 122).		
SNMP Trap Limits	Voltage Alarm Below list box	Voltage Alarm Below (on page 123).		
SNMP Trap Limits	Rx% Rate Enable check box	Rx Rate Alarm Enable (on page 120).		
SNMP Trap Limits	Rx% Rate Alarm Below list box	Rx Rate Alarm Below (on page 120).		
SNMP Trap Limits	Tx% Rate Enable check box	Tx Rate Alarm Enable (on page 122).		
SNMP Trap Limits	Tx% Rate Alarm Below list box	Tx Rate Alarm Below (on page 122).		
SNMP Trap Limits	Reflected Power Enable check box	Reflected Alarm Enable (on page 120).		
SNMP Trap Limits	Reflected Power Alarm Above list box	Reflected Alarm Above (on page 119).		
SNMP Trap Limits	S-N Delta Enable check box	Delta Alarm Enable (on page 118).		
SNMP Trap Limits	S-N Delta Alarm Below list box	Delta Alarm Below (on page 118).		
SNMP Trap Limits	Signal Enable check box	Signal Alarm Enable (on page 121).		
SNMP Trap Limits	Signal Alarm Below list box	Signal Alarm Below (on page 121).		
SNMP Trap Limits	Noise Enable check box	Noise Alarm Enable (on page 119).		
SNMP Trap Limits	Noise Alarm Above list box	Noise Alarm Above (on page 119).		
SNMP Trap Limits	Save / Apply button	Click to save the changes made in the window.		

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12.8. Status window

The **Status** window is used to view the HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO PLUS Radio's status and statistics.

Access and Window Description

On the Menu bar, click Status.

Note: This is the default window when the Configuration Windows (on page 145) are opened.

FREEWAVE	192.168.111.100 * MAC=00:07:E7:82:B6:FD * Serial#=8566525 'admin' From 192.168.111.1		
Status	Hardwara Information		
IP Setup	Einen Marian	Hardware miorination	
Serial Setup 1	Firmware Version	10.00-	
Serial Setup 2	wireless version	T8.80a	
Radio Setup	Software Boot Version	3	
Security	Hardware Version	1	
SNMP	Country Code		
Diagnostics	Uptime	0 days 0 hours 13 minutes 41 seconds	
Users		RF Stats	
Tools	Connected To	0	
	Signal	0	
Reboot	Noise	0	
	Upstream signal	0	
	Upstream Noise	0	
	Voltage	10.92v	
	RX Success Rate	0.00%	
	TX Success Rate	0.00%	
	Reflected Power	0	
	Disconnect Count	0	
	Temperature	~31°C ~ 88°F	
	Distance	~0 meters or 0.0 miles	
		Packet Stats	
	Received	0 packets - 0 Bytes	
	Packets Sent	45 packets - 8140 Bytes	
	Packets Dropped	353	
	RF Packets Skipped	0	
	RF Buffer Overflow Skip	0	
	Bad Packets	0	
	Un-Ackd Packets	0 (0.00%)	
	Broadcast Packets	0 (0.00%)	
	Radio Addressed Packets	3 (6.67%)	
	Radio Parse Error	0	
	RX Throughput	0.00 kbps - 0.00 avg/min	
	TX Throughput	0.00 kbps - 0.00 avg/min	
		Reset	
		Site Information	
	Site Name		
	Site Contact		
	System Name		
	Notes	j	
	Auto Refresh Page 🔳		

Figure 60: HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO Status window

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12. Configuration Windows

Status window			
Control Area	Control Title	Control Description	
Hardware Information	Firmware Version text box	Firmware Version (on page 126).	
Hardware Information	Wireless Version text box	Wireless Version (on page 130).	
Hardware Information	Software Boot Version text box	Software Boot Version (on page 128).	
Hardware Information	Hardware Version text box	Hardware Version (on page 126).	
Hardware Information	Country Code text box	Note : This is a read-only field used by FreeWave Customer Support.	
Hardware Information	Uptime text box	Uptime (on page 129).	
RF Stats	Last Connected To text box	Identifies the last upstream the HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO device was connected to.	
RF Stats	Connected To text box	Connected To (on page 125).	
RF Stats	Signal text box	Signal (on page 128).	
RF Stats	Noise text box	Noise (on page 126).	
RF Stats	Upstream Signal text box	Upstream Signal (on page 129).	
RF Stats	Upstream Noise text box	Upstream Noise (on page 129).	
RF Stats	Voltage text box	Voltage (on page 130).	
RF Stats	RX Success Rate text box	RX Success Rate (on page 127).	
RF Stats	TX Success Rate text box	TX Success Rate (on page 128).	
RF Stats	Reflected Power text box	Reflected Power (on page 127).	
RF Stats	Disconnect Count text box	Disconnect Count (on page 125).	
RF Stats	Temperature text box	Temperature (on page 128).	
RF Stats	Distance text boxes	Distance (on page 126).	
Packet Stats	Received text box	Received (on page 127).	
Packet Stats	Packets Sent text box	Packets Sent (on page 127).	

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Status window			
Control Area	Control Title	Control Description	
Packet Stats	Packets Dropped text box	Packets Dropped (on page 126).	
Packet Stats	RF Packets Skipped text box	This shows the duplicate packets received.	
Packet Stats	RF Buffer Overflow Skip text box	This shows the packets dropped due to the RX buffer overflow.	
Packet Stats	Bad Packet text box	Bad Packets (on page 125).	
Packet Stats	Un-Ackd Packets text box	Un-Acked Packets (on page 129).	
Packet Stats	Broadcast Packets text box	Broadcast Packets (on page 125).	
Packet Stats	Radio Addressed Packets text box	Radio Addressed Packets (on page 127).	
Packet Stats	Peer to Peer Packets text box	Peer to Peer Packets (on page 127).	
Packet Stats	Radio Parse Error text box	Radio Parse Error (on page 127).	
Packet Stats	RX Throughput text box	RX Throughput (on page 128).	
Packet Stats	TX Throughput text box	TX Throughput (on page 129).	
Packet Stats	RX RF Usage text box	RX Success Rate (on page 127).	
Packet Stats	TX RF Usage text box	TX Success Rate (on page 128).	
Packet Stats	Reset button	Click to manually refresh the information in the Status window.	
Site Information	Site Name text box	Site Name (on page 128).	
Site Information	Site Contact text box	Site Contact (on page 128).	
Site Information	System Name text box	System Name (on page 128).	
Site Information	Notes text box	Notes (on page 126).	
Site Information	Auto Refresh Page check box	Select to automatically refresh the information in the Status window.	

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12.9. Tools window

The Tools window is used to edit of the Site Information and for software upgrades.

Note: The **Change Site Information** area is used for user-identified information only and does NOT have any impact on the HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO usage.

Access and Window Description

On the **Menu** bar, click **Tools**.



Figure 61: HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO Tools window

Tools window		
Control Area	Control Title	Control Description
Change Site Information	Site Name text box	Site Name (on page 128).
Change Site Information	Site Contact text box	Site Contact (on page 128).
Change Site Information	System Name text box	System Name (on page 128).
Change Site Information	Notes text box	Notes (on page 126).
Change Site Information	Change Site Information button	Click the Change Site Information button to save the information in the Change Site Information area.

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Tools window		
Control Area	Control Title	Control Description
Global Change Capability	ENABLE Global Change Functionality button	Click the ENABLE Global Change Functionality button to push configuration changes throughout the network.
		Note : Contact FreeWave Technical Support about using this feature.
TFTP Firmware Upgrade	Address of TFTP Server text box	Enter the IP address of the computer the TFTP Server is installed on.
TFTP Firmware Upgrade	File Name text box	Enter the exact name of the software upgrade file saved in the Root directory on the computer in Configuring the TFTP Server (on page 42).
TFTP Firmware Upgrade	Upgrade Firmware button	Click to retrieves the software file from the TFTP Server.
TFTP Firmware Upgrade	Global Firmware Upgrade button	Click to upgrade the software to all connected HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO PLUS Radios of the same type.

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12.10. Users window

The **Users** window is used to control access and privileges to the HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO device.

Access and Window Description

On the Menu bar, click Users.



Figure 62: HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO Users window

Users window		
Control Area	Control Title	Control Description
User Accounts	Level - admin text box	The default setting is always 0 (zero).
		Note : This control is read-only and cannot be changed.
User Accounts	Level - guest list box	Click the list box arrow and select the Group Level Rights this user is assigned. to.
User Accounts	Add User link	Click to open the Add User window (on page 173).
Edit Group Level Rights	Level 123	These levels define the authorization and privileges the user is assigned and allowed.

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Users window		
Control Area	Control Title	Control Description
Edit Group Level Rights	IP Setup list boxes Serial Setup list boxes Radio Setup list boxes Security list boxes SNMP list boxes Tools list boxes	 Click the list box arrow and select one of these options to define the authorization and privileges the user has to view the Configuration Windows: No Access - This assignment blocks the user from viewing the designated Configuration Windows. Read Only - This assignment allows the user to read only from the designated Configuration Windows. No changes are allowed with this assignment. Read / Write - This assignment allows the user to read and write the information on the designated Configuration Windows.
Edit Group Level Rights	RMS list box	Note : As of v3.01, this setting is not used.
Edit Group Level Rights	Save / Apply button	Click to save the changes made in the window.

12.10.1. Add User window

The Add User window is used to add a new user to the HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO.

Access and Window Description

On the Users window, click the Add User link.



Figure 63: HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO Add User window

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Add User window		
Control Title	Control Description	
User Name text box	Enter the new user's name.	
	This text box has these restrictions:	
	Lower case characters.	
	No numbers.	
	Maximum of 10 characters.	
User Level list box	Click the list box arrow and select either 1, 2, or 3 as defined in the Users window (on page 172).	
Password text box	Enter the new user's password.	
Confirm New Password text box	Re-enter the new user's password.	
Add User button	Click to add the new user to the radio.	

12.10.2. Change Password window

The **Change Password** window is used to change the password of a user.

Access and Window Description

On the Users window, click the end of the user to change the password for.

FREEWAVE Status	192.168.111.100 * MAC=00:07:E7:87:31:EB * Sei 'admin' From 192.168.111.99
IP Setup	Confirm Password:
Serial Setup 1	Confirm Password:
Serial Setup 2	Change Password
Radio Setup	guest 🦉 🔨 3 🗸
Security	Add User

Figure 64: HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO Change Password window

Change Password window		
Control Title	Control Description	
Confirm Password text boxes	1. In the first Confirm Password text box, enter the user's new password.	
	 In the second Confirm Password text box, re-enter the user's new password. 	

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13. Release Notes: HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO PLUS Radios

These sections describe the updates and known limitations in each software version for the HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO PLUS Radios. The most recent version is listed first.

Important!: Radios running versions 2.26 through 2.29 MUST upgrade to version 2.34.

The latest software versions and the most recent list of known limitations and workarounds are available on www.freewave.com.

13.1. Version 3.13

Release Date: August 2016

PLUS Software 3.13 is released for HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO PLUS Radios.

In the Security window (on page 156), in the **Miscellaneous** area, a new **Reboot Interval** list box option has been added.

- By default, the **Reboot Interval** is **Disabled**.
 - If **Disabled** is selected, the PLUS Radio will operate without automatically rebooting.
- When an interval (e.g., **1 Hour**, **1 Day**, **30 Days**) is selected, the scheduler automatically reboots the PLUS Radio when the reboot interval expires.

Note: See Specify a Reboot Interval Schedule (on page 101) to use this feature.

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13. Release Notes: HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO PLUS Radios



Figure 65: Security window - Reboot Interval list box

13.2. Version 3.11

Release Date: June 2016

PLUS Software 3.11 is released for HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO PLUS Radios to correct the non-locked Frequency Zones.

• If any Frequency Zones are locked or restricted based on Model Number, v3.11 correctly displays the Frequency Zones that are locked and not available for setting or clearing.

13.3. Version 3.05

Release Date: May 2015

PLUS Software 3.05 is released for HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO PLUS Radios to address the so-called 45-day lock-up issue experienced by several users.

- This issue appears as a lock-up of the radio, requiring a reboot, on a periodic basis.
 - This lock-up is caused by a memory register that overfills and corrupts nearby data.
- Units that are installed in different applications and with different equipment than the units that sparked this investigation, may experience the same issue, but with different time scales.

Note: This version becomes the default version of firmware and is backward compatible with all supported previous versions.

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13.4. Version 3.01

Release Date: January 2015

PLUS Software 3.01 is released for the HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO PLUS Radios to correct a number of software issues.

Additions and Changes

- Radios running version 3.01 are now compatible with **Discovery Server**.
- IP Multicast traffic originating from the Endpoint side of the network is now fully propagated over-the-air to the Gateway side of the network.
- When using UDP functions (e.g., **Multicast** or **Discovery Server**), a valid **Default Gateway** MUST be set.
- When using UDP Unicast, a behavior change has been introduced.
 - Prior to v3.01, the Gateway would send to the last device that sent it data regardless of what IP address was defined in the **Serial Setup** window, **UDP IP** text box.
 - Now, in v3.01, the Gateway will only send to the device IP address listed in the UDP IP text box.

Known Limitations and Workarounds

• With VLANs and some other specific configurations, TCP/IP traffic can periodically time out over links unless the **MTU** parameter is adjusted to be lower than the 1500 byte default value, with the networks also adjusted accordingly.

FreeWave Recommends: Start with 1496 bytes in this scenario.

- If the network includes Repeaters, the **Repeaters** parameter settings must be set to Enabled for ALL radios, not just the Gateway.
 - Setting only on the Gateway can result in packet loss.



Warning! Set the **Repeaters** parameter to **Enabled** on ALL radios in the network **before** upgrading to v3.01.

Doing so after the upgrade is complete can still result in packet loss.

Multicast port CANNOT be changed using the Configuration Windows.

• Use the serial interface to change this parameter.

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13.4.1. Warning: Extreme Set-Up Parameters

Important!: As of release Version 3.05 (on page 176), this parameter setup has been addressed. The 30 day reboot recommendation is no longer in effect.

If the following Set-Up parameters are used, a reboot of the network is recommended every 30 days

IP Setup

IP Setup		
Parameter	Setting	
Spanning Tree	Enabled	
MTU	1498	
VLANs	Enabled	
NTP	Enabled	
Syslog	Enabled	

Serial Setup

Serial Setup		
Parameter	Setting	
TCP Server	Disabled	
TCP Client	Disabled	
UDP	Disabled	
Multicast	Disabled	
Runtime Serial Setup 'U'	Enabled	
Modbus RTU	Disabled	

Security Setup

Security Setup	
Parameter	Setting
RADIUS	Enabled
Peer to Peer	Disabled

SNMP Setup

SNMP Setup	
Parameter	Setting
SNMP Agent	Enabled
SNMP Trap	Enabled

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13.4.2. ERRATA Information

- When upgrading from v2.22, the **Power Up Dest. IP & Port** text boxes were replaced with the **UDP IP & Port** text boxes in v3.01.
- When upgrading from v2.34, the **Power-Up / mcast IP & Port** text boxes were replaced with the **UDP IP & Port** text boxes in v3.01.

Important!: Contact FreeWave Technical Support for assistance with the **Alarm** and **Drop Link** features.

These features have changed significantly from v2.22 and v2.34 to v3.01.

Using the serial ports as **Alarm Clients**, these parameters were hidden from the v3.01 **Serial Setup** window:

- Enable Alarm check box (v2.22 only)
- Alarm IP & Port text boxes (v2.22 only)
- Utilize For Alarm check box (v2.34 only)
- Alarm Retry Limit (Attempts) text box
- Maintain / Drop Link check box

If the HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO device is configured as an Alarm Client and

- it is sending the alarms to another device acting as a Terminal Server and
 - if the Maintain Link is enabled (cleared check box in v2.22 and v2.34) then
 - the Client will open multiple sockets on the Terminal Server.
- ALL of the multiple sockets will remain open.

Warning! The Terminal Server in v3.01 is limited to five (5) sockets. These sockets will quickly become full.

Additional alarms from the Alarm Client to the Terminal Server will **NOT** be heard. Return messages from the Terminal Server to the Alarm Client will **NOT** be heard.

13.4.3. Specific Upgrade Notes for the Serial Setup window

Upgrading from v2.22 to v3.01

STOP

- TCP Server Settings (i.e., the Enabled check box is checked) is enabled on both ports regardless of what setting was enabled in the v2.22 Mode list box.
 - The **Mode** list box does not exist in v3.01.

FreeWave Recommends: Disable (clear the TCP Servers Enable check box) if a different Mode was used in v2.22.

- In v2.22, the Local IP Port setting in the UDP Settings area is now in the UDP Settings area as the Port text box in v3.01.
- The v2.22 Power Up Dest. IP & Port text boxes and their values are NOT transferred to v3.01.

Note: Settings established in previous versions are lost when upgrading to v3.01.

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Important!: If using the **UPD Unicast** mode, the user must re-program the **UDP** settings in ALL appropriate HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO devices.

Upgrading from v2.34 to v3.01

• If a port is configured for **Multicast** only in v2.34 then, after upgrade to v3.01, it is set to **UDP** mode AND **Multicast** mode (i.e., their respective **Enable** check box is checked).

FreeWave Recommends: Disable (clear the **Enable** check box) for the mode NOT in the network.

- In v2.34, the Local UDP Port setting in the UDP/MULTICAST Settings area is now in the UDP Settings area as the Port text box in v3.01.
- The Power-Up / mcast IP & Port text boxes and their values in v2.34 are NOT transferred to v3.01.

Note: Settings established in previous versions are lost when upgrading to v3.01.

- In v2.34, the **UDP** and **Multicast** settings were combined.
 - In v3.01, the **Multicast IP and Port** settings are in their own area of the **Serial Setup** window.
 - When upgrading from v2.34, the user's previous Multicast settings are replaced with the FreeWave defaults.

13.5. Version 2.34

Release Date: October 2014

PLUS Software 2.34 is released for HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO radios to correct a number of software issues.

Note: The critical bug fix is the RF Link Lock issue seen in some networks.

Additions and Changes

These are the issues corrected in PLUS Software 2.34:

- PLUS Ethernet Gateway radios (HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO radios) locking up after 30 to 75 days.
- Global software upgrade causes radio to be non-functional.
- Default PLUS settings leave radio in a transmitting mode.

Known Limitations and Workarounds

- Radios running version 2.34 are not compatible with Discovery Server.
 - Use the serial setup to obtain IP addresses.
- If your network includes Repeaters, the **Repeaters** parameter in the Radio Setup settings must be set to **Enabled** for **all** radios, not just the Gateway. Setting only on the Gateway can result in packet loss.

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Warning! Set the **Repeaters** parameter to **Enabled** on all radios in the network **before** upgrading to 2.34.

Doing so after the upgrade is complete can still result in packet loss.

- IP Multicast traffic originating from the Endpoint side of the network is not fully and properly propagated over-the-air to the Gateway side of the network.
 - Multicast traffic from the Gateway side of the network **is** properly propagated over-the-air to the Endpoint side of the network.
 - Therefore, the Multicast functionality for the terminal server is broken for any Endpoint/Repeater where you need to send responses to the serial link on the Gateway radio's terminal server.
- With VLANs and some other specific configurations, TCP/IP traffic can periodically time out over links unless the **MTU** parameter is adjusted to be lower than the **1500 byte** default value, with the networks also adjusted accordingly.

FreeWave Recommends: Start with 1400 bytes in this scenario.

• Modem Stats require a radio link to be accurate.

Note: Local Diagnostics are NOT supported.

- IP addresses throughout the configuration Web pages allow entries higher than 255.
 - Take care when entering IP addresses to ensure they are accurate.
- Special characters such as: &, =, +, %, < or > should NOT ot be used in any free text field in the configuration Web pages or Tool Suite.
- Time stamps included in SYSLOG messages appear in Unix time format.
 - In addition, with **NTP Client** enabled, the time shown in the configuration Web page status is in Unix time format and reported as GMT.
- Changing the MAC address filter using the global change functionality at the Gateway does not change the MAC address filter list in the Endpoints.
- Changing the **Transmit Rate** parameter using the terminal interface accessed through the serial port does not change the setting's value.
- Serial Port 2 does not maintain the correct setting for the **Runtime Serial Setup** parameter.

13.6. Version 2.22

Release Date: April 2011

Additions and Changes

- Added NTP options to the web server and the config server.
- Added logging to local file and to remote syslog server.
- Added ability to view log in separate window to the Security page.
- Added logging reboot messages.
- Changed the Program Radio function to program all zones to 0xFFFF if in mode 3 or 7.

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- Added the Users page for user-level and password management.
- Moved the Password Manager to the Users page.
- Added the global Save/Apply functionality to IP, Serial, Radio, Security, SNMP, and Users pages.
- Added global Enable/Disable button to Tools page.
- Added one second timeout to slaves during global upgrade to minimize rewind requests for packets that were already in the masters Tx buffer.

Additional Notes

FreeWave now supports only these versions:

SSLv3 256 bits AES256-SHA	TLSv1 256 bits AES256-SHA
SSLv3 128 bits AES128-SHA	TLSv1 128 bits AES128-SHA
SSLv3 168 bits DES-CBC3-SHA	TLSv1 168 bits DES-CBC3-SHA
SSLv3 128 bits RC4-SHA	TLSv1 128 bits RC4-SHA
SSLv3 128 bits RC4-MD5	TLSv1 128 bits RC4-MD5



With the addition of the **Users** page, you can now define who can edit the settings on the radio. Setting users up on this page can affect whether they can save settings through Tool Suite and the Web pages.

Known Limitations and Workarounds

- Modem Stats require a radio link to be accurate.
- Master Tx Beacon is not supported on a setting higher than 1 in Multipoint networks with Repeaters.

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Appendix A: HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEOPLUS Radio Factory Default Settings

HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO PLUS Radio Factory Default Settings		
Parameter	Setting	
Serial Setup (1 and 2) Parameter		
Mode	TCP Server	
TCP Server Port	Setup 1: 7000	
	Setup 2: 7001	
TCP Server Alarm	Disabled	
TCP Server Alarm IP & Port	Setup 1: 0.0.0.0 : 8000	
	Setup 2: 0.0.0.0 : 8001	
TCP Server Maintain / Drop Link	Disabled	
TCP Server Alarm Retry Limit	0	
(Attempts)		
TCP Server Inactivity Timeout (Seconds)	0	
TCP Client IP Address & Port	Setup 1: 0.0.0.0 : 9000	
	Setup 2: 0.0.0.0 : 9001	
UDP Local IP Port	Setup 1: 6000	
	Setup 2: 6001	

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HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO PLUS Radio Factory Default Settings			
Parameter	Setting		
UDP Power Up Dest. IP & Port	0.0.0.0:0		
	Setup 1: 0.0.0.0 : 0 : 6000		
	Setup 2: 0.0.0.0 : 0 : 6001		
Multicast Address & Port	Setup 1: 225.0.0.38 : 11111		
	Setup 2: 225.0.0.38 : 22222		
Baud Rate	19200		
Data Bits	8		
Parity	None		
Stop Bits	1		
Flow Control	None		
CD Mode	Normal		
Interface	RS232		
Modbus RTU	Enabled		
IP Setup Parameter			
IP Address	192.168.111.100		
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0		
Default Gateway	192.168.111.1		
Web Page Port	80		
Spanning Tree	Disabled		
Mode	Disabled		
IP Address (VLAN Configuration)	192.168.111.100		
Management VLAN ID	0		
Data VLAN ID	0		
NTP Client Enable	Disabled		
NTP Client IP Address	0.0.0.0		
Syslog Server Push To Server	Disabled		
Syslog Server 1	0.0.0.0		
Syslog Server 2	0.0.0.0		
Radio Setup Parameter			
Network Type	Point-to-Point in software earlier than 2.30		
	Point-to-MultiPoint in software 2.30 and later		
Modem Mode	Gateway in software earlier than 2.30		
	MultiPoint Endpoint in software 2.30 and later		

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HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO PLUS Radio Factory Default Settings			
Parameter	Setting		
Frequency Key	5		
Zones	All enabled		
Max Packet Size	9		
Min Packet Size	1		
Transmit Power	10		
Retry Timeout	255		
RF Data Rate	867 kbps		
Long Distance	Disabled		
Point-to-Point Parameter			
Transmit Rate	Normal		
MultiPoint Parameter			
Addressed Repeat	3		
Broadcast Repeat	3		
Slave Connect Odds	9 / Try Forever		
Master Tx Beacon	9		
Network ID	255 in software earlier than 2.30		
	1 in software 2.30 and later		
Repeaters	Disabled		
Subnet ID (RX)	F		
Subnet ID (TX)	F in software earlier than 2.30		
	0 in software 2.30 and later		
Security Parameter			
Enable RADIUS	Disabled		
RADIUS IP Address	Blank		
RADIUS Port Number	1812		
Shared Secret	Blank		
User-Password	Blank		
AES Encryption Key	Blank		
MAC Filter	Blank		
Detach Local Eth	Disabled		
Force SSL (https)	Disabled		
Peer to Peer	Enabled		
SNMP Parameter			
SNMP Version	Disabled		

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HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO PLUS Radio Factory Default Settings			
Parameter	Setting		
Read Community	Public		
Write Community	Private		
Authentication Password (v3)	Blank / MD5		
Privacy Password (v3)	Blank / AES		
Trap Version	Disabled		
Trap Community	Blank / Private		
Min Fault Time	300		
Trap Manager1 IP	Blank		
Trap Manager2 IP	Blank		
Voltage	Alarm Above: 30		
	Alarm Below: 6		
Rx % Rate	Alarm Below: 90		
Tx % Rate	Alarm Below: 90		
Reflected Power	Alarm Above: 2		
S-N Delta	Alarm Below: 30		
Signal	Alarm Below: - 90		
Noise	Alarm Above: - 90		
Users Parameter			
User Accounts	admin (permanent)		
	guest		
User Account Level	admin: 0 (permanent)		
	guest: 3		
Edit Group Level Rights			
IP Setup	Level 1: Read Only		
	Level 2: Read Only		
	Level 3: Read Only		
Serial Setup	Level 1: Read Only		
	Level 2: Read Only		
Radio Setup	Level 1: Read Only		
	LEVEL J. REAU UTILY		

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HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO PLUS Radio Factory Default Settings		
Parameter	Setting	
Security	Level 1: No Access	
	Level 2: No Access	
	Level 3: No Access	
SNMP	Level 1: Read Only	
	Level 2: Read Only	
	Level 3: Read Only	
RMA	Level 1: Read Only	
	Level 2: Read Only	
	Level 3: Read Only	
Tools	Level 1: No Access	
	Level 2: No Access	
	Level 3: No Access	
Tools Parameter		
Site Name	Blank	
Site Contact	Blank	
System Name	Blank	
Notes	Blank	
Global Change Capability	Disabled	
Address of TFTP Server	Blank	
File Name	Blank	

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Appendix B: HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO Specifications

Specifications may change at any time without notice. For the most up-to-date specifications information, see the product's data sheet available at <u>www.freewave.com</u>.

HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO Technical Specifications		
Specification	Description	
Frequency Range for:		
• HTP-900RE	902 to 928 MHz (FHSS)	
• HTP-900SEO		
Frequency Range for:		
• HTP-900RE-SR004	Configured to limit frequencies to 916 to 928 MHz (FHSS)	
• HTP-900SEO-SR004		
Transmitter		
Output Power	5mW - 850mW	
Range—Line-of-Sight	10 to 15 Miles & up to 30 miles at lower bandwidth	
Modulation	2 level GFSK	
Occupied Bandwidth	611.2 khz	
Hopping Patterns	15 per band, 105 user selectable	
Hopping Channels	41	
Hopping Bands	7, user-selectable	
Frequency Zones	16 zones, 2-3 channels per zone	

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HTP-900RE and HTP-900SEO Technical Specifications				
Specification	Description	Description		
RF Connector	TNC			
Receiver				
Sopoitivity	-102 dBm for 10 ⁻⁴ b	it error rate at 6	14 Kbps	
Sensitivity	-96 dBm for 10 ⁻⁴ bit	error rate at 86	7 Kbps	
System Gain	129 dB			
Data Transmission				
Error Detection	32 Bit CRC, retrans	smit on error		
Data Encryption	128-bit AES encryp	tion and proprie	etary Spread Spec	trum Technology
Authentication	RADIUS	RADIUS		
Data Interface	Ethernet			
Protocol	Ethernet: IEEE 802.3 TCP/IP, DHCP, ICMP, UDP, ARP, Multicast, TCP			
Data Connector	Ethernet:10/100 Ba	ase T, Auto Cro	ssover and 2x Se	rial DB9
Power Requirements				
Operating Voltage	+6.0 to +30.0 VDC			
	Mode	+6 VDC	+12 VDC	+30 VDC
Typical Current	Transmit	1.1 A	550 mA	220 mA
Typical Current	Receive	252 mA	150 mA	63 mA
	Idle 140 mA 71 mA 32 mA			
General Information	ion			
Operating Temperature	-40° C to +60° C			
Dimensions	165 L x 74 W x 59 H (mm)			
Weight	Enclosed: 427 g Board Level: 138 g			
Humidity	0 to 95% non-condensing			

* Contact FreeWave for implementation details.

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0 o . ġ ∢ reeWave 2.925n 74.30mm 03 80 05 80 2255 5.812h 5.600m Topped holes: 440 freed, 150 deep, U ΠU UIN 574n [14.50mm] ٥ o

Appendix C: Mechanical Drawing

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Appendix D: Object List for FREEWAVE-TECHNOLOGIES-MIB

Object List for FREEWAVE-TECHNOLOGIES-MIB			
Object	Description	Access	Syntax
fwtPlusModemIndex	An index used to identify a specific radio modem within the system.	Not Accessible	Unsigned32
fwtPlusModemSignal	The received signal level for this radio modem, in dBm.	Read Only	Integer 32
fwtPlusModemNoise	The detected noise for this radio modem, in dBm.	Read Only	Integer 32
fwtPlusModemSupplyVoltage	The supply voltage to this radio modem, in units of one hundredth of a volt.	Read Only	Hundredth
fwtPlusModemRxRate	The current receive rate as a percentage of the maximum, in units of one hundredth of a percent.	Read Only	Hundredth
fwtPlusModemReflectedPower	The current amount of reflected RF power.	Read Only	Unsigned32
fwtModemTemperature	The current temperature of this radio modem in degrees Celsius.	Read Only	Integer 32

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Object List for FREEWAVE-TECHNOLOGIES-MIB			
Object	Description	Access	Syntax
fwtPlusModemRange	The current approximate range of this radio modem from its peer, in meters.	Read Only	Unsigned32
fwtPlusModemTxRate	The current transmit rate as a percentage of the maximum, in units of one hundredth of a percent.	Read Only	Hundredth
fwtPlusModemSNDelta	The current margin (absolute) between the received signal and the noise at this radio.	Read Only	Integer32
fwtPlusModemVendorString	The name of the vendor of this radio modem.	Read Only	DisplayString
fwtPlusModemConnectedTo	The serial number of the radio that we currently have an RF link with.	Read Only	Integer32
fwtPlusModemUpstreamSignal	The received signal level that the upstream radio receives from this radio, in dBm.	Read Only	Integer32
fwtPlusModemUpstreamNoise	The Noise level that the upstream radio receives from this radio, in dBm.	Read Only	Integer32
fwtPlusModemDisconnectCount	The Number of times this radio has lost its RF link.	Read Only	Unsigned32
fwtPlusModemPacketRxCount	The Number of Ethernet packets the radio has received over its RF link.	Read Only	Unsigned32
fwtPlusModemPacketTxCount	The Number of Ethernet packets the radio has sent over its RF link.	Read Only	Unsigned32
fwtPlusModemDroppedCount	The Number of Ethernet packets the radio has dropped	Read Only	Unsigned32

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Object List for FREEWAVE-TECHNOLOGIES-MIB			
Object	Description	Access	Syntax
fwtPlusModemBadCount	The Number of BAD/corrupt Ethernet packets the radio has received over its RF link.	Read Only	Unsigned32
fwtPlusModemNetworkMode	The network mode to be used by a radio modem.	Read/Write	INTEGER {pointToPoint (1), Multipoint (2)}
fwtPlusModemMode	The modem mode to be used by a radio modem.	Read/Write	INTEGER {gateway (1), repeater (2), endpoint (3)}
fwtPlusModemFrequencyKey	The frequency key to be used by a radio modem.	Read/Write	Unsigned32 (014)
fwtPlusModemMinPacketSize	The minimum packet size to be used by a radio modem.	Read/Write	Unsigned32 (09)
fwtPlusModemMaxPacketSize	The maximum packet size to be used by a radio modem.	Read/Write	Unsigned32 (09)
fwtPlusModemTxPower	The transmit power to be used by a radio modem.	Read/Write	Unsigned32 (010)
fwtPlusModemRetryTimeout	How many times a radio modem should try to transmit a packet before timing out.	Read/Write	Unsigned32 (0255)
fwtPlusModemRFDataRate	The RF data rate to be used by a radio modem. Permissible values are 1200,867,614,154,115 depending on the radio series radios.	Read/Write	Unsigned32
fwtPlusModemBroadcastRepeat	The number of times a Gateway will send out a packet of information before moving on to the next.	Read/Write	Unsigned32 (09)
fwtPlusModemNetworkID	A numerical ID that radios use to decide which network they are allowed to link to.	Read/Write	Unsigned32 (04095)

Object List for FREEWAVE-TECHNOLOGIES-MIB			
Object	Description	Access	Syntax
fwtPlusModemRepeaters	Allows for repeaters in the network, or not.	Read/Write	INTEGER {enabled (1), disabled (2)}
fwtPlusModemRxSubnetID	A numerical ID that radios use to decide which subnet they are allowed to link to.	Read/Write	Unsigned32 (015)
fwtPlusModemTxSubnetID	A numerical ID that radios use to decide which subnet they will transmit on.	Read/Write	Unsigned32 (015)
fwtPlusModemReboot	Set to 1 to reboot radio. This will force any changes to take effect.	Read/Write	INTEGER (01)
fwtPlusModemMaxSlaveRetry	The maximum number of times an Endpoint can attempt to deliver data to the Gateway before it discards the data.	Read/Write	Unsigned32 (09)
fwtPlusModemSystemName	A textual identifier for a given system.	Read/Write	DisplayString (SIZE (032))
fwtPlusModemFreqZoneIndex	An index used to identify a specific frequency zone for a specific radio modem.	Not Accessible	Unsigned32
fwtPlusModemFreqZoneDescr	A textual description of a specific frequency zone for a specific radio modem.	Read Only	DisplayString
fwtPlusModemFreqZoneEnabled	If the value of this object is true(1) then the referenced frequency zone is enabled for the relevant radio modem; if the value of this object is false(2), then the frequency zone is disabled.	Read/Write	TruthValue

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Group Object List for FREEWAVE-TECHNOLOGIES-MIB

Group Object List for FREEWAVE-TECHNOLOGIES-MIB				
Group Object	Description	Objects		
fwtPlusModemSupplyVoltageBad	This notification is generated when the supply voltage for a radio modem goes out of specification.	fwtPlusModemSupplyVoltage		
		fwtPlusModemVendorString		
		fwtPlusModemSystemName		
fwtPlusModemRxRateBad	This notification is generated when the receive rate for a radio modem goes out of specification.	fwtPlusModemRxRate		
		fwtPlusModemVendorString		
		fwtPlusModemSystemName		
fwtPlusModemTxRateBad	This notification is generated when the transmit rate for a radio modem goes out of specification.	fwtPlusModemTxRate		
		fwtPlusModemVendorString		
		fwtPlusModemSystemName		
fwtPlusModemReflectedPowerBad	This notification is generated when the reflected power for a radio modem goes out of specification.	fwtPlusModemReflectedPower		
		fwtPlusModemVendorString		
		fwtPlusModemSystemName		
fwtPlusModemSNDeltaBad	This notification is generated when the Signal to Noise delta for a radio modem goes out of specification.	fwtPlusModemSNDelta		
		fwtPlusModemVendorString		
		fwtPlusModemSystemName		

Group Object List for FREEWAVE-TECHNOLOGIES-MIB				
Group Object	Description	Objects		
fwtPlusModemSignalBad	This notification is generated when the Signal to Noise delta for a radio modem goes out of specification.	fwtPlusModemSNDelta fwtPlusModemVendorString fwtPlusModemSystemName		
fwtPlusModemNoiseBad	This notification is generated when the Noise for a radio modem goes out of specification.	fwtPlusModemNoise fwtPlusModemVendorString fwtPlusModemSystemName		

Group Object List for FREEWAVE-TECHNOLOGIES-MIB			
Group Object	Description	Objects	
fwtPlusModemStatusGroup	A collection of objects concerned with the current status of a radio modem.	fwtPlusModemSignal	
		fwtPlusModemNoise	
		fwtPlusModemSupplyVoltage	
		fwtPlusModemRxRate	
		fwtPlusModemReflectedPower	
		fwtPlusModemTemperature	
		fwtPlusModemRange	
		fwtPlusModemTxRate	
		fwtPlusModemSNDelta	
		fwtPlusModemVendorString	
		fwtPlusModemConnectedTo	
		fwtPlusModemUpstreamSignal	
		fwtPlusModemUpstreamNoise	
		fwtPlusModemDisconnectCount	
		fwtPlusModemPacketRxCount	
		fwtPlusModemPacketTxCount	
		fwtPlusModemPacketDroppedCount	
		fwtPlusModemPacketBadCount	

Appendix D: Ob	ject List for FREEWAVE-TECHNOLOGIES-MIB
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Group Object List for FREEWAVE-TECHNOLOGIES-MIB				
Group Object	Description	Objects		
fwtPlusModemControlGroup	A collection of objects concerned with the current status of	fwtPlusModemNetworkMode		
	a radio modem.	fwtPlusModemMode		
		fwtPlusModemFrequencyKey		
		fwtPlusModemMinPacketSize		
		fwtPlusModemMaxPacketSize		
		fwtPlusModemTxPower		
		fwtPlusModemRetryTimeout		
		fwtPlusModemRFDataRate		
		fwtPlusModemBroadcastRepeat		
		fwtPlusModemNetworkID		
		fwtPlusModemRepeaters		
		fwtPlusModemRxSubnetID		
		fwtPlusModemTxSubnetID		
		fwtPlusModemReboot		
		fwtPlusModemMaxSlaveRetry		
		fwtPlusModemSystemName		
		fwtPlusModemFreqZoneDescr		
		fwtPlusModemFreqZoneEnabled		

